THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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ATLANTA MAY GET IT.

THE PROPOSED SOUTHERN FEDERAL PENITENTIARY

TO BE REPORTED ON FAVORABLY

The Men Who Dodged Silcott Anxious to Get Their Money Through the Votes of Other Men—Blaine Very Ill.

WASHINGTON, January 16.—[Special.]—It is beginning to look like Atlanta is to have a $500,000 federal penitentiary. Today the judiciary committee decided upon a favorable report on the bill recently introduced by Mr. Stewart for the establishment of two national penitentiaries, one to be located north of the 39th degree of latitude, and the other south of it. The bill appropriated $500,000 for each building, and $100,000 additional for machinery and implements. The report has been prepared, and will be made to the house tomorrow. The chief necessity for these prisons is on account of southern prisoners being unable to stand the cold climate at Albany. Incorporated in the report are extracts from the reports of Attorney-General Garland last year, and Attorney-General Miller this year, in which the construction of such penitentiaries is recommended. In the bill the location of the sites are left blank, but it is generally understood by members of the committee that Atlanta is to have the southern one. Indeed, Judge Culberson, of Texas, chairmain of the committee in the last house, and a member at present, says:

"It is agreed in the committee that Atlanta is entitled to it, if for no other reason than on account of Judge Stewart's labors in pushing the bill."

He also thinks Atlanta a good location on account of the number of prisoners sentenced from Georgia and neighboring states.

THE SLICOTT DEFALCATION.

Although the world's fair bills occupied the attention of the house today, to the exclusion of other matters, still there is yet a chance to reconsider the vote of yesterday by which the house refused to appropriate money to pay its members for the loss by the Slicott defalcation. Knowing this, a number of men who had the moral courage to vote for the bill yesterday, have been circulating among the members today, attempting to change enough votes to reconsider and pass the bill. They announce tonight that enough have promised to change to pass it. However, it is feared by those who voted against the bill yesterday, and who will again vote against it, but who want it passed, that the courage of those who have promised will again desert them at the last moment, and that the bill and their money will be forever buried. Though judging from the talk today, it is possible that in this event some scheme will be arranged by which the supreme court or the court of claims can settle the matter.

SERIOUS ILLNESS OF MR. BLAINE.

The Blaine household is in tears of grief and deep anxiety. The death of Walker Blaine last evening is followed by the serious illness of Secretary of State James G. Blaine. Mr. Blaine has been in declining health for many months, and it is feared that "la grippe," which attacked him this afternoon, may prove serious. The disease, combined with his enfeebled condition and great grief over the loss of his eldest son, in whom he took great pride, has already afflicted him so that his family and friends are greatly alarmed at his condition tonight. They fear that it will develop into pneumonia or congestion of the lungs. The short illness preceeding the death of Walker Blaine is, perhaps, due to excessive cigarette smoking. He is said to have smoked from thirty to forty cigarettes a day, which had effected his lungs so seriously that the grip quickly developed into pneumonia, and carried him off without warning.

HAWKINS IN WASHINGTON.

Mr. R. M. Cheshire, formerly of Atlanta, and well known as an old CONSTITUTION reporter, goes on the Evening Capitol on Monday, when it will change hands. Willis Hawkins has purchased the paper.

Both Major and Mrs. Barnes are yet ill with the grip. E. W. B.

THE RACE PROBLEM.

Senator Morgan's Bill to Encourage the Emigration of the Negro.

WASHINGTON, January 16.—In the senate, among the bills reported from committees and placed on the calendar were the following: Appropriating $40,000 for a statue in Washington of James Madison; for the removal of Indian prisoners in the east (Geronimo's band) to Fort Sill, Indian Territory.

The senate then took up the bill introduced by Mr. Butler on December 12th, to provide for the emigration of persons of color from the southern states. Mr. Butler proceeded to address the senate. He proposed to discuss the subject, he said, entirely outside of party lines, and to make a frank, dispassionate statement of facts and experiences. If others took it upon themselves to give the discussion a partisan or sectional coloring, the responsibility would rest with them. To his mind, it was too grave a subject to be distorted by party considerations or confined within the narrow boundaries and limits of party lines. It rose above party or cabal, and deserved to be held above sections. Cupidity had brought the Africans here; cupidity had inveigeled the Chinamen here, and cupidity had driven him out. The Indian had been here, and would not be reduced to slavery; and so the Indians was hounded and corralled. He was hounded and corralled now, but he was still here and a menace. What was to be done with the Indian? Make a citizen of him, give him the ballot, with full civil and political rights? Why not? The Indian was here before the white man, African or Mongolian. He spoke of the granting of suffrage to colored men as a craze, which had come on the hem of battle, but as having been neither wise nor judicious. But the act was done, and he could not see now how it was to be undone. He would not discuss the responsibility for it. He would admit, for the sake of argument, that both sections and both political parties were responsible. Some persons who held high rank in the intellectual world held that in the history of the African race in this country was to be seen the hand of God for the accomplishment of a great purpose in another hemisphere.

A DIFFICULT PROBLEM.

Events, Mr. Butler said, appeared to be shaping themselves in a manner to justify such a conclusion. The race question, raised by the changed attitude of the two races toward each other, was burning evidence that the issue was not confined to any locality, section or party. What was to become of the 200,000 Indians in this country, and of the 100,000 Chinamen, was a difficult problem; but the most profound inquiry applied directly to the pending bill, and that was, what was to be the fate of the six or eight million negroes in this country? They were citizens; they had the ballot; they had all the civil and political rights which white men had, and which were denied to other colored races. Would the colored people in the United States, he asked, be able to maintain themselves on an equal footing with the white man, so as not to jeopardize the well being of American institutions? The opinion appeared to be growing that they could not. An honest effort should be made to ascertain why not, and to determine what was best to be done. The interest of both races required that the problem should be carefully weighed and fairly dealt with. He confessed that the problem oppressed him with its gravity and difficulties. It was too serious to be trifled with and too urgent to be ignored or neglected.

NEGROES NOT IN HIGH POSITION.

Mr. Butler referred to the absence of colored people from all high positions in this country, and saw in that fact proof of the unrelenting, unforgiving, incurable race prejudice. If anybody, he said, had predicted before the war that the southern states would, within a few years, be represented in both houses of congress by men who were then slaves he would have been laughed at and derided as a negro philist, and if, after many negroes were in congress, it had been predicted that, in ten years, not one negro would be sitting in either house, the prediction would have had few believers. And so, if any one predicted today that within a half century, no full-blooded, genuine negro would be found in the United States, he would not be believed: and yet there were men who expected that very thing. It was unsafe, therefore, to enter the domain of prophecy on the question. The scenes shifted so rapidly, the unexpected so often happened, and events followed each other with such unforeseen precipitation that he became almost dumbfounded by the historic kaleidoscope, and was impressed with the profound sence of human inability to shape and control events. The bill, he said, contemplated the gradual, orderly, voluntary movement of the colored people out of the southern states, and provided government aid to enable them to do so. If he were called upon for authority whereby congress could properly make such an appropriation of money, he should point to the appropriations made to aid the Indians in moving out of the northern, middle and southern states, and to the appropriations to exclude Chinamen. It appeared to him that it would be a proper exercise of the constitutional power of congress to appropriate money for the national or general welfare. The citizenship of the negro strengthened his claim over that of the Indian for such government assistance.

After executive session the senate adjourned to Monday.

THE FIGHT FOR THE SITE.

The House Engaged on the World's Fair—Close Voting on Motions.

WASHINGTON, January 16.—In his prayer this morning the chaplain of the house said:

"Almighty God; we come before Thee this day, bearing in the arms of our tenderest sympathy Thy servant, the secretary of state, from whose hand the staff of his advancing years has fallen and his broken-hearted wife, from whom the hope and joy of her life has been taken. In these dark hours, when the soul sits dumb in the shadow of a great affliction, when all the tumult of the world withdraws and seems as an idle bubble, and honors and pleasure of the world have lost their value and their charm, to whom must we go but Thee, Oh, Christ, who hast the words and inspiration of eternal life."

Mr. Enloe, of Tennessee, introduced a bill directing the secretary of war to investigate the claims for the use of church and school buildings by United States troops during the rebellion. Referred.

Mr. McKinley, from the committee on rules, reported a resolution for the appointment of a committee on the world's fair, to consist of thirteen members, which committee shall, within three days, report a plan by which the house can determine the site of the proposed fair, and subsequently report a bill providing for the fair.

CANNON'S SUBSTITUTE.

Mr. Cannon, of Illinois, as the minority of the committee, reported a substitute resolution as follows:

"Whereas, On the 18th and 20th days of December, and at other times, the house referred to the committee on foreign affairs divers bills, petitions and memorials touching the projected world's fair of 1892, thereby giving full jurisdiction to that committee of the whole subject matter, and said committee has given exhaustive consideration to the same.

"Resolved, That the committee on foreign affairs be instructed to report a resolution providing a method of selecting the locality of the world's fair of 1892, by vote of the house of representatives. First, whether said fair shall be held east or west of the Allegheny mountains. Second, the selection of a place for locating the said fair. After such votes have been taken, the committee, at the earliest possible day, shall report a bill providing for a world's fair in 1892, to be held at the place selected as above provided."

Immediately a lively debate began, in which friends of each of the four cities contesting for the location of the fair took part.

Mr. Hitt, of Illinois, chairman of the committee on foreign affairs, favored the substitute resolution, and testified to the vigorous and faithful work which that committee had performed in reference to the projected world's fair. The site having been selected by the house, the committee could, within twenty-four hours, report a plan for the fair which would be satisfactory to all members of the house.

A CALIFORNIAN TO THE FRONT.

Mr. Morrow, of California, took the same view, declaring that the committee on foreign affairs had proceeded diligently and effectively to the consideration of the question. He created a ripple of laughter by asserting that no matter what site was selected, the real exhibition would be held in the city which he had the honor to represent. San Francisco did not rely on artificial aid. It would be the site of the exhibition without any assistance on the part of congress.

ST. LOUIS PUTS IN AN OAR.

Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, favored the majority resolution. He said that prior to the appointment of the committee on foreign affairs, gentlemen representing the competing cities had entered into a compact that a special committee should be created. All St. Louis asked was that a special committee should be appointed by the speaker and that that committee should contain an equal number of friends of the four cities competing for the fair. The gentlemen might rest assured that no representative of Missouri, or no friend of St. Louis, would ask that that city should have any advantage. She needed none. If her friends could not secure the site without violating the compact, St. Louis did not want it. He asked that the agreement be carried out in good faith and that the majority report be adopted.

SPRINGER SAYS THERE WAS NO COMPACT.

Mr. Springer, of Illinois, denied that there had been any compact between the representatives of the competing cities. It was true that they had agreed to request the speaker to call a meeting of the committee on rules in order to create a special committee; but the only intention of that agreement was that the committee might sit during the holiday recess.

Mr. Hatch characterized Mr. Springer's argument as "special pleading." The representatives did not know that the gentlemen they had treated with were looking around for loop-holes through which to crawl out of an honorable contract.

Mr. Springer denied that there had been any compact. He denied the right of any gentlemen to meet in a hotel parlor and make a compact to bind members of the house.

Mr. Hatch replied that if the representatives of Chicago had not intended to keep the compact, they should never have invited honorable men to meet them.

Mr. Turner, of New York, strongly opposed Mr. Cannon's proposition that the house shall first vote on the question of locating the site east or west of the Allegheney mountains. It was an unfair attempt to force members living west of the Alleghenies (whose first choice might not be the marvel by the lake) to vote to hold the world's fair west of those mountains; and then the friends of Chicago expected those living east to go to their help. Who had ever before heard of dividing the east against the west? It was bad enough when the south divided against the north. Here was a proposition to form another sectional line; and it came in the guise of fair play; and those who were unfortunate enough to be in the minority (though it was a strong minority) who lived east of the Alleghenies stood in their places to object to an unnatural alliance against their rights. [Applause.]

MR. CRISP'S REMARKS.

Mr. Crisp, criticised Mr. Cannon's proposition that the house should vote on locating the fair east or west of the Alleghenies as being unfair to Washington and New York.

The "compact" between representatives of four cities was again brought into discussion and some sharp sparring occurred between Messrs. Hatch and Cannon, finally Mr. Cannon modified his resolution by striking out the clause requiring the vote to be first taken on locating the fair east or west of the Allegheney mountains.

The vote was then taken on substituting Mr. Cannon's resolution for that reported by Mr. McKinley, and it was defeated—yeas, 140; nays, 142.

THE VOTE RECOUNTED.

Mr. Springer (rising to a question of privilege) said that he had kept a close tally of the vote and his tally did not agree with the official talley. Without impuging any one he asked for a recount. The recount reversed the former result and the substitute was agreed to—yeas, 137; nays, 134.

Then much confusion ensued as to the next step to be taken in the parliamentary proceeding. Many members contended that the next vote should be taken on the McKinley resolution, as amended by the substitution of the Cannon resolution; but the speaker held otherwise, and stated that the next vote was upon substituting the majority resolution as amended for the original resolution referred to the committee on rules.

The vote was watched with intense interest and when it was known at the end of the roll-call that the resolution had been defeated by a tie vote, Mr. Springer, who had voted in the affirmative, changed his vote to the negative in order to be able to move a reconsideration.

The substitute was rejected. Yeas, 133; nays, 135.

Mr. Springer moved to reconsider, and Mr. McKinley moved to lay that motion on the table; pending which, the house, at 4:50 adjourned.

COMING TO LIGHT.

THE INVESTIGATION OF THE BALLOT-BOX FORGERIES.

FORAKER TRADES WITH THE FORGER

Halstead's Part in the Dirty Transaction—He Refuses to Show the Manuscript to a Visitor, but Exhibits a Copy.

WASHINGTON, January 16.—The special house committee appointed to investigate the Ohio ballot box forgery began its work this morning with all the members present except Mr. Struble, who is suffering from the "grippe." Chairman Mason laid before the committee a communication signed by Senators Sherman, Stockbridge and McPherson and Representative Butterworth, Breckinridge, of Kentucky, McKinley and Justin R. Whiting, reciting that as it is desirable to have a full and impartial investigation they request that Representative Grosevnor be allowed to appear before the committee to aid in examining witnesses and render other assistance. This request was granted and Representative Grosevnor said, while it was admitted that the paper which was to form the basis of the investigation was forged, all the gentlemen concerned desired to appear and testify to that fact, as well to any other facts that they might know bearing on the subject.

EXAMINATION OF WITNESSES.

Representative McKinley was the first witness to appear. He testified that he had not signed the paper in question and saw a copy of it for the first time just before congress met, when Mr. Butterworth exhibited it to him. He saw the fac simile in the Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette, signed Campbell, alone. He had no interest, direct or indirect, in the paper, and never had any relations with Wood, and did not recall that he had ever heard of him, or the ballot-box matter, until he saw this publication.

Judson Harmon, a lawyer of Cincinnati, who was Governor Campbell's counsel, was the next witness, and said that he never saw the forged paper until this morning. Some time in October last, George G. Murray, told him this paper was a forgery, and had been gotten up in his office. Witness started to get proof, spending the next day and getting three affidavits by Murray, F. L. Millwood and Frank Davis. (These affidavits were put in evidence.) The next day, in company with J. N. Jordan, he called on Murat Halstead, of the Commercial-Gazette, and demanded to see the paper. Mr. Halstead said the paper was locked up, but showed a photographic copy. Witness told him the paper was forged. Mr. Halstead asked twenty-four hours for investigation, and a truce was declared—neither side to print anything, and Halstead withdrawing a columbia editorial about to be published.

HALSTEAD ACKNOWLEDGES.

The next day witness saw a retraction, and got a note from Halstead stating that he was convinced the paper was a forgery. The persons making the affidavits were told they were wanted only to secure a retraction. Witness didn't remember ever to have seen R. G. Wood, but was told he would recognize him if he met him. He tried hard to find him, without success. Millwood was a patent draughtsman; Davis was a young lad employed to help him. The photographic copy of the paper exhibited by Mr. Halstead had all of the signatures attached. Halstead had cross-examined witness to discover whether he knew if other names, besides Campbell's, hadn't been publicly mentioned. Witness thought it was the part of decency and wisdom to say nothing about them in the retraction. Halstead believed the paper was genuine; but acknowledged that something had happened that afternoon to cause him to investigate its authenticity. Halstead didn't say where he got the paper. Witness had his suspicions, but Halstead denied their correctness. Wood had told Murray when the latter upbraided him for misusing his office and his young men, that the whole matter was a mistake; it was not intended for publication, but to force the democrats to give up the Topp letter. This last was a proposition by George Topp, a contractor, to sell gravel to the city, and divide the profits. Campbell was understood to be about to spring this letter upon the republicans. Witness thought the Woods story was fishy.

GROSVENOR TRIES TO HELP MATTERS.

Representative Grosvenor asked if Topp had not afterwards been found to be insane, and had not been in the asylum, to which question witness replied in the affirmative.

Amor Smith, Jr., surveyor of customs of Cincinnati, took the stand and was shown the forged paper which he said he had first seen at the republican headquarters October 6th, last. It had already been published with Campbell's signature. Witness said when it was shown him that he believed it was forged, but consented to deliver it to Halstead, which he did, with the statement that he didn't believe it to be genuine, pointing out the peculiarity of the ink in support of his statement. Witness learned Halstead had seen the paper before.

FORAKER TELLS ALL ABOUT IT.

Ex-Governor Foraker took the stand and was shown "exhibit," (the forged paper) and asked to tell all he knew about it. He said he had a personal knowledge of who executed the paper. It was first mentioned to him by L. N. Hadden, assistant city solicitor, after his nomination. Hadden spoke of Wood as a party interested, who could furnish the paper.

THE TRADE WITH WOOD.

The governor then told of Wood seeking appointment as smoke inspector at Cincinnati. When Wood came to see him, witness said he was willing to recommend him as he was willing to do Wood that favor. He told Wood he should be willing to do the favor for him and told him he wanted that paper (Exhibit A). Wood seemed a little confused, but admitted that there was such a paper and made a clean breast of it, telling of the ballot-box bill and contract and of the chain of circumstances, and saying the paper was in the custody of Powell Crosley, counsel for his company. Wood told of the failure of the bill with the last contract, but said that a new contract had been drawn up and efforts were being made to get Governor Alger's signature. Wood also told about another and worse contract—a steel gun contract—and said there had been some dishonest business in connection with the Modoc lands. Witness was more interested in the ballot-box business, and Wood proposed to send the papers.

At this point the committee adjourned after granting a request by Representative Outhwaite that Governor Campbell's examination be filed for Monday, January 27th, as he was very busy at present.

Purchased by the Postal.

NEW YORK, January 16.—The following circular was received this morning by those to whom addressed. It is understood that the Postal Telegram company was the purchasers. No quotations were sent out this morning.

NEW YORK, January 15.—To all Subscribers of the Commercial Telegram Company: The Commercial Telegram company is compelled to announce that the property heretofore operated by it has been sold at sheriff's sale to satisfy judgments against the company, and now find itself unable to continue to distribute, after this date, quotations which have heretofore been supplied to its customers. GEORGE W. CASPER, Sec'y.

To Repair Public Buildings.

WASHINGTON, January 16.—Secretary Windom today sent to the speaker of the house a letter recommending appropriations for the following named public buildings, for the purposes set forth: Charleston, S. C., customhouse, $21,000, for the general repair of the building and heating apparatus; Macon, Ga., courthouse, postoffice, etc., $5,000, to construct a sewer from the building to the river and waterproofing the boiler pit in the basement.

THE SALE OF A GRAVE

AND A REDHOT TIME IN COURT ABOUT IT.

LAWYERS AND WITNESSES FIGHT.

The Wrangle Over the Sale of the Tomb of Mary, the Mother of George Washington—A Disgraceful Scene.

FREDERICKSBURG, Va., January 16.—The third day's proceedings in the Mary Washington monument libel suit opened this morning. The court room was densely packed with people from all parts of the country. The court informed Mr. Fitzhugh, counsel for the defense, that he must withdraw his remarks of yesterday, in the course of which he denounced Kirtley, one of the plaintiffs as a liar. Fitzhugh did so.

J. W. Colbert then took the stand and matters progressed smoothly until Attorney Fitzhugh attempted to throttle Attorney Dicksonson, counsel for the plaintiff, during the latter's examination of witness. Dickson told Fitzhugh that he was a d—d scoundrel, whereupon canes, inkstands, fists, etc., were used promiscuously and for a time there was a general riot in court which caused Judge McKughlin to suspend proceedings until later in the afternoon. The plainfiffs, defendants and counsel for both sides were placed under $1,000 bonds to keep the peace. Great excitement prevails and more trouble is feared before the suit is ended.

HISTORY OF THE CASE.

The history of the case is as follows: George W. Shepherd, one of the wealthiest citizens of the town, a few years ago, acquired by purchase from Dr. B. S. Herndon for $250 the plot of ground on which stands the unfinished monument that was commenced to mark the spot where lies the body of Mary, the mother of George Washington. Colbert & Kirtley, real estate dealers, saw a chance for speculation and they at once sought to improve upon it. They now claim that Shepherd executed to them a sixty-day option of the property for the sum of $2,500.

Some time in February last Colbert & Kirtley advertised the property for sale, to be sold in Washington, D. C., March 5th, the day following the inauguration of President Harrison. They appealed in the advertisement to the women of the nation to come forward and take an interest in the sale, as congress had failed to make the necessary appropriation to complete the same, which has been begged at their hands for the last twenty years. Whereupon the newspapers of the country, from ocean to ocean, appeared with articles protesting in the most indignant terms against the idea of selling the grave of Mary, the mother of General George Washington. The people of this city held a mass meeting and passed resolutions denouncing the sale of the grave. In that meeting Mr. Shepherd participated as a conspicuous character, denouncing the action of Colbert & Kirtley. After the meeting, Colbert & Kirtley made a tender of a sum of money to Mr. Shepherd for the property, and demanded from him a deed to the same, saying they had sold the property for $200,000.

Mr. Shepherd declined to execute the deed, whereupon Colbert & Kirtley instituted two suits against him, one for libel, claiming $10,000 damages, and one for breach of contract, claiming $20,000 damages.

CRAZED BY SICKNESS,

A Woman Shoots Her Childred and Attempts Suicide.

FAIRBAULT, Minn., January 16.—One of the most shocking tragedies that ever occurred in this county took place this morning at the residence of [illegible], near Cannon lake. McNeil arose about 5 o'clock and went into the kitchen to build a fire. As soon as he had gone his wife locked the door, and, taking a revolver from the bureau drawer, shot three of her children. McNeil heard the shots, and tried to get to the bedroom, but could not get in. He then started around the house and went in the front door, and met his wife coming from the kitchen, where she had chased the oldest child and made her take carbolic acid and took some herself. The little girl evidently struggled with her mother, as her face and hands were covered with the acid. One child was killed instantly, and one died about 10 o'clock this morning. The baby, three weeks old, was shot through both lungs, but at last reports was still alive. The woman and the girl to whom she gave the acid are also alive, and may live. Mrs. McNeil gives as a reason for the deed that she was sick and had no hopes of getting well, and wanted to end her sufferings at once.

Swindling the Immigrants.

WASHINGTON, January 16.—The United States consul at Amsterdam recently reported that an effort was made to induce citizens of that country to emigrate to Florida, by representing that each emigrant depositing one hundred and fifty pounds would be given ten acres of rich Florida land, together with implements for cultivation and would be given board and lodging free for one year. The matter was reported to the treasury department, and Secretary Windom has written the state department suggesting that while such immigrants would not be prohibited from landing, it would be well for the consul to advise the people to move cautiously in the matter, and to correspond with the governor of Florida before taking any decisive action.

He Got a Second Verdict.

DANVILLE, Va., January 16.—The somewhat celebrated case of Pickelsimer against the Richmond and Danville railroad was decided here today in favor of the plaintiff giving him $13,000 damages for injuries received while on a train. He was traveling on a freight train with a load of cattle and fell from a box car, receiving serious injuries. The case had been pending for six years and this was the second trial. In the former trial the plaintiff got a verdict for $10,000. The case went to the supreme court and a new trial was granted. This time he gets the old verdict with five years interest added.

Six Indians Hanged.

FORT SMITH, Ark., January 16.—Six Indians were hanged here together today for murders committed in the Indian territory. Austin was a Chickasaw; Dilley, Willis, Jones, Goin and Burris were Choctaws. The victims were all white men and robbery was the object in each case. Two other Choctaws were to have been hanged today, but their sentences were commuted by the president.

Horse Thieves Escape.

HARRISONBURG, Va., January 16.—Two notorious horse thieves, Henry Rogers and John Shifflett, have broken out of jail and escaped. Rogers had just been brought back from Xenia, Ohio. A reward is offered for their capture.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

Mrs. A. T. Stewart's heirs have agreed upon a settlement of the will.

Bond offerings yesterday, $816,500; accepted, $801,500 four per cents at 126.

The Iowa republican legislative caucus last night renominated Senator Allison.

The North Carolina supreme court has granted a new trial to Father Boyle, convicted of rape.

Judge Bernard, of New York, has decided the Mowatt case, declaring that Miss Mowatt was induced to sign agreements through threats of conspiracy and fraud.

Editor Parke, of the North London Times, was found guilty of libel in the case against him brought by the earl of Euston, and sentenced to one year's imprisonment.

Colonel Mallison has been convicted of publishing, in the Allahabad, India, Post, a libel against Herbert Gladstone, son of W. E. Gladstone, and has been ordered to pay 1,000 pounds damages.

The senate has passed the concurrent resolution, reported from the committee on finance, requesting the secretary of the treasury not to take any steps towards making a new lease of seal fisheries until after February 20th.

The house committee on election of president and vice-president had set apart yesterday for a hearing for the delegation of colored men, appointed at the convention held in Richmond, Va., some time ago, who desired to speak on the subject of an election law. The delegation did not put in appearance, however.

GETTING ON HIGHER GROUND.

The Little Wabash River Overflowing Its Banks.

CAIRO, Ill., January 16.—Three hundred persons at Carmi, Ill., have been compelled to leave their homes by a sudden rise in the Little Wabash river, and it is feared that a large number will be forced to abandon their dwellings and take refuge on the ground. The river is out of its banks, and the northern part of the town is flooded to the depth of twenty feet in some places, and from seventy-five to one hundred houses are submerged. The houses have all been vacated, the people seeking refuge in spare rooms of their neighbors in the southern part of the town. Vast stretches of lowlands and meadow are under water, and a number of animals have been carried away or drowned in the fields. Fence rails, boards and other drift were borne down the stream by the raging waters indicate that families have suffered severely. Much hay on bottom lands has been ruined. It is reported that the worst is yet to come, and that the people in the towns along the Little Wabash are preparing for the worst. At Carmi it is expected that the river will rise fifteen feet higher. If this does happen the result will be appalling.

THAT TERRIBLE "GRIPPE."

How the Prevailing Disease Is Affecting the Large Cities.

CHICAGO, January 16.—Reports received at the health office yesterday were not of an encouraging nature. Eleven of the eighty-seven death certificates were returned having the word "influenza" on the line after the cause of death. The number of victims of the grippe was the same as that reported Tuesday, but the increase of deaths from other diseases was something alarming, it being larger by seventeen than the previous day.

NEW YORK, January 16.—Health officers were right when they announced their belief a week ago yesterday, that the epidemic of influenza had reached its height. On that day the mortality in this city reached 250. Today, after falling off steadily during the week, the record stands exactly one-half. Of these twenty-three are due to pneumonia; bronchitas, twelve; consumption, eighteen; influenza without complications, eleven; influenza complicated with other diseases, chiefly pneumonia, thirteen.

THE AFRO-AMERICANS.

A Resolution to Offset Senator Butler's Bill.

CHICAGO, January 16.—The morning session of the Afro-Americans convened at Madison-street theatre, 200 delegates present. There was a great deal of noise, considerable confusion, and any number of conflicting motions and points of order, and yet there was almost perfect unanimity. This was proven by the election of permenent convention officers.

A. C. Astwood, of New York, introduced a sarcastic resolution, asking congress to appropriate $100,000,000 to furnish transportation to unhappy white citizens of Alabama, South Carolina and other southern states, who may desire to settle in a more favorable locality free from Afro-American majorities, and especially naming Senator Morgan as the "Moses" to lead the emigrants. The rules were suspended, and the resolution was unanimously passed and ordered sent to Washington

WILL BOYCOTT ENGLAND.

How Portuguese Merchants Will Have Revenge on England.

LISBON, January 16.—Twenty royal marines have been arrested for making a demonstration against England. It is understood that a British squadron will visit Togus shortly.

Portuguese merchants contemplate boycotting England and refusing to receive English money.

Prime minister Pimental was absent from the chamber of peers today, owing to a severe attack of influenza. In his absence the minister of justice delivered a declaration on the dispute with England. His remarks were similar to those made yesterday in the chamber of deputies by Senor Pimental, who declared that the government would protect its interest as far as was possible, and maintain its dignity absolutely. A recriminatory debate followed, but all agreed in [illegible] the British ultimatum. Several colonial governors, including the governor [illegible]zambique, have resigned.

Starving in the Soudan.

CAIRO, January 16.—Authentic news has been received of terrible mortality among the natives in the Soudan, owing to a famine resulting from a lack of rain during the autumn. The fighting forces have dispersed. Osman Digna has left Omdurman for Tokar. Slatin Bey writes that reports of the death of Khalifa are untrue.

Nominations Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, January 16.—The following nominations have been confirmed by the senate: Civil Service Commissioners Theodore Roosevelt, of New York and Hugh S. Thompson, of South Carolina; Collectors of Customs J. H. Deaveaux, Brunswick, Ga.; F. R. Gungy, Tampa, Fla.; T. B. Johnson, Charleston, S. C.; H. W. Dangerfied, Tappahannock, Va.; T. J. Jarret, Petersburg, Va.; J. W. Fisher, Richmond, Va.; E. J. Pennypacker, Wilmington, N. C.; Robert Hancock, Jr., Pamlico, N. C.; W. G. Henderson, Pearl River, Miss.; W. R. Sheppard, Apalachicola, Fla.; H. DeB. Clay, Newport News, Va.; Surveyor of Customs C. C. Wimbush, Atlanta, Ga.

Four Little Negroes.

NEW YORK, January 16.—Four negro lads, whose ages range from eight to fifteen years, were detained here today until the Castle Garden commissioners dispose of their cases. They were on the bark Liberia, which left Sierra Leone on November 21st, and are bound for Nashville, Tenn. They belong to the Karoo tribe, and are on their way to Nashville to receive an education to fit them for missionary work in their native land. Miss Sharp, who is in Africa, sent them here, and they have a letter addressed to Rev. R. W. Keeler, of Nashville.

The Papal Encyclical.

ROME, January 16.—The papal encyclical is published. It is a lengthy document. It insists on the duty of Catholics to follow papal doctrines with absolute faith, and condemns those who profess Catholicism while discussing and criticising the acts of the church.

Glassworks in North Carolina.

SALEM, N. C., January 16.—Craven Bros. today started fires in three furnaces in their glassworks. Propositions have been made to the locked-out union men, but if they do not accept the terms offered, the works will be run by non-union labor.

Death of an Ohio Representative.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, January 16.—Representative Lawler, whose illness during the senatorial contest caused so much anxiety, died today, and Representative Brown, of Hancock, and Senator Ashburn, of the fourth district, are seriously ill.

Walker Blaine's Funeral.

WASHINGTON, January 16.—The funeral of Walker Blaine will take place Saturday morning at 11 o'clock from the church of the Covenant (Presbyterian). Interment at Oak Hill cemetery.

ABOUT THE CITY HALL.

A Firm Wants the Broad Street Bridge—A Few Petitions Sent In.

Hon. Park Woodward's mail box in the city clerk's office yesterday contained an interesting paper signed by Spinks & Treadway.

Nothing like it has ever gone to the city council before.

The firm wants to rent a part of the Broad street bridge, and in the letter say:

We, the undersigned, apply for space on Broad street bridge for the purpose of running and carrying on a general fruit and produce business. We are willing to pay a liberal rent for the same. The space we are wanting to occupy is now taken up by Mr. Falvey, who, we understand, don't pay any rent. If this property is valuable, and will bring the city an income, we know of no reason why it should not be rented, rather than used by one who pays no rent. Please look into this matter, name your price and, if satisfactory, we will confer with you. Yours truly,

SPINKS & TREADWAY.

The part of the bridge to which they refer is within the walls of the building leased by Mr. Falvey, and although the bridge floor is in front of the door, the building is not upon the bridge. When Mr. Falvey heard of the letter he remarked:

"I shall put in a bid myself and I'll just pay twice as much as any one to keep what I have leased and for what I am paying until my lease is up."

S. P. Richards sent in a petition for $100 damages for a strip of land taken in widening Richardson street.

H. T. Sutton, a deaf mute, asked for a free license for a shoe shop at 88 Peachtree.

Property owners on Powers street petitioned for belgian block and sewer on that street.

The papers will be presented to the general council next Monday.

SEWERS TO BUILD

TO PROTECT THE HEALTH OF ATLANTA'S PEOPLE.

THE ORDINANCES ALL PREPARED.

Hon. Jacob Haas Preparing His Sewer Work for the Year—His Committee Will Spend $150,000.

Ten miles of sewers is what Hon. Jacob Haas, chairman of the sewer committee, wants to build this year for Atlanta.

The work will cost $150,000.

For two days past Hon. John B. Goodwin, city attorney, has been busy drawing ordinances for the construction of the sewers Mr. Haas deems most essential to the health and convenience of the people he has been so ably representing for two years past. The ordinances are complete in every respect, and were drawn in accordance with the new sewer assessment law, which went into effect on the first of this month. In the papers the sewers bear the name of the street along which they pass. The point of beginning and the point of ending are given, together with the total cost and the amount of the assessment.

The ordinances will be presented by Mr. Haas to the general council next Monday during the regular session and the reading will form an interesting feature of the meeting. The papers will authorize the construction of sewers.

On Walker from Chapel to Green Ferry, at a total cost of $2,600; assessment, $500.

On Chapel, from Chapel to Peters, at a total cost of $2,400; assessment, $1,500.

On Loyd, from Fair to Peachtree, at a total cost of $11,000; assessments, $4,300.

On Loyd, from Georgia avenue to Crew, at a total cost of $12,500; assessment, $1,800.

On Connolly to Georgia avenue, at a total cost of $18,700; assessment, $4,000.

On Fourth ward, from Wheat to Harris, at a total cost of $25,000; assessment, $3,600.

On Old Wheat, from Branch to Hilliard, at a total cost of $3,000; assessment, $900.

On Old Wheat, from Hilliard to Jackson, at a total cost of $1,700; assessment, $850.

On Wheat, from Hilliard to Jackson, at a total cost of $3,000; assessment, $1,350.

On Rice, from Branch to Jackson, at a total cost of $4,500; assessment, $3,200.

Than Mr. Haas, no one knows the sewer system of Atlanta better. The good work, the bad work, and the work which must be done, are all thoroughly known by him. Three years ago, when he began his term as alderman, he was given second place on the sewer committee, and in very short time familiarized himself with the work. A glance over the field showed him that Atlanta's sewer system was very imperfect, and careful study convinced him that it should be remedied at once. He began working to bring about a change, and when the first year of his term had been completed was thoroughly enthused with his work. Just then, Mayor Glenn went in, and, seeing the good work Mr. Haas had done, made him chairman of the committee. The promotion put new energy into the gentleman, and during the year he succeeded in building over seven miles of sewers.

That knocked the record silly.

Previous to that year two miles of sewers was the biggest ever accomplished in Atlanta in one year, and that was in 1888 when Mr Haas was on the committee.

This year, Mr. Haas wanted $100,000 for sewers.

But he got $60,000, and with that aided by the new assessment law, he will add ten miles to the system before 1890 ends.

In discussing the work yesterday, he said:

"The sixty thousand the city has given with the new sewer assessment law which is now in effect for the first time, will enable us to build $150,000 worth of sewers this year."

"What is that new assessment law? Are the people thoroughly acquainted with it?"

"I don't think they are. It is really an amendment to the charter and the leading feature is a uniform assessment of ninety cents per lineal foot upon all abutting property owners where sewers are laid in the streets."

"But suppose the sewers goes——"

"Goes through private property? Through a man's back yard, say? Then it would be the same only he would have to pay for both sides, making it $1.80."

"Before sewers were built by the city?"

"Yes, the expense was paid out of the city treasury for trunk sewers while the people were charged actual cost for the sanitary sewers. The new law changes that and both are now built alike."

"You have completed your list of work for the year?"

"Not for the year, but for the present. The sewer committee will have its first meeting tomorrow night and I shall then present the list which I have scheduled. Here it is," and Mr. Haas exhibited the ordinances indicated in this story.

"Now, those sewers," remarked Mr. Haas, "are absolutely necessary to the wellfare of Atlanta. In preparing this list I have consulted Mr. Clayton, city engineer, and we are of the same opinion. Those trunk sewers must be built. There is no getting around it. I have gone over the city personally, giving each locality close investigation, and these sewers are recommended because they are absolutely essential to the health of the city. I regret, too, that the appropriation for the year won't permit us to build more."

"How much of the sanitary sewers will you build?"

"We want to build about 40,000 feet of sanitary sewers and about 10,000 feet of trunk sewers. As to the sanitary sewers, it is my intention, and I think the balance of the committee will agree with me, to lay them in every street which has water pipes. Then I think, too, that they should be sunk in the streets which are to be belgian blocked before the blocks go down, thus obviating the necessity of tearing up the blocks to lay the sanitary sewers later. The trunk sewers, as you know, are the sewers which take the sewerage from the sanitary sewers and the surface drainage, and, in my judgment, they should be extended just as rapidly as the money for the work can be secured."

"I'd like to see," continued Mr. Haas, "if it were possible all these trunk sewers extended beyond the city limits. This work is one of the most important for the health of the city, as it will not do to continue to empty the sewerage matter from thickly populated parts of the city into open branches, and endanger the health of the immediate surroundings."

"Of the work to be done what part will the city pay?"

"Let's see. If we were to lay 40,000 feet of sanitary sewers—the average cost being $1.25, it would amount to $50,000. Then 10,000 feet of trunk sewers, averaging $10, would be $100,000. This would make $150,000. Now, the assessment law makes the cost on both the same. The property owners on both sides would pay $1.80 per lineal foot, and that would amount to $90,009. Ninety thousand from the $150,000 would leave $60,000 for the treasurer to pay."

"How will you rebuild that part of the Loyd street sewer running through private property?"

"That is no sewer. It is an old rock culvert, and we can't temporize with it longer. We will begin on Loyd street, at Fair, and come up Loyd to Alabama. Then up Alabama to Pryor, and on Pryor across the railroad to Wall. Then up Wall to the corner of Peachtree. Then we will make every one who now connect with the old sewer connect with this one. It will drain DeGive's operahouse, the Kimball house, the——. In fact, it will drain more territory than any sewer in the city, except that big fourth-ward sewer."

"How much will it drain?"

"From the sixth ward, the second ward, and in the first ward out to the Central railroad. Then, in the third, all of the east side of Capitol avenue."

"Which ward gets the most?"

"The fourth, and the people over there want more."

WHITE AND BLACK.

THE TULTY CASE BEFORE THE FEDERAL COURT

In Savannah—An Englishman Marries a Negress, and Then Tries to Live in Georgia—The Case Now in the Federal Court.

SAVANNAH, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—The Tutty miscegenation case was argued before Judge Speer in the United States court this morning by Solicitor-General Wallace Frazier for the state, and James Atkins for the defendants. By the state, the defendants are referred to as Charles Tutty and Rose Ward. The defendants refer to themselves as Charles and Rose Tutty.

THE STORY OF THE MARRIAGE.

Both are residents of Liberty county. Tutty is an Englishman, who has accumulated considerable property. Rose Ward was a slave. The laws of Georgia prohibited their marrying in this state, and they went to Washington, D. C., and were married. Then they came back to Georgia. They were indicted in Liberty county, and gave bond for their appearance at court. But they did not appear, and their bonds were forfeited. Then they asked to have their case heard in the United States court.

THE PROSECUTION'S VIEW.

Mr. Frazier argued that as the marrying of whites and blacks is not allowed by Georgia's laws, two citizens of the state cannot go elsewhere and marry and then come back here to live. He cited authorities in support of his position, and asked the judge to remand their case to Liberty county superior court.

THE POSITION OF THE DEFENDANTS.

Mr. Atkins made the constitutional point that the marriage of the defendants in the District of Columbia was a legal contract, and that Georgia cannot declare void a contract which is legal elsewhere. Both arguments were able and interesting. At the conclusion Judge Speer took the papers and reserved his decision.

THE STRINGER HOMICIDE.

Mr. W. E. Smith Bound Over to Answer the Charge.

GAINESVILLE, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—Mr. W. E. Smith, who was charged with the murder of D. M. Stringer, was held to answer for the crime of voluntary manslaughter at the next term of Hall superior court in the sum of $400, which he promptly gave. Court convenes next Monday. The committing court has been in session since Tuesday morning with Magistrate Pitchford sitting in judgment. The prosecution was represented by Solicitor-General Howard Thompson, assisted by ex-Judge J. B. Estes and W. F. Findley, and the defense by Messrs. Perry and Dean and F. M. Johnson. The case was concluded at 11 o'clock today. Mr. Stringer made a dying declaration in extremis three days before his death, and if his statement be true, Mr. Smith is guilty of murder.

Daniel M. Stringer was shot down by William E. Smith on the public square at 8 o'clock on the morning of December 16, 1889, and died at 11 o'clock January 11th; after lingering for twenty-five days. Immediately after the shooting Mr. Lee Stringer, a son of Mr. Stringer, swore out a warrant for the arrest of Smith, charging him with an assault with intent to murder. Mr. Smith was arrested and gave bond in the sum of $1,000 Messrs. Richard C. Castleberry and John H. Martin signing as bondsmen. After Mr. Stringer's death his son, John G., swore out a warrant, charging Smith with murder, and Sheriff Mundy executed the warrant by arresting Smith and placing him under guard. The remains were interred at Altavista cemetery. He was sixty years of age. He was robust and had promise of a long life. On the morning of the shooting he started diagonally across the square to the office of Colonel R. H. Perry, and unfortunately for himself and Mr. Smith they met, and the fatal encounter took place. Mr. Stringer leaves an estate worth about $30,000, with about $10,000 liabilities.

AN ALLIANCE BANK.

The Farmers of Brooks County Taking Another Advance Step.

QUITMAN, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—Not content with having purchased [illegible] and having built thereon a handsome brick, iron-covered warehouse that has received considerably more than half of the cotton that has come to Quitman, the alliance of Brooks county have turned their attention to bank building. At the last session of the legislature they obtained a charter for the Alliance Bank of Brooks county. The minimum amount of stock named in the charter is $25,000, and, as the farmers of this county are in excellent financial condition, they will, beyond a peradventure, succeed in this new undertaking. They neither expect nor desire outside capital; with honest hearts, smiling faces and willing hands, they are "toting their own skillet." They do not say this boastfully; it is an indirect assertion of their belief in their ability to bring the project to a successful termination.

A bank committee has been created, consisting of A. W. Groover, Neal Hendry, F. M. Groover and J. A. Bentley. It is charged with the duty of receiving subscriptions and taking the initial steps of organizing the institution. These men are recognized by everybody in the county as men of probity and standing. They will meet the first Wednesday in February to consider the result of their labors.

ANOTHER DAILY IN SIGHT.

The Americus Daily Times to Come Out in Three Weeks.

AMERICUS, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—At a meeting last night of the stockholders in the newspaper to be started here, the following officers were elected: President, James Fricker; vice-president, Merrill Calloway; directors, M. Speer, C. M. Wheatley, H. C. Bagley, John R. Shaw, John A. McDonald, James Fricker, M. Calloway, Dr. J. B. Hinkle, D. Z. Davenport, N. G. Prince, W. P. Burt, George D. Wheatly, A. Rylander; secretary, F. M. Hooper; attorneys, Dodson & Son. R. H. Brumby, of the Brunswick Times, will be managing editor, with J. W. Furlow as city editor. The company will start with a paid up capital of ten thousand dollars, with the privilege of increasing the same to one hundred thousand. The new paper has been christened the Americus Daily Times, and will make its appearance in about three weeks.

Protected by an Indian.

ALBANY, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—H. L. Howell, who came from Florida and removed to Redbone district, in Lee county, adopted a little girl, Ida Collins, twelve years old, from Worth county. She complained of ill treatment and fled to the house of Lewis Knight, their nearest neighbor, for protection. Knight is gigantic in height and half Indian, refused to give her up to Howell, who demanded her back. Howell swore he would kill Knight, and going to his house at night attempted to assassinate him. He found the door of Knight's house open, and the owner standing within, showing plainly in the fire light. He fired two shots at him with his pistol, neither of which took effect, though one of the balls penetrated his coat. Knight went out in the darkness and dared his assailant to come towards him and they would have it out. Howell, however, made his escape and Knight is still the protector of the little girl, who is happy in her harbor of refuge.

The Cartersville National Bank.

CARTERSVILLE, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—The stockholders of the First National bank, of Cartersville, held a meeting yesterday, and elected the following directors: J. H. Vivion, T. B. Jones, J. A. Stoner, Daniel Lowry, J. R. Wikle, S. P. Jones, W. C. Baker, C. H. Smith, and J. G. M. Montgomery. The board being increased from seven to nine. The directors will hold a meeting in a few days, and elect officers.

The affairs of the bank are in a most prosperous condition, and the stock is worth considerably more than par.

Trying to Rule Out the Whisky Drummer.

CUTHBERT, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—The city council has placed a tax of $250 on drummers engaged in soliciting orders for whisky houses. For several years Cuthbert has been a rich field for the whisky drummer. During the Christmas holidays and just before, several houses in Dawson, Eufaula and other neighboring towns were represented here and they did a driving and prosperous business.

The Dose Was Fatal.

SANDERSVILLE, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—Mrs. Norris, who resides on the plantation of Mr. Bryant Watkins, about two miles east of Sandersville, gave her little baby a dose of laudanum, thinking it was paregoric, on last Sunday morning, and the mistake proved a fatal one. The remains were taken to Warren county for burial.

The Woman Has Fled.

DALLAS, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—The negro school teacher, Octavey Spain, who was arrested for false swearing, was released on $500 bond. She has skipped—gone to parts unknown. Her bondsmen will have the bond to pay. Wesley Allen, colored, of our town, is one of the bondsmen.

PRESIDENT ROBINSON

And Party Arrive in Macon Today in the "Roanoke."

MACON, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—Today about noon the special car "Roanoke" rolled into the East Tennessee depot at Macon, containing Colonel John M. Robinson, president of the Seaboard and Roanoke railroad; W. G. Childs, of the Columbia and Newberry road, and Colonel W. H. Hoffman. These gentlemen came to this city, via the Covington and Macon road, from where they had been drawn by the annual meeting of the directors and stockholders of the Georgia, Carolina and Central railroad on yesterday. They were accompanied to Macon from Athens by President John E. Jones, Acting Superintendent A. G. Craig and Roadmaster B. F. Hanson, of the Covington and Macon road. As the Covington and Macon will be a valuable link in the proposed trunk line of the G., C. and W., the railroad magnets desired to make a tour of inspection of the Covington and Macon. At Macon today the above gentlemen dined in the "Roanoke."

This afternoon the visitors were driven in carriages over the city. All were very much pleased with the beauty and commercial and industrial advantages of Macon. The visitors left Macon this evening for Athens, over the Covington and Macon road.

THE CHARTER MEMBERS

Meet in Macon to Organize a Railroad Construction Company.

MACON, January 16.—[Special.]—Yesterday the following gentlemen met in Macon at the Brown house for the purpose of organizing the Augusta and Thomasville Construction company, to build the Augusta and West Florida railroad from Augusta to Thomasville and points beyond: Messrs. A. T. McIntyre, Jr., and W. R. McIntyre, of Thomasville; Jesse Thompson, Augusta; C. E. Smith, Washington; H. H. Tift, Tifton; Dr. J. D. Maynard, Abbeville; R. V. Bower, Hawkinsville; W. H. Ashburn, Eastman.

After some discussion the gentlemen decided to postpone the organization of the construction company, but they expect to have another meeting soon. Mr. C. E. Smith, of Washington, is the president of the road. The above gentlemen are the charter members of the road. It is expected that work will begin on the road within thirty days. It will be as near an air line as possible.

HARD AT WORK.

President Northen and His Premium Committee in Busy Session.

MACON, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—The preliminary work for the great state fair in October next, commenced today. The fair committee met in session to arrange the premium list for the exhibition. There were present, President Northen, Treasurer R. J. Powell, Secretary R. A. Nisbet, and Messrs. Pierce Howe, Dalton; George H. Jones, Norcross; Samuel Hape, Hapeville.

It is proposed to make the premium list very large and complete. The premiums will be more liberal this year than at any time in the past.

In addition to liberal offerings by the society, it is hoped and expected that the citizens of Macon will give big subscriptions to the racing purses. It is proposed to have very full and attractive purses. The hotel men and others are much interested, and will, no doubt, contribute largely to the race purses.

General Gossip.

MACON, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—It was expected that the case of William Lee Ellis vs. mayor and council, city of Macon, would be heard today before Judge Miller, at chambers, but the hearing was postponed until today two weeks.

It is said that Colonel R. D. Locke, when he assumes charge of the Macon postoffice, will appoint several ladies to places. This will be, perhaps, the first time that ladies have held positions in the Macon office.

The evidence and argument in the suit brought by Mrs. Virginia H. Shine vs. Henry Fink, receiver of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia road, for $5,000 damages, for the killing of her husband by a train on that road, were concluded this morning before Special Master Speer. The master has not yet rendered his decision.

The membership of the Macon board of trade is growing largely. Quite a number of merchants placed their names on the roll of membership today.

Today a horse belonging to Butcher Hamlin took fright near Mt. de Sales and ran away. He burst his head against a tree, and the force of the collision broke his neck.

The new $150,000 Macon brewery commenced brewing today. This is one of the best constructed and finest equipped breweries in the south.

Insurance Adjusters Pierce, McKinney, Cook and Whitner, of Atlanta, are in Macon today, to adjust the insurance on the Pierce warehouse fire. The losses on the Hatcher and Collins fire have about been settled. The losses in this fire were total.

Today the contract was let to erect the new building of the Exchange bank. This will be one of the handsomest bank buildings in the state.

[illegible] will enter the hardware business in Brunswick. The business will be operated by a stock company.

Personal and Social.

MACON, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—Yesterday Mrs. Ed Huguenin gave an English breakfast in compliment to Mrs. Dr. Nunnally and Miss Nunnally, of Macon, and Miss Pauline Hardeman, daughter of State Treasurer Bob Hardeman. Miss Hardeman is visiting Miss Nunnally.

Tonight Mr. and Mrs. Morrison Rogers tendered a reception to Miss Johnston, of Alabama; also tonight Miss Diana Dannenberg gave a lemon party to Miss Dinkelspeil, of Rochester, N. Y., and Miss Einstein, of Savannah.

Tomorrow night, Mrs. Joseph Clisby will give a reception to Miss Reynolds, of Aberdeen, Mississippi, and Miss Katie Carnes, of Memphis.

Invitations are out today, to a reception to be given next Thursday night, by Mrs. J. M. Johnston.

TWO WIVES ON HAND.

Lit Morgan's Double Life Becomes Known to the Public.

CARROLLTON, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—Lit Morgan, a flagman, on the Chattanooga, Rome and Carrollton railroad, has been playing the part of a bigamist here for several weeks. He has a wife and two children at Buchanan, who are said to be in destitute circumstances, while he has been living here with a woman from Chattanooga. Morgan got three fingers mashed off at Felton this week, and the accident has given light to his wickedness. Morgan was formerly on the police force in Chattanooga. He left here today for Chattanooga. The officers are on the watchout for him, and his seventeen-year-old concubine.

SHORT TELEGRAMS.

MONTEZUMA, Ga., January 16.—Sunday afternoon the passenger train going east had an accident a few miles below Oglethorpe, caused by the trucks on the tender breaking. The track was torn up for 150 yards.

A new enterprise has been started in Montezuma. The Record has bought an outfit and commenced manufacturing all kinds of rubber fence.

About three weeks ago Mr. Bob Reynolds, of Macon county, fell from a house and fractnred his leg. Sunday afternoon Drs. Richardson and Engram amputated the limb. He died Sunday night.

TALBOTTON, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—Talbotton's municipal election resulted in electing the following officers: Mayor, J. M. Matthews; councilmen, R. A. Matthews, L. P. Freeman, A. J. Perryman, T. H. Persons, Dr. E. L. Bardwell, C. W. Kimbrough; marshal, A. S. Bethune. Mayor A. P. Persons was not a candidate for re-election.

In an election for county commissioner of Talbot county last week, Mr. H. J. Ferguson was elected by a handsome majority over his opponent, Mr. Colquitt.

MCDONOUGH, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—Mrs. Rebecca Grier died at the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. I. B. Bryan, at the advanced age of ninety-nine years and eleven months, lacking only one month of being one hundred years old. She was the great-grandmother of Colonel J. G. Zachery, of Washington city.

VIENNA, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—The municipal election came off Monday, with the following result: Mayor, Dr. C. T. Stovall; aldermen, L. H. Taylor, W. C. Hamilton, B. M. Wood, Thomas Turlington; marshals, G. R. Matthews and C. W. John; clerk and treasurer, J. F. Cobb.

SANDERSVILLE, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—Mr. W. C. Hunter, a native of Kentucky, but for several years a resident of this city, died in this city Sunday.

ALBANY, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—Albany academy, under the presidency of Z. I. Fitzpatrick, opened on the 13th instant, with 115 pupils.

ZEBULON, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—Nearly one hundred students have entered Jeff Davis institute. More are coming every day.

MCRAE, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—Under an act passed at the last legislature authorizing the grand jury to appoint three commissioners for the county of Telfair, the grand jury selected at their last sitting Hon. A. C. McLennon, D. A. Graham and W. F. Williams. At their first court they selected as their clerk, Robert V. Swain.

A Five Million Dollar Correction.

While in Baltimore last week, reading THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION of the 2d instant, I, with surprise, read that Major T. H. Blacknall had left for North Carolina and Baltimore, and would arrange to move two of the largest tobacco manufacturing plants—both from North Carolina and Baltimore—to Atlanta. The facts in the matter are as follows: I went to North Carolina and made full arrangements to permanently locate the headquarters of the sales department of the Henderson Tobacco company, of Henderson, N. C., manufacturers of the celebrated Clear the Track brand of granulated smoking tobacco; also the sales department of the old and reliable concern of G. W. Gail & Ax, of Baltimore, the largest concern of its kind in the United states. I will have to assist me in the business six or eight of the best tobacco salesmen that the country affords.

T. H. BLACKWELL.

SOCIETY AND HEALTH.

MRS. BURTON SMITH'S ELEGANT RECEPTION

At the Mansion—It Was a Physical Culture Symposium—Will Society Women Take Up This Most Important Matter?

An entertainment more elegant and brilliant than the reception tendered Miss Lindley by Mrs. Burton Smith, yesterday afternoon, at the executive mansion, Atlanta has never seen. The apartments were darkened and brightly illuminated by many gas jets and waxen tapers. The red room had the pictures, niches and long mirrors framed with the coral and emerald of holly. The long drawing room in which the ladies received their guests was all in pink. The globes to the chandeliers were covered with softly-shirred rose-colored silk, and the many pink wax tapers in silver candelabras had their lights softened by rose shades, while the bowls and vases were filled with La France roses.

This room was a fit setting to the many lovely women in evening costume, whom Mrs. Smith selected to receive with her. Never were a fairer number of maids and matrons gathered together to be entertaining and ornamental.

Mrs. Burton Smitn herself was a vision of queenly grace and beauty, in a Jenness-Miller gown of pure white silk and gauze trimmed with bands of gold embroidery, thus outlining the front—which had that charming bias effect from shoulder to skirt line, which one seldom sees off the Greek statues. Whatever women may say against dress reform was fully refuted in Mrs. Smith's artistic and lovely appearance. She herself having, with a good sense unusual to women, where fashion is concerned, seen the benefits of sensible exercise and costuming, chose to make her acknowledgement of its benefits in her own reception toilet, and in doing honor in this entertainment to Miss Lindley, who has been during her stay in Atlanta of such great benefit to all those who have availed themselves of her school of physical culture.

Miss Lindley wore an artistic dress reform costume of white china silk, with the skirt shirred around the hips, and the V-cut bodice having a corsage bouquet of pink roses. Wurm's orchestra furnished sweet music all during the evening, and delightful refreshments were served in the daintiest way. Little tables placed here and there in the hallway, were adorned with rare flowers and contained the service for chocolate, coffee and tea, the latter being served from a charming swinging kettle, on a carved iron stand. Before the close of the evening it was suggested that Miss Lindley should give the ladies a talk on physical culture, which she did in a graceful and charming manner as she stood at the end of the blue drawing room.

"Some ladies complain that physical culture takes time," she said in the course of a chatty talk. "It takes time for any art of pleasure. It also takes time to be ill. It takes time to live. It simply means devoting time to something beneficial which we have been accustomed to spend less profitably. 'We have to keep it up,' they say. I don't know where the disadvantage of keeping up good health lies. Any woman who has been strengthened by exercise knows the strength to be permanent, not merely relief. Of course, if we go on abusing nature she will call us to account, but she is ever ready to rejuvenate her original designs."

These and many other sensible things, Miss Lindley went on to say concerning the scientific exercise of the body, and its proven benefit to humanity. She herself was thought to have incurable lung trouble when she commenced the exercise, and she is today one of the strongest physical specimens of womanhood. She spoke of its indescribable necessity to all women, young and old. The school girl needs it to strengthen her for the confinement and mental strain of study. The girl in society finds in exercise the giver of rosy cheeks and strong muscles, after a season's dissipation; while to the wife and mother it is a cup of life and youth, without which she would grow thin and delicate from the daily strain and care of domestic life.

One half of Miss Findley's audience had attested all of her words, and are enthusiastic followers of her trainings. Such work deserves the encouragement that it received last evening, for in it depends the present comfort and the future strength of all womankind. This reception, besides being socially delightful, was more entertaining and intellectually profitable than any ever attended by Atlanta society.

The ladies who assisted in receiving were, Mrs. J. W. Jacobs, Miss Beckwith, Mrs. Brockenborough Beckwith, Mrs. Hubert Culberson, Miss Foreacre, Miss Tiny Hammond, Mrs. Louis Jones, Mrs. Grant Wilkins, Mrs. Albert Thornton, Miss Lizzie Hill of Griffin, Miss Clarke, Miss Maude Clarke, Miss Potts of Richmond, Miss Wallace, Miss Julia Hammond. Those present were:

Mrs. Richards Chute, Mrs. Hubert Culberson, Miss Marsh, Miss Adair, Miss Crane, Mrs. Stanhope Sams, Mrs. J. A. Fitten, Mrs. Julius Brown, Mrs. Lod Hill, Mrs. Albert Howell, Sr., Miss Lillie Orme, Mrs. Rhode Hill, Misses Hammond, Miss Fowler, Mrs. Burke, Miss Maude, Mrs. Tom Meador, Mrs. James Freeman, Mrs. J. H. Porter, Mrs. John Bratton, Mrs. B. H. Hill, Jr., Mrs. J. F. Whiteside, Miss Whiteside, Mrs. Newman, Mrs. Alex Hopkins, Mrs. Molloi Howell, Miss Hopkins, Mrs. Nunnally, Mrs. J. A. Morris, Mrs. Smythe, Mrs. Stocking, Miss Stocking, Miss Grant, Mrs. B. F. Wyly, Jr., Mrs. W. L. Peel, Mrs. Tom Glenn, Mrs. J. S. Todd, Mrs. E. V. Gude, Mrs. William C. Glenn, Mrs. W. H. Rhett, Mrs. W. M. Dickson, Mrs. E. R. DuBose, Miss Wilkins, Mrs. Francis Fontaine, Mrs. C. L. Patterson, Mrs. Clarence Knowles, Mrs. Edward Peters, Mrs. W. B. Lowe, Mrs. H. H. Smith, Mrs. Livingston Mims, Miss Julia Clarke, Mrs. Robert Clarke, Mrs. Winship, Mrs. A. C. King, the Misses Culpepper, Mrs. H. Hildreth Smith, Mrs. Hoke Smith, Mrs. Louis Gholstin, Mrs. Mary Jackson, the Misses Jackson, the Misses Wallace, Mrs. Vassar Woolley, Mrs. Ridley, Mrs. Iverson, Miss Fumade, Miss Warren, Mrs. Clarence Warren, Miss Elliott, Miss Gill, Mrs. Alice White, Mrs. Fears, Mrs. Gilbert, Mrs. Dickson, Mrs. Ohl, Miss Dyson, of Washington, Ga., Miss Wallace.

***

Mr. Jacob Haas, of Philadelphia, is in the city visiting his uncle, Hon. Jacob Haas.

Miss Bertha Haas, a beautiful and accomplished society lady of Cincinnati, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Jacob Haas, 285 Washington street.

Miss Eugenia Speer, daughter of Judge Emory Speer, of Macon, is visiting Miss Speer, on Kimball street.

One of the social features of next week is a dancing reception, to be given by Miss Annie Speer to her charming cousin, Miss Speer, of Macon.

The T. D. C. club will give a dance complimentary to Miss May Everett this evening at the home of Mrs. J. H. Porter, on Peachtree street.

An unique feature will be introduced at the entertainment for the benefit of the North Avenue Mission which will be given tonight at the residence of Mr. Edward White, Jr., 27 East Mills street. An "old horse sale," will be held during the evening and Mr. Sam Wall, Atlanta's witty auctioneer, has consented to see that a proper price is paid for the aged animal. Mr. Wall has promised that no jokes of extreme antiquity will be indulged, and the large crowd who will attend expect to be hugely entertained.

Miss Sadie Lycett has issued invitations asking her young friends to join with her in celebrating her natal day, which occurs on the 23d of January. The following original verse is inscribed on each card:

This is an invitation to all my little friends,
To come to my birthday party, a happy time to spend.
The date, perhaps you've heard,
Is January the twenty-third;
Two to five, the hours are set,
At 17 Park place. Kours,
SADIE LYCETT.—1881-1890.

An entertainment will be given tonight by Miss Maud and Miss Lola Key at their home, 205 Capitol avenue, in honor of Miss May Powell, of Decatur, and Miss Minnie Fleming, of Smyrna. Both the young ladies are the guests of the Misses Key.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Martin, of Nashville, have taken up permanent quarters with Mrs. Bowie, on Pryor street. Mr. and Mrs. Martin have for several weeks been the guests of Mrs. James Ackers on Peachtree street.

The wooden wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Will I. Evans will be celebrated on Tuesday, the 28th of January, at their home on Spring street. The invitations are of tasteful design with the twig of a tree symbolical of the occasion tied in one corner by a silken cord.

Mrs. Crane and Miss Carrie Crane have returned from New York after a most charming winter. Miss Crane made a furor as a southern beauty in the metropolis, and her friends were sorely afraid she would be induced to make New York her home. They are all charmed to see her once more in Atlanta.

All the ladies who were invited to Mrs. Patillo's lunch yesterday afternoon, expressed themselves enthusiastically over the charming time they had and the lovely service and decorations. The table was adorned with Marechal Neil roses and violets, the center being a bowl of golden roses while violets were scattered over the cloth. At each plate was a corsage bouquet of Marechal Neil roses tied with ribbon on which was painted in gold letters the name of the guest for which it was intended. The ladies present were Mrs. Smythe, Mrs. Fitten, Mrs. Dickson, Mrs. Porter, Mrs. Frank Colley, of Washington, Ga.; Mrs. Charles Collier, Mrs. Clarence Knowles, Mrs. Henry Jackson, Mrs. A. D. Adair, Mrs. Rankin and Mrs. Julius Brown.

Miss Annie Long, of Atlanta, is visiting Mrs. Warren Candler, of Oxford.

The many friends of Mrs. McGehee will regret to know that she is very dangerously ill.

Miss Irene Lovejoy's many friends are glad to see her looking as bright and pretty as ever after her recent severe illness.

The departure of Miss Potts for her home, in Richmond, today, is a source of universal regret to Atlanta society, to which she has added so much during her visit to the Misses Clarke. A young girl rarer in beauty, brightness, womanly grace and refinement never made herself the center of social life, and the memory of her graceful and enchanting personality will remain with those who met her as something sweet to dwell upon. She never looked handsomer than last evening at the executive mansion. She wore a gown of black gauze over silk trimmed with gold, and carried an immense bouquet of American beauty and bride roses.

Miss May Patrick, the dangher of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick, of Columbus, Ga., has returned to her home, after spending several weeks with Misses George and Deavon.

GROWING ENTHUSIASTIC.

The Virginia Society Working for the Success of the Reunion.

The executive committee of the Virginia society had an enthusiastic meeting at the home, 75 North Pryor street, last night.

The various committees working the Lee birthday were present, too, and each one made a satisfactory and inspiring report of the work done.

The ladies who have been assisting in arranging for the event have decorated the rooms beautifully with flowers and evergreens and are lending their aid to the society most generously. They will meet again Saturday morning to perfect arrangements for the lunch.

During the session a proposition was made to invite the ladies to form a branch society.

Every arrangement for the public exercises at the state house has been perfected. Prominent speakers from Virginia will be on hand and an interesting programme has been arranged.

The confederate veterans will turn out in large numbers—separate space being reserved for them and Virginians.

Owing to limited size of the home the society will be unable to open its doors as wide as impulse would lead. The reception will be at the conclusion of the public exercises.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is peculiar—different from other medicines—its combination and proportion of ingredients, and preparation, being unlike any other medicine in the market.

All fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 913 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

3,400,000

Boxes SODEN MINERAL PASTILLES were sold in one year for coughs, catarrhs and hoarseness.

By all druggists at 25c per box.

Secure your tickets at once to the event of the season, Mrs. Scott-Siddons in her dramatic recitals. Only a limited number of reserved seats can be secured without extra charge, at Stoney, Gregory & Co.'s, George Muse's and Orr & Glover's.

Bank Notice.

Monday, the 20th inst., being a legal holiday, the undersigned banks will be closed. Paper maturing on Monday is due and payable on Tuesday.

GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK,
Edward S. McCandless, Cashier.
ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK,
C. E. Currier, Cashier.
MERCHANTS' BANK,
R. M. Farrar, Cashier.
CAPITAL CITY BANK,
Per Jacob Haas, Cashier.
MADDOX, RUCKER & CO.
NEAL LOAN AND BANKING COMPANY,
By E. H. Thornton, Cashier.
J. H. & A. L. JAMES.
TRADERS' BANK,
Edward S. Pratt, Cashier.
BANK OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA,
By F. M. Coker, Jr., Cashier.
THE LOWRY BANKING COMPANY,
James T. Orme, Cashier.
ATLANTA TRUST AND BANKING COMPANY,
jan 17-fri,sat,sun A. Richardson, Cashier.

Mrs. Scott-Siddons has a national reputation. Her coming to Atlanta is looked forward to with great interest. She is highly indorsed by the churches and best people of the land. Don't miss hearing this talented artist and beautiful woman.

30 Million Pounds
MENIER CHOCOLATE
DRANK AND EATEN EVERY YEAR.
WHY? BECAUSE of all CHOCOLATES
It is the purest and best.
Paris Exposition, 1889. 3 GRAND PRIZES. 5 GOLD MEDALS.
Ask for YELLOW WRAPPER.
—FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.—
BRANCH HOUSE, UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK. 15

FOR SALE AT JACOBS' PAHRMACY

BANK STATEMENT.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF THE

CAPITAL CITY BANK,

AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 15th, 1890.

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and discounts	$ 711,109 60	Capital stock	$ 400,000 00
Due by banks and bankers	105,792 27	Surplus and undivided profits	63,771 61
Furniture and fixtures	4,197 27	Dividends unpaid	150 40
Lease account	1,566 22	Due banks and bankers	135,916 95
Real estate	94,305 45	Due depositors	471,151 98
Tax account	9,018 50		
Tax account fi. fa.	91 95		
Cash on hand	144,909 68		
	$1,070,990 94		$1,070,990 94

W. A. HEMPHILL, President. JACOB HAAS, Cashier. GEO. W. PARROTT, Vice-President.

PORCELAIN
Brand
CONDENSED MILK
We are the First and Only Manufacturers to use
PORCELAIN PANS
All others use
COPPER PANS
Ask your Grocer for the
PORCELAIN
BRAND
CLOVER CONDENSED MILK CO.,
NORTHVILLE, MICH.

S. S. S.

S.S.S.

PURELY a vegetable compound, made entirely of roots and herbs gathered from the forests of Georgia, and has been used by millions of people with the best results. It

CURES

All manner of Blood diseases, from the pestiferous little boil on your nose to the worst cases of inherited blood taint, such as Scrofula, Rheumatism, Catarrh and

SKIN & CANCER

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

THE GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN
ROOFING.

We are now ready to supply the product of entirely new machinery and processes just completed by aid of which we not only have greatly improved the strength and durability of our well-known ASBESTOS ROOFING, but have also secured a degree of uniformity never before attained in any similar fabric. We offer this as the PERFECTED form of the portable Roofing which we have manufactured with continued improvements during the past thirty years, and as the most desirable Roofing for general purposes.

The important features of our recent improvements, for which patents have been allowed and others applied for in this country and in Europe, are described in our new circular, which, with samples, will be sent free by mail.

Our Asbestos Roofing is now in use upon Factories, Foundries, Cotton Gins, Chemical Works, Railroad Bridges, Cars, Steamboat Decks, etc., in all parts of the world.

It is supplied ready for use, in rolls containing 200 square feet, and weighs, with Asbestos Roof Coating, ready for shipment, about 85 pounds to 100 square feet.

It is adapted for steep or flat roofs in all climates and can be readily applied by unskilled workmen.

There are inferior imitations of our Asbestos Roofing; purchasers are cautioned.

Exclusive sale of our IMPROVED ASBESTOS ROOFING will be given to reliable dealers in important towns where we have not already made arrangements.

H. W. JOHNS MANUFACTURING CO.
SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF
H. W. Johns' Fire and Water-Proof Asbestos Sheathing, Building Felt, Etc., Asbestos Boiler Coverings, Steam Packings Fire-Proof Paints, Etc.
Samples and Descriptive Price List Free by Mail.
87 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK.
CHICAGO. PHILADELPHIA. BOSTON.
dec6-d2m sun wed fri wky 2m n r m

TRUNKS! TRUNKS!
WE SHALL MANUFACTURE
60,000 Trunks!
—DURING THE—
YEAR 1890,
—AND—
WILL SELL CHEAPER
By far than any other southern manufacturer.
BARGAIN TO OFFER YOU!
ABE FOOT & BRO.,
34 WHITEHALL STREET.

Dissolution.

THE FIRM OF CARR & MCCALLA, COMPOSED of Geo. T. Carr and C. W. McCalla, has this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either party is authorized to make settlements due the firm.

GEO. T. CARR,
C. W. MCCALLA.

MISCELLANEOUS.



CORNER MARIETTA AND PEACHTREE ST.,
P. O. Box 357, Atlanta, Ga.

EVERYTHING
RETAILED
—AT—
WHOLESALE!
PRICES!

A Few of the Many Things that Have Been Recommended for

INFLUENZA!

TAKE YOUR CHOICE!

	CENTS.
Compound quinine, dovers and camphor capsules, an old and efficient remedy for colds of all kinds	25
Power's and Weightman's quinine 50c ounce, 14c, 28c	44 bottle
Empty capsules, all sizes	13 box
Quinine in sugar or gelatine coated pills or in capsules, 1 gr. 5c, 2 gr. 7c, 3 gr. 10c, 5 gr	15 dozen
Antipyrin (Knoor's) in capsules or powders, 25c, 35c	48 dozen
Cheney's Expectorant	15
Hunnicutt's Throat and Lung Cure	17 and 75
King's New Discovery	34
Bull's Cough Syrup	15
Fischer's Cough Bitters	15
Acker's English Remedy	17
Boschee's German Syrup	50
Brewer's Lung Restorer	65
Moeller's Cod Liver Oil	63
Stone's Cod Liver Oil	77
Phillip's Emulsion Cod Liver Oil	68
Scott's Emulsion Cod Liver Oil	66
Wampolis Tasteless Cod Liver Oil	68
Norweigan Cod Liver Oil	30
Fellow's Syrup Hypophosphites	99
Sweet Gum and Mullein 15c, 25c and	50
Terralline	75
Ely's Cream Balm	35
Warner's Rose Cream	34
Pond's Extract	33
Syrup of Tar and Wild Cherry for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, etc. Money refunded if not satisfactory	15
Colgate's Vaseline	7
Colgate's Vaseline Cold Cream	15
Colgate's Vaseline Camphor, jar	15
Mutton Suet	5
Compound Cathartic Pills	5 and 10
Carter's Little Liver Pills	13
Tutt's Vegetable Pills	13
Calomel Pills	25 per 100
Palmer's Little Black Pills	15
Humphrey's Specific, No 8	17

jan15—tf we fri sun tu th sa

DUC DE MONTEBELLO
EXTRA DRY
CHAMPAGNE
—SOLE AGENT—
JOSEPH THOMPSON,
23 Decatur St., Kimball House.
Quarts, Pints and Half Pints in Half Baskets.
jan15—d2f wed fri

ABOUT GLOVES.
When you are buying *gloves* remember that there is such a thing as a price that is too *cheap*. It is better to pay a fair price and get good gloves like Hutchinson's. They are made from selected skins in the best manner and are warranted to be the most serviceable made. If you want to know more about gloves in general and Hutchinson's Gloves in particular, enclose stamp for the book About Gloves. It will interest you. ESTABLISHED 1865.
JOHN C. HUTCHINSON, Johnstown, N. Y.

TO WEAK MEN
Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address
Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.
nov9—dly wkly

THE TARHEEL TERROR

WHO ROAMS AT WILL THROUGH THE WOODS OF NORTH CAROLINA.

TWICE BOOKED FOR THE GALLOWS

He Now Feels that the World Is Against Him, and He Is Equally Against It—His Desperate Band of Outlaws.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., January 16.—[Special.] A report reaches here that Wyatt McKeever McKenzie, a notorious outlaw who has given the citizens of Rockingham county considerable trouble, has again appeared in this state. He is now said to be hiding in Rockingham county, heavily armed, and swearing vengeance against a number of citizens. McKenzie has banded with him six other men of desperate character, and they are all armed to the teeth, and announce that they are ready for any sort of fray.

M'KENZIES PREVIOUS RECORD.

Some years ago McKenzie murdered a man in Rockingham county by the name of Good and was sentenced to hang, four days before his execution was to take place, he broke out of jail at Wentworth, and escaped. In about two weeks he was recaptured and again lodged in jail. The governor appointed another day for his execution, but again he broke jail and escaped. Nothing more was heard from him until Sunday, when he was seen with his band of six men in the upper part of Rockingham county.

A WOODLAND CONFERENCE.

It is reported that McKenzie, a day or two ago, sent for a Dr. Withers, of Blakely, Stokes county, who is an old acquaintance of his, and met him in the woods, where the two were engaged in conference for a number of hours. The outlaw told Dr. Withers that since he escaped from the gallows at Wentworth, he had rambled over many states, and said that he had killed a man in Georgia, and had been sentenced to a long term in the penitentiary there, but had escaped. He inquired about the whereabouts of six men whom he swore he intended to kill on sight, saying he would "shoot them like dogs and spit upon their carcasses." The people of the county are terror-stricken, and don't know what to do. The authorities think it is useless to undertake to capture the outlaw, as he has grown so desperate that to do murder is only his sport.

REGULAR ROBIN HOOD STYLE.

McKenzie and his band stay in the woods and swamps most of the time, and when they want anything to eat they march to the nearest farm house and order that it be prepared, always paying liberally for what they get. Recently many bold robberies have been committed in Rockingham and adjoining counties, and now these are all charged to McKenzie. It is said that the six men who now compose McKenzie's band are all strangers, and as he has just come from Georgia and Alabama, it is believed they are some old associates of Rube Burrow, the noted Alabama outlaw, and it may be that Rube himself is in the gang. McKenzie is described as quite gentlemanly in his manners, and not a dangerous looking man. He is oyer six feet high, and about thirty-five years old. The people of Rockingham county are much alarmed, and a bloody outbreak is expected.

MACHEN MARCHING ON.

The Little Town on a Regular Boom—New Buildings Going Up.

EATONTON, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—Hearing a great deal of talk of the little city of Machen, Ga., your correspondent had the pleasure of going there a few days since and satisfying himself as to the truthfulness of the reported boom.

This little town is only a few months over two years old, and it is wonderful how rapidly it has grown and prospered in this short while. There are a dozen or more business houses doing a splendid business, a carriage, buggy shop, blacksmith shop, and a good hotel, recently built, and, in fact, everything that goes to make up a thriving little town. Before many months an oil mill will be built by a northern firm—also a cotton factory. Already two new brick stores are in course of erection, and more will follow. Two new residences have just been completed. The building of the Machen and Eatonton railroad gives new life to both Machen and Eatonton, and the prospects of both were never brighter. When this road is completed to its destination, Machen will then be an important point—and why should it not prosper? Five miles have been graded toward Eatonton, and still the work continues. The laying of iron commenced today. Tomorrow work on the bridge across Little river will begin, and by April 1st Machen and Eatonton will be connected by rail. The name of "Magic Machen" has been given this little town, and she well deserves her title.

THE STATISTICS OF SAVANNAH,

Showing the Condition of Trade and Mortality.

SAVANNAH, Ga., January 16.—[Special.[—Below are statistics taken from the reports for the year 1889, just completed by the heads of departments:

The expenses of the fire department for the year were $30,050.16, a decrease of $1,873.55 from the total of 1888, despite an increase of $960 for salaries paid on account of killed and disabled firemen. The total number of fires was 166.

Harbormaster Kennedy, collector for fees and wharfage in 1889, $4,739.76, the tonnage being 857,278. He calls attention to the lack of sufficient wharf room caused by the growth of the city's commerce. In his resume of the year's commerce he gives the following as the total tonnage as for the year for the various nationalities represented at this port: American vessels, 614,221; British, 136,472; Norwegian, 51,740; Spanish, 7,183; German, 23,330; Swedish, 3,945; Russian, 1,165: Dane, 1,154; Austrian, 6,051; Italian, 6,971; Dutch, 1,170; Portugese, 3,180; Belgium, 996. The lowest tonnage for any one month was 51,447, in August; the largest 113,634, in October.

In Laurel Grove cemetery there were interred 313 white persons last year. In the section allotted to the colored population there were 925, making a total of 1,238 interments. The interments since the cemetery was opened, in October, 1852, number 38,245, divided as follows: Whites 14,305, colored 23,940. W. L. Haupt, the keeper, reports that 283 persons were buried last year at the expense of the city.

NEGRO LABOR SCARCE.

They Do Not Want to Fence in Their Stock.

ALBANY, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—The negroes in Lee county do not take kindly to the no-fence law, and are leaving it for such counties where they can have the pleasure of splitting rails if employed by others. They do not like the trouble of fencing in their own stock, but prefer that they range free and unrestrained upon the land of others.

Labor is becoming scarce and more unmanageable upon all the farms in this section, but it is especially noticeable in Lee. One planter with sixteen head of stock only has six farm hands, another with nine head has but one laborer. The first mentioned, has just sold off half of his mules, driving them to Albany for that purpose, and will reduce his farming interests accordingly.

But few negroes in this vicinity will agree to work on contract or on shares, but express an almost universal desire to rent their land and mules and work for themselves. The management of the plantations is changing and small farms are taking their place. Land is being kept up to a higher state of fertilization. Local factories for the manufacture of phosphate compositions called "guano," after the queer bird deposit upon the islands of Peru, are making fertilizers cheaper, and consequently a larger amount of compost is made to feed the soil and crops.

A LIBRARY FOR MADISON.

A Sunday Night Meeting to Aid in Its Establishment.

MADISON, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—A large and enthusiastic meeting was held at the Methodist church Sunday night to take steps in organizing a library association for the benefit of the young men of the city. Every denomination in the city was represented in the meeting, no services being held at any other church. The purpose of the people interested in this movement is to secure suitable rooms, furnish them with all the necessary fixtures, have music, all the standard literature, and make the place as attractive as possible for young men and others who care to call. Madison has long needed something of the kind, and when a public library is opened here, it will prove of great value to the moral interests of our growing city. At the meeting last night a committee of twelve was appointed to formulate by-laws for the association, and to give it a name. Another meeting will be held at the Baptist church next Sunday night.

HE APES YELLOWSTONE KIT.

Americus Infested by Several Traveling Fakirs.

AMERICUS, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—For the past several weeks a street fakir calling himself "Dr. Leo," has been holding high carnival among the more ignorant negroes of this city and section. He is a very long-haired individual, of uncertain sex, and apes, in a very small way, the manners of Yellowstone Kit in the selling of his medicines.

His nostrums are warranted to cure nearly every ailment, and moreover, to make the kinky hair, peculiar to the negro, grow straight and long like the white man's. His influence among the very ignorant of the race is astonishing, they firmly believing that he is a God of some kind, if not Christ himself. During the late heated municipal election he took an active part in politics, and by numerous very inflammable speeches sought to array the rag-tag and bob-tail element of the negroes against the whites and the better class of negroes who voted with them. His speeches were most objectionable to the whites, and only cooler heads kept the young men from giving him a coat of tar and feathers. He was arrested on the charge of practicing medicine without having registered, as the law requires. But owing to an error in the bill of indictment, as drawn, he escaped the law, and is again "in the hands of his friends." With a drum corps he parades the streets daily, and at his stand dispenses provisions gratuitously among the negroes, by way of advertisement.

This morning two other venders of medicine of a higher type than Leo arrived in the city, and a lively spirit of rivalry has sprung up. Leo has improvised a chariot from an old dray, and seated upon this, along side with his colored brethren, he parades the streets, dispensing little bundles of flour, sugar, etc., among the black throng that follows. The other fellow has a fine brass band and puts on considerable style, and bets are even as to which whips in the fight. In the meantime Cuffee gets his feed free, and consequently is in clover. It must be said to the credit of the better and more intelligent of our colored people, that they have nothing to do with such characters, and only the very ignorant among their color allow themselves to be victimized.

The breaking of lamp-chimneys is one of the most provoking of home annoyances, and leads to a constant stream of expense.

It can be stopped. The breaking is due to brittle glass. There are two kinds of glass. One is as tough as the other is brittle. Tough glass costs a little more than brittle. That is the explanation.

Macbeth & Co., Pittsburgh, make their "pearl-top" chimneys of fine tough glass.



When suffering from a Cough or Cold may be treated with

KIDD'S COUGH SYRUP

WITH ABSOLUTE SAFETY.

It is pleasant to the taste and does the work. Insist on having KIDD'S. Take no other. Price 25 cents. Prepared by FLEMING BROS., PITTSBURGH, PA.

STUART'S

GIN AND BUCHU

—CURES—

GLEET,
DIABETES,
INDIGESTION,
RHEUMATISM,
PAIN IN THE SIDE,
KIDNEY TROUBLES,
LOSS OF APPETITE,
BRICKDUST DEPOSIT,
MUCUS DISCHARGES,
IRRITABLE BLADDER,
CATARRH OF BLADDER,
SUPPRESSION OF URINE.

STUART'S GIN AND BUCHU

Is not a King Cure-All, but for all Bladder, Kidney and other Urinary Disorders it has no equal. Sold by All Druggists.

Use Stuart's Medicated Prune Juice if your liver is deranged. You will find it pleasant, mild and effective. Ask your druggist for it. jan14—n r m

Haviland China.

We are now offering this line of goods at very low prices. Everybody knows that this brand of goods is

The Best,

and when they buy it they are getting some thing good.

We have a full and complete line of

IMPORTED CROCKERY

of the latest and most fashionable designs. It is up to the highest standard and guaranteed to be strictly first-class.

Our GLASSWARE and LAMP STATUARY are unusually fine.

All Goods at a Low Price.

DOBBS, WEY & CO., Peachtree street. dtf

MISCELLANEOUS.



Does it hurt the Clothes?

We hear that some woman said of Pearline—"it's the greatest thing I ever saw for easy washing and cleaning, in fact it does so much I'm afraid of it." She recalls the old saying, "too good to be true."

How absurd to suppose that the universal popularity of Pearline is due to anything but wonderful merit.

How absurd to suppose that millions of women would use PEARLINE year after year if it hurt the hands or clothing.

How absurd to suppose that any sane man would risk a fortune in advertising an article which would not stand the most severe (and women are critical) tests.

That's just what PEARLINE will stand—test it for easy work—quality of work—for saving time and labor—wear and tear—economy—test it any way you will—*but test it.* You'll find PEARLINE irresistible.

Beware Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers are offering imitations which they claim to be Pearline, or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—they are not, and besides are dangerous.

166 Manufactured only by JAMES PYLE, New York.



WARNING!

Many INTERNAL REMEDIES are skillfully advertised to LESSEN PAINS OF CHILD-BIRTH and to REGULATE MENSTRUATION. Common sense should teach any woman that a remedy for MENSTRUAL DISORDERS will not prepare the system for CHILD-BIRTH; on the contrary, they may IMPERIL HER LIFE. We earnestly say BEWARE of all such; they can at this period do no good, and their use may PROVE FATAL. It is only by EXTERNAL treatment while *enciente*, thus relaxing and softening the parts that the hour of CHILD-BIRTH is robbed of its pain and terror; NO REMEDY ON EARTH DOES THIS BUT "MOTHER'S FRIEND." Book to "Mothers" mailed free. THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR Co., Atlanta, Ga., Proprietors. Sold by all druggists.

USE "MOTHER'S FRIEND"

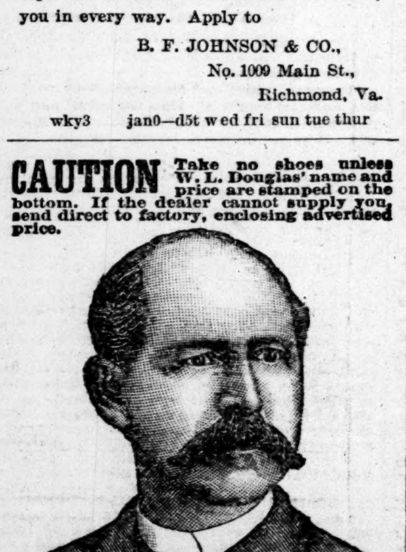
Henry M. Stanley.

STANLEY, the world's greatest explorer, has just returned to civilization. No achievement of modern times can compare with this latest expedition. The whole world is throwing up its hat and shouting: "Hurrah for Henry M. Stanley!" What does that mean to you? It means an opportunity to quickly make thousands of dollars in carrying to the people the complete history of the wonderful achievement and remarkable discoveries as contained in our great work, "Heroes of the Dark Continent; or, How Stanley Found Emin Pasha." It is the grandest and best. Hundreds and hundreds of beautiful and original illustrations. The book may be truly called "Pictorial Africa." Complete outfit only $1.00, and we refund this when you have sold only ten copies. If you can give a part or all of your time to this enterprise, you will find a new El Dorado—a real, live bonanza—right at your door. Now is the time; do not wait a moment. Our terms are liberal; send on your $1.00 for outfit. If you don't like it send it back and get your money. Distance is no hindrance. Books are delivered to all parts of the country promptly, and at our expense. No capital needed except cost of outfit. We can and will satisfy you in every way. Apply to

B. F. JOHNSON & CO., No. 1009 Main St., Richmond, Va.

wky3 jan0—d5t wed fri sun tue thur

CAUTION Take no shoes unless W. L. Douglas' name and price are stamped on the bottom. If the dealer cannot supply you send direct to factory, enclosing advertised price.



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

Fine Calf, Heavy Laced Grain and Creedmoor Waterproof.

Best in the world. Examine his
$5.00 GENUINE HAND-SEWED SHOE.
$4.00 HAND-SEWED WELT SHOE.
$3.50 POLICE AND FARMERS' SHOE.
$2.50 EXTRA VALUE CALF SHOE.
$2.25 & $2 WORKINGMEN'S SHOES.
$2.00 and $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
All made in Congress, Button and Lace.

$3 & $2 SHOES FOR LADIES.

$1.75 SHOE FOR MISSES.

Best Material. Best Style. Best Fitting. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

G. H. & A. W. FORCE, 33 Whitehall.
PRICE & PORTER, 24 Marietta St.
J.E. WARNOCK, 61 Peachtree St.
jan1—d6m wed fri sun

LOTTERY OF THE PUBLIC CHARITY.

Established in 1878 —BY THE— MEXICAN NATIONAL GOVERNMENT.

Operated under a twenty years' contract by the Mexican International Improvement Company.

Grand Monthly Drawings held in the Moresque Pavillion in the Alameda Park, City of Mexico, and publicly conducted by government officials appointed for the purpose by the Secretary of the Interior and the Treasury.

LOTTERY OF THE BENEFICENCIA PUBLICA.

The Monthly Four Dollar Drawing will be held in the

In the City of Mexico on February 9th, 1890.

CAPITAL PRIZE $60000.

80,000 Tickets at $4, $320,000.
Price of Tickets, American Money,
Wholes. $4. Halves, $2. Quarters, $1

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Capital Prize of $60,000 is	$60,000
1 Capital Prize of 20,000 is	20,000
1 Capital Prize of 10,000 is	10,000
1 Grand Prize of 2,000 is	2,000
3 Prizes of 1,000 are	3,000
6 Prizes of 500 are	6,000
20 Prizes of 200 are	4,000
100 Prizes of 100 are	10,000
340 Prizes of 50 are	17,000
554 Prizes of 20 are	11,080

APPROXIMATION OF PRIZES.

150 Prizes of $60 approximating to $60,000 prize	9,000
150 Prizes of $50 approximating to $20,000 prize	7,500
150 Prizes of $40 approximating to $10,000 prize	6,000
799 Terminals of $20 decided by $60,000 prize	15,980
2,276 Prizes amounting to	$178,560

All Prizes sold in the United States full paid in U. S. Currency.

AGENTS WANTED.

For CLUB RATES, or any further information desired, write legibly to the undersigned, clearly stating your residence, with state, county, street and number. More rapid return mail delivery will be assured by your enclosing an envelope bearing your full address

IMPORTANT.

Address, U. BASSETTI, City of Mexico, Mexico.

By ordinary letter, containing MONEY ORDER issued by all express companies New York Exchange, Draft or Postal Note.

SPECIAL FEATURES.

By terms of contract the company must deposit the sum of all prizes included in the scheme before selling a single ticket, and receive the following official permit:

CERTIFICATE.—I hereby certify that the Bank of London and Mexico has on deposit the necessary funds to guarentee the payment of all prizes drawn by the Loteria de la Beneficencia Publica.

APOLINAR CASTILLO, Interventor.

Further, the company is required to distribute fifty-six per cent of the value of all the tickets in prizes—a larger proportion than is given by any other lottery.

Finally, the number of tickets is limited to 80,000 20,000 less than are sold by other lotteries using the same scheme. nov1-0dly sun fri-wk

To the Policy Holders of the Cotton States Life Insurance Company.

YOU WILL TAKE NOTICE THAT A FINAL decree has been rendered in the case of Z. D. Harrison et al. vs. the Cotton States Life Insurance Company, in Bibb superior court, under which I am directed to pay to all policy holders the amount found due in their policies. All persons holding such policies, and who are not represented by attorneys, will send their policies to me at Columbus, Ga., and I will send them checks for the amount due. All policies must be presented to me by May 1, 1890, otherwise I am directed to turn over the money left in my hands to the company. JOHN PEABODY, Receiver.
oct19—d2taw to apl1-3d and 1stw.

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE TO SELL the Self-Lighting Pocket Lamp. Sells at sight. Send for price list and circular. Wm. Maybaum & Co., 6th and Arch sts., Phila. Pa. fri sun

THE DENVER STATE LOTTERY CO. WANT agents. Tickets 50 cents. Address A. C. Ross & Co., Denver, Colo. 10t

WANTED—RELIABLE, ACTIVE, SPECIAL agents for every city, town, community in Georgia and Alabama, to solicit life insurance for one of the best and strongest companys in the country, offering most liberal and attractive plans. Agents can make $100 to $200 per month, or more in larger places. In applying give age, present and past occupation, reliable reference, (in Atlanta, if you can, or elsewhere will do), territory wanted, and whether you propose to devote all, or how much time to the business. Address Insurance, care ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

LADY AGENTS COINING MONEY—WONDERFUL new rubber undergarment; sells itself. Proof free. Address Little & Co., 216 Clark street, Chicago, Ill. jan9—dtf

AGENTS—WANTED ON SALARY. $75 PER month and expenses paid any active man or woman to sell our goods by sample and live at home. Salary paid promptly and expenses in advance. Full particulars and sample case free. We mean just what we say. Address Standard Silverware Co., Boston, Mass. 3m

BOARDERS WANTED.

86 IVY—SINGLE ROOM FOR LADY AND room for couple (or gentlemen) with first-class board. thu fri su

WANTED—THREE OR FOUR NICE YOUNG men can get good board and first class accommodation in a private family at 44 Church street. 1w

BOARD AT THE FLORIDA HOUSE, NO. 58 N. Forsyth street. Terms, five to eight dollars per week. Transients, dollar and dollar and a quarter per day. jan12—d 1w

PERMANENT AND TRANSIENT BOARD AT 25 and 28 North Forsyth street. The best accommodations, sep11—dtf

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—TO BUY OR RENT A REMINGTON typewriter. If convenient, two or three hours daily use will answer. Address R., 108 E. Hunter street, city. fri su

DESK WANTED—I WANT TO BUY FOR SPOT cash, a small second-hand roll-top or any other convenient office desk cheap. Call on or address D. Morrison, real estate agent, No. 45 East Hunter street.

VISITORS TO THE CITY ARE INVITED TO call at McNeal's wall paper house, 141 Whitehall street, and get his prices. oct 13—tf

HELP WANTED—MALES.

WANTED—A COMPETENT MALE TEACHER. For terms apply to Dr. A. F. White, Flovilla, Ga.

WANTED—TRAVELERS FOR A COMMERCIAL agency. Alpheus McCallum, vice-president, 139 Madison street, Chicago. thu,fri,sun

SALESMAN WANTED AT ONCE—A FEW good men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. We are the largest manufacturers in our line in the world. Liberal salary paid. Permanent position. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. For full terms, address, Centennial M'f'g. Co., Chicago, Ill., or Cincinnati, Ohio. nov23-d 30t fri sun tue

WANTED—TWO FIRST-CLASS MOLDERS wanted at once at Schofield's Iron Works Macon, Ga.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS BLACKSMITH. Apply to Columbus Iron Works Co., Columbus, Ga. jan15—3t

WANTED—SALESMAN AT $75 PER MONTH, salary and expenses, to sell a line of silver-plated ware, watches, etc., by sample only; horse and team furnished free. Write at once for full particulars and sample case of goods free. Standard Silverware Co., Boston, Mass. div

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—A COMPETENT CHAMBERMAID and housegirl. Must come well recommended. Apply to Mrs. E. P. Howell, West End. 2t

WANTED—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN TO introduce our spring line of gloves on salary. Samples free. Expenses advanced. Address with stamp, Royal Glove Co., Cincinnati, O. jan2-d13t fri,sun,wed

WANTED HELP—A YOUNG LADY TO PLAY "Galatea." Good pay. No experience necessary. Call or address J. E. W., 106 Peachtree st. tf

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, 200 COTTON MILL operatives. Comfortable homes, with good garden spots free. Compensation as favorable as offered by any mill. Locality healthy. Correspond at once with W. H. Huguley & Co., West Point, Ga., jan 14 1w

I WISH TO EMPLOY A FEW LADIES ON salary to take charge of my business at their homes. Light, very fascinating and healthful. Wagers $10 per week. Reference given. Good pay for part time. Address with stamp, Mrs. Marion Walker, Louisville, Ky. dtf

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN." LINIMENT

A RELIABLE REMEDY! For Pain of All Kinds.

CURES Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Hoarseness, Sore Throat and Croup. HEALS Burns, Scalds, Cuts, etc. Most Economical Medicine in the World. Should be in every family. LARGE BOTTLE FOR 25 CENTS.

All Druggists. NELSON & CO., BOSTON. oct30 we fri mo

TO ARTISTS!

I have a large lot of tube paints that I will close out at the following prices:

Ordinary single tubes, 5c each.

Finer colors, one-third off list price.

A. P. Tripod,

40 DECATUR STREET,

Manufacturer of Ready Mixed Paints and White Lead. Also dealers in Painters' Supples, Window Glass, Cement, Plaster, Etc.

EWBANK'S "TOPAZ" BLOOD SPECIFIC. THE GREAT SWISS BLOOD REMEDY.

Cures Scrofula in all its forms, Blood Taint, Goitre, Rodent Ulcers (commonly called cancer), Old Sores, Blood Poison, Contamination of the Blood by Syphilitic Taint or abuse of Mercurial Medicines, Syphilitic Cutaneous Affections, and all forms of Cutaneous Diseases.

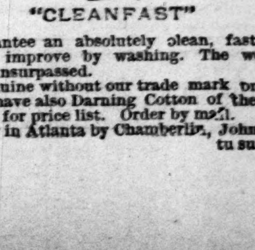
You can be cured of all Blood Diseases at home by the peristent use of the "Topaz" Remedies; why then go to mineral springs at heavy expense?

Send for handsome book free. Mention this paper.

THE "TOPAZ" CINCHONA CORDIAL COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA., U. S. A.

FAST BLACK STOCKINGS.

F. P. Robinson Dye.



"CLEANFAST"

We guarantee an absolutely clean, fast color which will improve by washing. The wearing quality is unsurpassed.

None genuine without our trade mark on each pair. We have also Darning Cotton of the same dye. Send for price list. Order by mail.

Sold only in Atlanta by Chamberlin, Johnson & Co. tu sun fri

FOR RENT—HOUSES COTTAGES

FOR RENT—A COMFORTABLY FURNISHED house, piano and organ included. 142 Peachtree st., corner Cain. Can be rented for one, two or three months. Apply 142 Peachtree st.

FOR RENT—211 CAPITOL AVENUE, 9 ROOMS, all modern improvements. Address Mrs. Mary R. Luckie, 151 Capitol avenue. jan1-tf

ROOMS.

FOR RENT—ROOMS, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, with or without board, on Washington street, near in. Address X. Y., care Constitution office. fri,sun

FOR RENT—MISCELLANEOUS

FOR RENT—HAVING BEEN ILL FOR THE past three months with nervous prostration, I will rent my house, 22 Houston street, containing twenty-four furnished rooms complete and filled with good, paying boarders, for three months with the privilege of longer time. Call at the residence, for further information, No. 22 Houston street. jan16—dtf

MACHINERY FOR SEAL

FOR SALE—ONE 25 H. P. ENGINE AND BOILER good as new. Also one 40 H. P. boiler, cheap. The Beutell M'f'g Co., P. O. box 341, Atlanta, Ga. jan17—3t

INJECTORS—GEO. R. LOMBARD & CO., AUGUSTA, Ga., are headquarters for the best and cheapest made. jan16—tf thu

BOILERS—BOILERS—19 SECOND-HAND AND 32 new boilers and new and second-hand engines at buyers' prices. Casey Boiler Co., Chattanooga, Tenn. jan10—10t

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Atlanta Real Estate Exchange, No. 5 South Pryor Street, Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.

DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS, AS SOME OF our friends have discovered who neglected our advice given some months ago to invest in Atlanta "dirt." A large number of others to whom we sold can now realize a handsome profit. We would again say do not delay investments, for the advance has only just commenced. We have some bargains just placed on our books that will repay investigation.

5 ACRES IN THE EASTERN PORTION OF the city. Will pay to subdivide or hold for an advance. $5,000.

33 ACRES, 2¼ MILES FROM CITY, ALL under cultivation. Good stream of water. $75 per acre.

A CHOICE PIECE OF BUSINESS PROPERTY two blocks of carshed. Call for particulars.

10 ACRES WITH GRIST MILL AND COTTON gin, with good water power, one mile from railway and near Atlanta. $1,000.

25 ACRES NEAR WESTVIEW CEMETERY. Good, live stream and water power; only 2½ miles from city. $1,200.

80 ACRES FINE FARM IN MURRAY county; one-third bottom land; good four-room house and outbuildings. $1,200.

60 ACRES, CLOSE TO PEACHTREE PARK. $1,200.

NORTH AVENUE, 50X175, RUNNING through to Inman avenue. $850.

FORMWALT, NEAR RICHARDSON AND dummy line. $800.

LOVEJOY & FOWLER STREETS, NEAR TECHNOLOGICAL school; lots 42x100 each. $400. Atlanta Real Estate Exchange, 5 South Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.

McPherson & Kelly, Real Estate, 4 South Pryor Street.

WE HAVE SOLD RECENTLY QUITE A NUMBER of 5, 4 and 3 room houses, and have a big demand now for this class of property. If you have this class of houses place them with us and we will make quick sales.

WE HAVE A FEW MORE GOOD 6, 4 AND 3 room houses on easy terms.

7 ROOM COTTAGE, CAPITOL AVENUE, CORNER lot 100x200. A bargain for you.

6 R H, NORTH SIDE, LOT 40X200	$3,000
8 r h, Ellis street	5,500
7 rq, East Cain street	2,000
6 r h, Crew street	2,500
6 r h. Pulliam street	2,000
9 r h, Pulliam street	5,000
1 LOT, 55X150, SOUTH PRYOR	$1,400
1 lot, 50x140, Georgia avenue	1,000
1 lot, 50x103, Crew street	1,800
1 lot, 50x150, Crew street	1,900
1 lot, 40x150, Richardson street	1,700
1 lot, 50x185, Capitol avenue	3,500
1 lot, 50x200, Capitol avenue	1,500

FOR RENT.

8 R H, WHITEHALL STREET	$25
7 r h, Capitol avenue	20
5 r h, Capitol avenue	18
15 r h, Wheat street	85
9 r h, Wheat street	50
9 r h, Jenkins street	22

sun, wed, fri.

MONEY TO LOAN.

$10000 TO LOAN ON CITY PROPERTY. Address at once, giving location of property, box 410, city.

MONEY TO LOAN.—SOUTHERN HOME Building and Loan Association, over Neal's new bank. Call for pamphlet. j8-tf

MONEY TO LEND AT LOWEST RATES ON city or farm lands in adjoining counties, long or short time or by installment to suit borrower. Money here, so no delay. S Barnett, 15½ S. Broad street. aug17-d6m

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES

STENOGRAPHER, OWNING MACHINE, DESIRES position. Will call and consult party wanting such help. Address J. C. B., Constitution office. fri sun

AN EXPERIENCED TEACHER, GRADUATE of Yale college, wants a position to teach the English branches in the south. Address "Teacher," this office. 3t

WANTED—POSITION AS ASSISTANT COURT reporter or office stenographer, by young man. Refers to leading stenographers and lawyers of the city. Address "Phonographer," care Constitution. 4t

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES

A SITUATION IS WANTED BY AN EXPERIENCED milliner and saleslady, engagement to begin now or with the spring trade. Address lock box 115, Eufaula, Ala. jan 11—d1w

BUSINESS CHANCES.

NICE STORE, 170 WHITEHALL STREET, SUITABLE either for grocery, shoe or crockery business, for rent cheap. Apply to Reynolds & Scott, 20 Peachtree street. jan12-1w

FOR RENT—STORE NO. 43 PEACHTREE ST. Possession given at once. Apply to Perry Chisholm, revenue office. tf

WOLF'S AUCTION HOUSE.

THE BALANCE OF OUR WINTER STOCK OF clothing will be sold at any price for the next 20 days. Hundreds of dressers, bureaus, bedsteads, tables, chairs, bedsprings, carpets at your own price.

LOOK FOR THE BARGAINS.

We want any amount of Office and Household Furniture for the Cash or on Storage.

We make liberal advances on Storage of Merchandise, Furniture and other valuables.

Remember H. Wolfe, City Auctioneer, 98 Whitehall street.

PERSONAL.

IF LEONIDAS HATCHER WILL WRITE TO G. 43 South Broad street, Atlanta, Ga., he will hear something to his advantage. fri sun

A. GOODRICH, ATTORNEY AT LAW, 124 Dearborn street, Chicago; advice free; 21 years' experience; business quietly and legally transacted. 1y

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN—NOTICE IS hereby given that the undersigned has this day filed an application to the March term of the superior court for Fulton county, to be relieved of all legal disabilities imposed upon him by the granting of a total divorce to Mrs. Jennie Joyce, from the undersigned by said court, on the 12th day of April, 1889. This December 27, 1889. dec28-d60d CHARLES M. JOYCE.

LADIES' COLUMN.

FEATHERS CLEANED, CURLED AND DYED; also kid gloves cleaned. Phillips, 14 Marietta street. sun, wed, fri

LOST.

LOST—ONE SMALL DIAMOND EAR RING, on Calhoun street; probably between Wheat and Decatur street. Liberal reward for same, Bates, Kingsberry & Co.

FOR SALE HORSES, CARRIAGES

FOR SALE—HORSE, BUGGY AND HARNESS, together or separate. Apply 119 Whitehall. jan16-4t

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

WILL SELL A FINE SODA FONT CHEAP, and on easy terms. "Physic," care this office. wed fri sun

STOCK FOR SALE. Brosius Motor Sewing Machine Co. At 85 cents. Address P. O. Box 10.

THE CONSTITUTION.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

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The Sunday (20 or 24 Pages)..... 2 00
The Weekly (12 Pages)..... 1 25
All Editions Sent Postpaid.

VOLUNTEER contributions for which compensation is desired must be marked with the price expected.

Keep copies of articles. We do not undertake to return rejected MSS.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION,
INCLUDING THE SUNDAY EDITION,
Will be delivered to any address in the city at
TWENTY CENTS PER WEEK.
Subscribe at once.

THE SUNDAY CONSTITUTION
$2 A YEAR.
SENT TO ANY ADDRESS.

ATLANTA, GA., JANUARY 17, 1890.

New Railroads in Georgia.

Some of the Georgia papers that predicted, while the legislature was in session, that unless the Olive bill was adopted, there would be no more railroads built in a long time, are not quite so certain now that their predictions will be verified.

The Butler Herald calls attention to this, and also remarks on the fact that wherever railroads are needed they will be built. If the syndicates already in existence refuse to build them, then other syndicates will be formed of sufficient strength to build them. The Herald also remarks that the matter of building railways is not a question of syndicates, but of investments, and the remark is a wise one.

There will be railroads built in Georgia whenever and wherever they are needed—in fact, some are building now. They may fall into the hands of syndicates and combinations, but if every railroad in Georgia, present and prospective, were to be operated by one combination, the people would not suffer, for the law under which the railroad commission operates is their sure protection as long as it remains on the statute books. The whole matter is practically in the hands of the people themselves.

The Sectional Question.

A corresposdent sends us a clipping from the Toledo Blade, which is in the nature of a comment on a few modest remarks that recently appeared in these columns. THE CONSTITUTION had suggested that to say that the motives of the republican sectionalists, in their support of the Chandler bill, for federal control of elections, are narrow and unpatriotic, is to say very little. It was further suggested that to say that this latest republican movement is strictly in keeping with the history of the party that is led by such men as Quay, Dudley and Dorsey. The selfishness that coolly proposes to attack a large section of the country by stirring up strife between the masses merely for political purposes, cannot be said to bear any relation to patriotism, and the motives that impel such an unnecessary and irritating crusade are not of a character that invite examination and investigation.

Commenting on this, the Blade says that THE CONSTITUTION evades the real points at issue, but so far as we can see, the real points at issue are those that have a bearing on the peace and unity of the country, the peace and good order of states and communities, and the peace and safety of individuals. The Blade, on the other hand, thinks, although it does not say so in words, that the real points at issue are those that cover the schemes of the republican sectionalists to stir up strife between the races and thus prepare the way for another sectional crusade more bitter and unreasoning, if possible, than that which characterized the reconstruction period.

To what end? Simply and solely that the republican bourbons and sectionalists may hold office, and the white people of the south may be harried by obnoxious measures on account of their alleged disloyalty. It is true that the Blade speaks of "states that eliminate the negro vote," but it does not name the states for the simple reason that it could not bring forward the proof of its assertion. But let us suppose what is not true—let us suppose there are states in the south that do eliminate the negro vote, what is the remedy? Will legislation that is calculated to renew the old strife and stir up race prejudices, prove to be a remedy?

The suppositious elimination can occur only in states where the negroes have a majority, otherwise there would be a useless expenditure of the force of elimination; but if a majority of voters is eliminated, of what avail would be the presence of a few federal officials at the polls, except as an active irritant to disturbances?

But the republicans cannot escape their policy. If is sectional, and therefore unpatriotic; it appeals only to the meanest passions, and is willing to sacrifice every substantial interest to a partisan theory.

A Man Among Men.

One of the best tributes to Andrew Jackson at the recent celebration in Nashville was the speech of Dr. Fitzgerald, the editor of the Christian Advocate.

Many good people shake their heads when they hear the name of Andrew Jackson. He was fond of cock-fighting and horse-racing. He was the friend of Aaron Burr. He was violent and profane. He fought duels and killed his enemies. He married a divorced woman, and reached old age before he began to lead a Christian life. Naturally, some severe moralists have their doubts about such a man.

But, after all he was a man in the fullest sense of the word. Dr. Fitzgerald, whose mission is to preach a gospel of love and peace and forgiveness, speaks of Jackson with unrestrained enthusiasm. He says of the celebration:

"It is the voice of Tennessee and of the republic invoking the spirit of Andrew Jackson, and saying: 'Come back, old hero, with your heart of fire and nerves of steel, and ride again at the head of the moving columns! Come back, and again let us hear the ring of your martial voice along the lines and catch the flash of your eagle eye! Come back again, Old Hickory, to demonstrate to us, as you did to our fathers, that a human will, backed by an honest soul and patriotic purpose, is invincible.'

"Come back, Andrew Jackson, that we may give you a demonstration that a true man, whatever might be his minor faults, will have true followers, and that a noble people will forgive the blemishes from which none are wholly free if the heart be gold."

He applauds him because he never yielded to an enemy and never took the lie. He apologizes for his violence by saying: "He lived in rough times and dealt with rough men; he took hard knocks and gave hard knocks in return."

What won the love and admiration of Dr. Fitzgerald was Jackson's "chivalry that glorified this land with the kingliest men and the queenliest women that ever lived on this earth." The stern soldier was woman's champion. "He inspired such a chilvalrous sentiment toward women that in Nashville no Tennessean remains seated in a street car while a woman stands, whether she be one of our matchlessly beautiful belles bejeweled, beaming with smiles, and arrayed in richest apparel, or an aged toiler of the poorer class, with wrinkled face, bent form, and calloused hands, and clad in faded calico."

When a man is brave and true and tender much can be forgiven. He may have the vices of his generation, but when his great virtues leave their impress upon the national life and character thoughtful men praise what is good and forget what is bad. Perhaps this is the way to judge a great and useful life. Look at its bright side and keep the other out of sight. If Jackson had been a saint, as saints go in these modern days, he would never have been a hero.

Africa for the Whites.

All the leading nations of Europe are now engaged in parceling out the dark continent

The white colonies in Africa are looming up as populous states, with railroads, steamboat lines, villages and cities. All the luxuries and conveniences of civilization are there. The interior is still a land of mystery—the home of the lion and the elephant, the hunting ground of millions of naked savages. But this vast region is skirted by the homes of white men.

It is no time to talk about sending the blacks to Africa. The whites are rushing there as rapidly as steam can carry them. Even here in America we are catching the African fever. Mr. C. P. Huntington, the millionaire, told a New York reporter the other day that Africa was the place for young men of energy, enterprise and small capital. He earnestly advised them to go there to seek their fortunes in newly opened fields of industry and commerce.

Africa's destiny is settled. It will become a white man's country. The present lords of the soil will share the fate of all inferior races that have stood in the way of the grasping and war-like Caucasian—they will disappear from the face of the earth and leave not a trace behind.

An Explanation.

Rev. A. T. Clarke, editor of the Southern Congregationalist, of Atlanta, takes exception to an allusion made by THE CONSTITUTION recently about "an American missionary visiting some of the isles of the sea, and filling a pagan full of rum."

Taken in connection with the context, which was in a semi-humorous vein, or intended to be, the remark was not so outrageously sinful, perhaps, as the Rev. Mr. Clarke is inclined to believe; but it certainly needs correction, for the term American was a heterophemeous substitution for northern. Some of these missionaries have visited the south, "right where she lives," as the boys say, and their missions have been various, most frequently political, and sometimes a combination of the politico-religious business.

To make our explanation more complete, we will give what Rev. B. F. Kephart writes to the Christian Inquirer. He says that the steamer that carried him from Hamburg to Liberia "had on board 10,000 casks of rum (each holding fifty or sixty gallons), eleven cases of gin, four hundred and sixty tons of gunpowder, and fourteen missionaries—all on their way to Africa to convert the heathen."

We submit to Brother Clarke that the touch of humor here makes Rev. Mr. Kephart quite as wicked as THE CONSTITUTION.

A Well Merited Selection.

The action of the board of directors of the exposition company in re-electing Captain James R. Wylie to the responsible position of president and general manager, is to be heartily commended by the people of Atlanta, who are most vitally interested in the success of the exposition.

Captain Wylie has done great work for the exposition, and his safe advice, conservative judgment and tireless energy has done much toward the establishment of the firm basis on which it now rests.

He has never missed a meeting of the board of directors since the organization of the exposition company, and his earnest efforts in behalf of the two expositions that have been recently held added very materially to the wonderful success of both. Of course he is the proper man for the place again, and the announcement of his re-election will surprise nobody. He is one of Atlanta's solidest citizens and always takes a leading part in everything pertaining to her welfare.

Work will be begun at once on the next exposition, and from now on President Wylie will keep his eye on the reins, which he has held to such great advantage before, and which will be directed as well again, under his guidance.

IT is probable that the people will not have to pay for any of Silcott's fiddling. We do not believe that the people will be mad about this.

TALK about art and culture! No city can keep up with Boston in these directions. There is to be a revival of roller-skating in that growing city.

AMOS CUMMINGS has at last placed on the official minutes of congress the well-known facts about the election of Samuel J. Tilden.

THE appointment of Tomlinson F. Johnson as collector of the port of Savannah, is said to be a victory for one or the other of the republican factions in Georgia. The most interesting fact, however, is that, as a republican had to have the place, the appointment of Mr. Johnson is the best that could have been made for Savannah. He is a clever gentleman and a good business man.

THE death of Walker Blaine is to be regretted. He was an amiable gentleman and had developed large capacity for business. He was a hard worker, and had made many friends in Washington.

THE Globe-Democrat is vexed because Chauncey Depew used the term United States in the plural. This was also General Grant's way of using it. Likewise, [its] the historical plan.

IT is understood in Washington that a responsible government has now been formed by a covalition between Reed, Dudley and Attorney General Miller.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

M. PASTEUR was incorrectly quoted in the item published the other day stating that he recommended smoking morphine to ward off the grippe. It should have been camphor.

A NEW YORK correspondent writes: "The latest thing in book canvassing is for a manager and a chaperon to take a company of lady canvassers and travel all over the country with them. There may be a dozen or fifty ladies in a company. O n

PROMINENT AMERICANS

WHO WILL BE IN ATLANTA NEXT MONTH.

Hon. W. C. Whitney to Be Here—The List of Speakers Who Will Talk at the Chamber of Commerce Banquet.

The chamber of commerce banquet, next month, will be attended by a long list of distinguished gentlemen from all sections of the union.

Acceptances are coming in daily.

Among the speakers are some of the most brilliant men in the country. They are:

Hon. Chauncey M. Depew, president of the New York Central and Hudson River railroad.

Hon. James E. Campbell, governor of Ohio.

Hon. William E. Russell, ex-United States congressman from Boston.

Hon. William L. Wilson, congressman from Charleston, W. Va.

Hon. Pat Calhoun, of Atlanta, Ga.

Governor John B. Gordon, and Hon. John T. Glenn, mayor of Atlanta.

FROM NEW YORK.

New York will be represented on the occasion by gentlemen prominent throughout the country. Among them are:

A. Foster Higgins, Marine insurance—Lloyds.

Francis B. Thurber, of Thurber, Whyland & Co.

John Sloane, of W. & J. Sloane.

John H. Inman, president Richmond and Danville railroad.

John A. Stewart, president United States Trust company.

Charles S. Smith, president New York chamber of commerce.

W. R. Grace, ex-mayor New York.

John C. Calhoun, president Southern society, New York.

William C. Whitney, ex-secretary of the navy.

Hon. Abram S. Hewitt, ex-mayor New York city.

Hon. Cornelius N. Bliss, chairman republican national executive committee.

J. Edward Simmons, president Fourth National bank, New York.

Edward Cooper, president Cooper Union.

Joseph H. Choate, of the famous law firm of Evarts, Choate & Behman.

OHIO'S DELEGATION.

Ohio's delegation will represent all sections of that state. It is composed of:

Governor James E. Campbell, Columbus, Ohio.

Hon. Joseph E. Hughes, ex-consul at Birmingham, England, Hamilton, Ohio.

Hon. James E. Neal, chairman Ohio state democratic committee, Hamilton, Ohio.

Mr. Claude Meeker, private secretary of Governor Campbell, Columbus, Ohio.

L. H. Brooks, president Cincinnati chamber of commerce.

G. H. Burrows, Cincinnati, president Standard Wagon company.

N. R. Adriance, General Freight agent Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroad.

H. N. Meyer, of Roth, Meyer Packing company.

C. M. Van Cleef, of Van Cleef & Stegemeyer, grain dealers.

FROM BOSTON.

Governor Ames, of Massachusetts, will head the representatives from the bay state. That delegation will be:

Governor Ames.

Colonel Charles H. Taylor, proprietor Boston Globe.

Hon. P. A. Collins.

Jonathan A. Lane. president Boston Merchants' association.

Other prominent gentlemen from Boston and the state, who have not sent notice of their acceptance, will be present.

Those who have subscribed for tickets can secure them of Mr, Saunders, secretary to the chamber of commerce.

EXPOSITION DIRECTORS

Meet Yesterday Afternoon and Perfect the Organization of the Board.

The directors of the Piedmont Exposition company met yesterday afternoon in the rooms of Captain James R. Wylie, at the Traders' bank. A full attendance was present.

The committee on permanent organization recommended that Captain James R. Wylie be re-elected president and general manager of the exposition and Mr. C. A. Collier be made first vice-president and director general. This report was unanimously adopted.

Dr. R. B. Ridley, president of the Gentlemens' Driving Park association, was unanimously elected a director in the Exposition company, and was then made one of its vice-presidents.

A feature of yesterday's proceedings was the agreement to authorize the appointment of a committee to take into consideration the question of offering a handsome premium to the artist who displays at the next exposition the best oil portrait of the late Henry W. Grady, the portrait taking the premium to become the property of the Exposition company. There is no doubt but that the committee will decide promptly on offering such an award, the value of which is to be subject to their decision.

After entering into some unimportant detail work, the directors adjourned to meet the first Monday afternoon of each month, at 4 o'clock, until further notice.

The offices of the Exposition company will be moved today and in future the home of the exposition will be located in a fine suite of rooms in the Traders' bank building. The removal was made necessary by the increased business of THE CONSTITUTION job office, which now requires every inch of space which can be found for it.

THE MONUMENT FUND

Reaches a Total of Sixteen Thousand Five Hundred and Fifty.

Heretofore acknowledged	$16,540.85
Yesterday's subscriptions	9.35
Total to date	$16,550.20

From Hon. W. T. Smith, of Gwinnett.

In enclosing a list of Buford subscribers to the monument fund, Hon. W. T. Smith wrote, several days ago, as follows:

"It was my proud and happy privilege to know him well and love him. How beautiful and sublime was his love for his aged mother, for his wife and family, for the home of his birth, for Atlanta, the home of his adoption, for Georgia, his native state, for the entire south, for the nation, for mankind.

I often think that the great life-work of this manly Christian man was not fully realized, and appreciated, while living, by the people of his beloved state. Great, noble Grady, gone, when so much needed, gone before his exalted life had reached its noon. But many seeds he has sown will grow and ripen. But what master spirit can fully take his place in combatting sectionai strife, in allaying sectional prejudice, in healing the nation's wounds. But few men had such influence over men as he had. He created more enthusiasm among the people wherever he appeared in this state than any man I ever knew, and the same inspiration seemed to be conveyed to those he met of other states, and he was appreciated and admired by the people, and all the great orators and statesmen of both political parties in the north, as well as the south, with whom he came in contact.

Broad, progressive, philanthropic, generous, Grady, who loved the south and her defenders, her people, and her friends, as a true child loves its mother, still the great heart loved the whole nation, loved harmony, and to the furtherance of which, alas! he overtaxed his human endurance. I loved the matchless man for his pure and honest heart, for his elevated manhood, for his nobility of nature, for his generous charity for all, for his love of justice, for his steadfast devotion to his state, to the south, her people and her cause, and for his lofty national patriotism. His was one of the truest, noblest, broadest human soul mine ever knew. W. T. SMITH.

Yesterday's List.

Miss Minnie Merrit, Zebulon, Ga	$1 00
J. P. Harris, Harrisburg, Ala	35
J. M. Seekirk, Atlanta	2 50
J. Melrose, Atlanta	2 50
W. C. Templeman, Keo, Lanoke county, Ark.,	1 00
Wade Harris, Charlotte, N. C	1 00
J. Allen Brown, Chapel Hill, Tex	1 00
Total	$9 35

Randall on Grady.

In a recent number of the Baltimore Catholic Mirror, James R. Randall, the brilliant southern poet and journalist, eloquently says:

"To paraphrase Bulwer's exquisite tribute to Byron, it may be said of Grady that the murmur of the south's winds and waters will long blend his name with that of her most heroic son; that his smiling face will beam lovingly in every Georgia home, inspiring the young man to deeds of valiant enterprise and haunting the dream of beauty; that college halls will echo the music of his voice; that when the south shall take the place he predicted for her, some true poet will arise to write his elegy and some historian of a kindred spirit portray him as he was, not perfect, but extraordinary, with a message to deliver incomparably, so that he had no parallel but himself in his orbit. Meanwhile, the world will go on as it did before when greater and brighter than he died young or 'burned to the socket.' Each age produces its prophets, who pass away in turn, and yet the 'procession of the suns' is not halted or impaired. But the fame he craved came in fullest measure, and the world applauded him living and mourned him dead. The permanence of his reputation must take the chances of human vicissitude, and it yet remains to be seen whether or not the north that cheered his speeches will be guided by their sentiments. And if, more grateful to him than to the illustrious Alexander H. Stephens, the people of Georgia shall rear a worthy monument to his memory, there might truthfully be inscribed upon it Sylla's epitaph upon himself, with a noble reversal, that 'no man had outdone him in doing good to his friends and showing more magnanimity to his enemies.'"

MOVEMENTS IN REAL ESTATE.

Less than a year ago, the Seltzer property, on Peachtree street, outside of the old city limits, was sold at $100 per front foot. Then, this price was looked upon as little short of fabulous, and up to that time it was the highest paid for property similarly located on that street.

This record was beaten a few days ago, when Mr. Humphreys Castleman sold a lot one hundred feet front on Peachtree, farther out than the Seltzer property, and outside of the extended limits, for $12,000, or $120 per foot. The sale was made to a non-resident, who bought the property as an investment.

Mr. S. M. Inman yesterday closed a trade with Mr. John H. Inman, by which he becomes the owner of the Forsyth street property adjoining his residence. It fronts 210 feet on Forsyth, and runs back along Mitchell street 427 feet.

Mr. S. M. Inman, who was announced in yesterday's CONSTITUTION as having purchased a lot at the corner of Kimball street, on Peachtree, 110 feet front for $25,500, from Mr. F. E. Block, will build a handsome residence on his new purchase shortly. Mr. F. E. Block, who reserved a handsome lot adjoining that sold to Mr. Inman, will also begin at an early day the erection of a beautiful home. Both the residences will be of brick and stone, and will cost thirty or forty thousand dollars each. The lots are two of the loveliest in the city, and the new houses, when completed, will be among the most elegant and costly in Atlanta.

HOW TO BE A POLICEMAN.

A Wag Drops a Set of Rules Into the Headquarter's Mail Box.

A wag left a document in the mail box at the stationhonse a day or two since, perporting to be:

"TEN SURE RULES
FOR SECURING A POSITION ON THE POLICE FORCE."

1. You must weigh at least seventy-five pounds. You may weigh three hundred, if you desire.

2. You must be three feet high, but you may be as much taller as you please, provided you remain inside the city limits.

3. You must be able to walk, but it matters not whether you can run or not, so you get there.

4. You must be twenty-one years old, and you may be seventy-five, so you can see to walk the streets without glasses and sign the pay-roll without a microscope.

5. It is better if you have pulled the bell-line on a horse car, as an apprenticeship in patience, before you send in your application.

6. Better to get two or three of your friends who know least and can swear most about your character to sign your application. If you lack any help, get two or three ward politicians to work the rabbit foot on the commissioners in you behalf. If these don't succeed, get in debt to some leading merchant and get him interested in your case.

7. You ought to be able to read and write, so you can tell what street you are on and the numbers on the houses, and not have to step inside a store to get a clerk to write out your subpœnas in small cases where you don't care to lock up witnesses.

8. Another good starter is to sit around the stationhouse a few days to show how industrious you are, and ask a lot of fool questions to show how smart you are.

9. Tell the police force how fine you were when you were marshal of Fairburn, Jonesboro, Buford, or some other place.

10. Lastly weave in some yarns about shadowing Rube Burrow from Texas to Sand mountain, and the hard fights you had with 200 pound toughs in Chattanooga.

Observe these rules and your fortune is made, with an assured pension of two dollars per day, until the goblin's git you.

AN OLD CONFEDERATE GONE.

Jerry E. Johnson Dies at His Home on Chamberlin Street.

Jerry E. Johnson, well known in Atlanta where he lived for years, died yesterday noon at his home, 37 Chamberlin street, of consumption.

Mr. Johnson was a confederate veteran.

When the war began he was a mere boy but went to the front and fought until he received an ugly wound which came very near producing death then. The wound was through the lung and from it consumption had its inception. Mr. Johnson was a member of the Fifth Baptist church, but his funeral will be preached this afternoon at 3 o'clock in the Fourth Presbyterian church, the Rev. T. P. Cleveland and the Rev. Virgil Norcross officiating. The remains will be laid to rest in Oakland, with the following gentlemen acting as pall bearers: T. J. Buchanan, John Justis, Ed. McNeil, John Beavers, M. J. Prisock and John George.

Soon after Mr. Johnson's death Hon. W. L. Calhoun issued the following order:

CONFEDERATE VETERANS' ASSOCIATION, FULTON COUNTY, OFFICE OF PRESIDENT, ATLANTA, Ga., January 16, 1890.—Ordered, that Judge James A. Anderson, John V. Bishop, John B. Daniel, J. D. Edwards, L. J. Gartrell, W. L. Hubbard, James W. Loyd, J. M. Langston, Martin Nally, W. H. Roche, F. T. Steer, C. W. Wells and J. H. Matthews attend the funeral of Jerry E. Johnson, a deceased member of this association, from the house, 37 Chamberlain street, at 3 o'clock this afternoon, and represent this association in paying the last tribute of respect to his memory. All other veterans who can are also requested to attend.

W. L. CALHOUN,
President and Commander.

A DISTINGUISHED ELOCUTIONIST

Tonight at the Young Men's Christian Association.

Professor Gilbert Walden, the distinguished Virginia elocutionist, will appear tonight, 8 o'clock, at the Young Men's Christian association instead of at the library as announced in yesterday's paper by mistake. Professor Walden is one of the first elocutionists of this country, and is a general favorite at the national capital. This is a rare treat for Atlantians to enjoy a first-class entertainment at a nominal cost, and the Young Men's Christian association deserves the thanks of the people for its efforts in this direction. Music will be furnished by the Young Men's Christian association orchestra. General admission 50 cents. Members free.

ELOPED WITH HIS NIECE.

A Woman Applies to the Stationhouse for the Arrest of Her Brother.

Last night a woman named Mary Dean appeared at the stationhouse.

She wanted her brother, James R. Smith, arrested for eloping with his niece, her daughter, Lucy Dean.

The woman said that the two had gone off on the 7 o'clock train on the East Tennessee road toward Macon. She said that she was just a little too late to stop them.

Smith is a married man with a family. The police could do nothing for her and the woman went off in search of other assistance.

No Encouragement for Scoops.

From the Boston Globe.

In China if a paper is found guilty of a "fake," or false statement not only are the editors punished but all the readers as well. This accounts, perhaps, for the fact that there are only three newspapers in China, and that subscribers are shy.

Just So.

From the Mobile Register.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION justifies the mobbing of the Rev. Mr. Joiner and family in North Carolina and their expulsion from the state because the head of the family preached to and taught the blacks. This is "the new south" plan.—Washington Post.

Our Georgia contemporary did nothing of the sort. It showed that Joiner had been a dangerous agitator.

Innuendo in Omaha.

From the Omaha World-Herald.

Somebody is a liar, with hieroglyphics baked into him.

Editor Watterson Explains It.

From the Louisville Courier-Journal.

Any kind of beans are good in Boston. The magic lies in the cooking.

LONG AND SHORT.

THE NEWS THAT IS FOUND ABOUT THE CITY

Is Here Presented to The Constitution's Readers in a Condensed Shape—Notes and News of Interest.

Death of an Infant.—A little son, one of twins, of Mr. George P. Jones, died yesterday afternoon at 211 E. Fair street, in this city.

From Rome.—Hon. John Temple Graves, of Rome, spent a few hours in the city yesterday, on his way to Athens, where he goes to visit the bedside of a sick friend.

A Short Run.—At 8:10 last night, there was an alarm of fire. The department had a run to the corner of Marietta and Walton, only to find a hot stove pipe in a shoe shop.

Mr. Bell's New Home.—Mr. W. S. Bell has just completed and moved into his new home, 180 Capitol avenue. It is a type of its kind in architecture, elegantly furnished, and one of the prettiest residences on that street.

Miss Anderson Better:—Miss May Anderson, daughter of Judge James A. Anderson, was very much improved yesterday, and her friends will be gratified to learn that her injuries are not considered at all serious. She will soon be entirely restored.

Church Improvement.—The grounds and building of St. Phillip's church are undergoing renovation and beautifying. The church has been newly painted, the yard beautifully sodded, and now a substantial iron fence is being put up around the entire lot.

Still Quite Sick.—Judge G. H. Tanner, clerk of the superior court, is still confined to his home. He has been unable to attend to his office business for a week on account of illness, but his physician thinks he will be about in a few days now. His many friends sincerely hope so.

Busy Wall Street.—Wall street is one of the busiest in Atlanta sometimes. Yesterday afternoon it took a countryman with his wagon ten minutes to run the blockade from the Markham to the Kimball, with a policeman to help him. There was a complete blockade of vehicles of various kinds.

He's Found McGinty.—Here's another honor for Charlie Northen—he's found McGinty! "Yes," he said yesterday, "I've found McGinty, and I didn't have to go to the bottom of the sea, either. Mr. McGinty is a banker and lives at Norwood, Ga. I found a check signed by his name among the Akers Bros.'s papers."

Pickings for the Toughs.—Last night, a man named S. H. Daley, from Daleville, Alabama, was arrested on a charge of drunkenness, by Patrolman Norman. He had eighty-one dollars in cash, and valuable papers on his person. He would have been fine pickings for the thieves and toughs, who are ever on the watch for strangers.

Death of a Child.—A sad death occurred at 109 Mangum street yesterday morning at 4 o'clock. Little Laurens Ellis Muller, the two-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Muller, passed away after a brief illness. He was a very bright little baby, and the pride of his parents' hearts. Friends sympathize deeply with them in their sorrow. The funeral occurs at the residence, at 10 o'clock Friday.

Mrs. Dale No. 3.—Another victim to the charms of Rev. Walter R. Dale comes to the front. She is a Mrs. Johnson, living in Cobb county. She has heard about Dale's escapades and seen his picture, and thinks he is the same man that married her in 1885, at her home, a few miles from Marietta. The husband—Dale or Johnson—only lived with her three weeks, and she has already been granted a first verdict of divorce.

Another Search for McGinty.—Mr. Allen, the keeper of the capitol, heard of McGinty yesterday for the first time, and he has joined the great army of hunters. He found defacing the immaculate walls of the capitol the inscription, "Yours truly, McGinty." With his tale of woe, Mr. Allen sought the executive department, and when he remarked that he would like to find McGinty, he was told to go out and hunt for him. Into every department Mr. Allen went, asking for McGinty, until finally, Mr. Lamar, of the attorney-general's office, suggested a search at the bottom of the sea. The language which followed was not fit for ears polite.

A New Feature.—The Confederate Veterans' association has introduced, at the suggestion of Colonel L. P. Thomas, a new, and what will doubtless prove an interesting feature, into its monthly exercises. Beginning next Monday night, papers will be read by members appointed at previous meetings by the president, on the campaigns and battles in which the different members were engaged. Colonel Thomas will read the first paper, on the battle of Resaca, and the next meeting is eagerly anticipated by the veterans, as Colonel Thomas's ability for reminiscence is known and admired by them.

From Australia.—Mr. A. W. Prior, formerly chief operator in the Atlanta telephone exchange, will arrive in the city this morning. Mr. Prior is one of the most thoroughly equipped telephone men to be found. Since leaving Atlanta two years ago he has personally inspected all the large exchanges of the old country, making a thorough examination of the telephone business in London, Paris, Berlin, Bombay, India, and sailing direct to Melbourne, Australia, from the last named point. He has resided in Australia for more than a year, and has investigated the various systems of telephones in use there.

Mr. Prior's many friends in Atlanta will be glad to welcome him back again.

Want to See the Blackboard.—Many good citizens of Atlanta are complaining about the action of the railroad officials in placing the blackboard bearing the time of arrival of the trains on the inside of the carshed, where it cannot be seen. Under the new regulations, nobody can pass through the gates leading to the cars except on presentation of a ticket, and then only in time to take their train. When people go to the depot to meet their friends they are unable to find out whether the train is on time or not, except by getting the information from the officials, who have too much to do to answer questions. If the blackboard is meant for the benefit of the public, the disaffected citizens claim that it should be placed where it can be seen.

The Dale Church Quarrel.—The case of Mrs. Lizzie Flournoy against T. M. Cowan, for libel was set for yesterday morning in Justice Owens's court. Mrs. Flournoy, however, arrived in court too late, after Judge Owens had dismissed the case, and the trial did not occur. Mrs. Flournoy says she will go before the grand jury and have Cowan indicted for libel.

The case grew out of the dismissal of Rev. Dale from the pastorate of the Sixth Baptist church. After he was dismissed, Cowan, who was one of those voting to retain him, published a card in which he referred in very uncomplimentary terms to those members who voted to discontinue Mr. Dale's services. Last week Cowan was arrested on a charge of slander by Mrs. Flournoy and taken before Justice Horton, at Bellwood. The justice, however, was one of Dale's former flock, and the case was brought before Justice Owens for adjudication, with the above result.

The Most Contemptible Theft Ever Confessed.

Globe-Democrat, Bloomington, Ill., Special.

Mrs. Lydia Sherman, of this city, has in her possession a valuable relic, being a scrap-book formerly the property of Jefferson Davis. It was taken from Mr. Davis's library in Mississippi, during the war, by a soldier, and given to Mrs. Sherman's brother, Colonel Henry Pierson, of a New Hampshire regiment, who is now deceased. The scrap-book contains many pages of writing in Mr. Davis's handwriting, together with a large collection of newspaper clippings. The book was used by him apparently in the preparation of his speeches as far back as 1844 to 1850, and contains a considerable amount of data and arguments used against the old Whig party.

Everything in Its Season.

From the New York Voice.

What a dull, stupid world this would be without sea serpents in the summer and daisies and dandelions in mid-winter.

There Is No Consolation in This.

From the New Orleans Picayune.

Sinners cannot go straight to the devil because they are crooked.

GEORGIA NEWS IN BRIEF.

—Rome handles 60,000 bananas a year.

—The corner stone of the new Independent church, at Savannah, was laid on Monday by Rev. Dr. I. S. K. Axson, the venerable divine who was long time pastor.

—The Washington County Agricultural society met at Sandersville Monday, and decided to hold a fair. Mr. B. C. Harris was elected president, and a long list of committeemen were appointed for the militia districts.

—It is rumored that there is a $50,000 defalcation in Columbus, and a Pinkerton detective is working it up.

—Blakely will have an artesian well.

—Brunswick has sixteen daily trains.

—While out bird hunting on Tuesday of last week, together with another little boy, Brewer Swearengin, a ten-year-old son of Mr. J. C. Swearengin, of this place, was accidentally shot in the head, says the Elberton Gazette, He and the other little boy, a son of Mr. J. L. Clark, were getting over a fence, the gun of Clark went off, the load striking Swearengin in the side of the head and glancing off, making a very painful flesh wound.

—Jackson has petitioned the governor for the organization of a military company.

—A dummy line will be built between the depot and the alliance warehouse at Jackson.

—Something of a Blind Tom edition is found in Morgan county, in the person of Blind Willis, a coal black negro who is an expert in mathematics. He has been blind from childhood, knows absolutely nothing about figures, and yet can calculate interest for days, months and years, a deal faster than the proficient man of figures. He can give a correct answer to any sum in fractions almost as quickly as it can be stated. He is a thrifty negro, builds houses, and is a successful wheelwright.

PEOPLE HERE AND THERE.

LANGTRY—Mrs. Langtry owns 139 acres of land in Utah.

ISABELLA—Ex-Queen Isabella boasts that she owes more money than any woman in Europe.

FIELD—Cyrus W. Field began his business career at two dollars a week.

NAPIER—Lord Napier, who died of the grippe the other day, was a distinguished soldier.

BRANHAM—Editor Branham, of the Brunswick Times, has written some first-class short stories

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A reward of $150 was offered yesterday by the governor, for the arrest and delivery to the sheriff of Banks county, of Robert Mims, who on October the 17th, murdered B. F. Willis, and has since been a fugitive from justice.

Another reward of $100 was offered for the apprehension of Cæsar Ward, who on the night of November 28th murdered Benjamin Turner, and made his escape.

A large reward will be offered today, by the governor, for the arrest of Ben Brown, the outlaw, who was the cause of the Jesup riot. The governor is carefully looking into the matter, and he intends offering rewards for all persons, white or black, who used violence without the sanction of either the military or civil authorities.

Commissioner of Agriculture Henderson returned yesterday from Valdosta, where he went to attend the meeting of the alliance, which convened to celebrate the opening of the new cotton warehouse. Judge Henderson says that fully five thousand members of the alliance were present, although the weather was unpropitious, and the crowd listened with great attention to the speeches made by Mr. Northen in the morning and Colone Livingston during the afternoon.

Comptroller-General Wright received a letter yesterday from F. R. Harrison, the tax collector of Crawford county, asking for instructions concerning the taxes of the Atlanta and Florida railroad. The letter stated that, acting on the authority of the tax report, when the Atlanta and Florida road failed to pay their tax a fi. fa. was issued against a piece of land fifty acres in extent, situated at Knoxville station. Collector Crawford inclosed a letter from W. H. Harris, representing the Georgia Improvement company, which threatened the tax collector with prosecution if he took any measures tending toward the sale of the property. Comptroller Wright examined the tax report and found the land stood in the name of the Atlanta and Florida railroad. He immediately wrote to Collector Harrison instructing him to go ahead with the legal proceedings, and if the taxes were not paid to have the land sold by the sheriff. The comptroller holds that the property is responsible for the taxes, no matter into whose hands it had passed.

The muster roll of the Georgia soldiers who took part in the war is being completed, and soon the name of every man who fought for the confederacy will be placed in the archives of the capitol. Yesterday Adjutant-General Kell received the rosters of the Twenty-Fifth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth Regiments of Georgia Infantry, which were added to those already received. The necessity for this work's being done was the capture of all the confederate rosters and their removal to Washington when Richmond fell. Several years ago the legislature appropriated $1,000 to have the Georgia rosters copied, but the money gave out before the work was accomplished. The last legislature appropriated another $1,000 for the same work, and the copies are being made as raqidly as possible.

THE New York STAR says: "A few days ago as a class at the Cincinnati College of Medicine was about to dissect the body of a man who had died of drink, a young man rushed into the room and threw himself upon the 'subject,' crying, 'My father! Oh, my poor father!' This recalls the fact that some years age President Harrison found in the Ohio Medical college, the body of his father, John Scott Harrison, of North Bend, Ind. These horrible incidents emphasize the fact that there is a vast deal of unpleasant romance in actual life."

ABOUT THE STATE CAPITOL.

There is an interesting souvenir of the last war at the executive department. A month ago Governor Gordon received a letter from Mr. Edwin F. Spofford, of Malden, Mass., which told how the writer was with the command which captured a part of the confederate baggage train during the retreat from Apotomax. The property seized belonged to the officers attached to the headquarters of the corps commanded by General Gordon. Mr. Spofford stated that the photograph of a lady and a number of letters fell into his hands. From the correspondence he surmised that the owner of the picture was a surgeon, and he also learned that he was a Mason. Thinking that the letters might do the owner an injury if they fell into the hands of prejudiced people, Mr. Spofford burned them but retained the lady's picture, and he stated that if the owner of it could be found he would gladly surrender it, although he had kept it as a relic ever since the close of the war. In reply Captain Tip Harrison sent Mr. Spofford a list of all the surgeons who were on Geueral Gordon's staff with their addresses.

Yesterday a second letter was received from Massachusetts and also the picture. It represents a beautiful lady with hair arranged in the old fashioned way of being brought down over each cheek and gathered in a knot behind. In his second communication Mr. Spofford states that he does not care to assume the notoriety which any effort on his part to find the owner of the picture would entail, and he therefore sent him the picture hoping that it would finally reach its rightful owner.

BY HIS OWN HAND.

THE SAD DEATH OF MR HARRY H. SAMUELS.

Stopping at the Gulf House, Thomasville, While on a Business Trip, He Is Found Dead by His Bedside in a Pool of Blood.

Died by his own hand.

Mr. Harry H. Samuels was found dead by his bedside yesterday morning, with a bullet in his brain.

The news of his death was telegraphed to his partner, Mr. Jeff Foote, yesterday morning and the latter hastened at once to Thomasville, where the sad event occurred.

No details of his death were given, only the simple announcement that he was found dead in his room at the Gulf house.

HE WAS WELL KNOWN HERE,

where he removed with his wife, some time ago, from Newberry, S. C., and secured rooms at the Grant house, where Mrs. Samuels resides.

Mr. Samuels and Mr. Jeff Foote were in the cigar business. Mr. Samuels was on the road a great deal, and on Monday he left for a tour of southern Georgia in the interest of his business. He was not feeling well when he left, but nobody apprehended any serious results from his ailment. He was a fine specimen of physical manhood, thirty-five or six years old, and weighing one hundred and eighty pounds.

He was the last man that his friends would have felt any fears about. He had no children.

His wife is a sister of Mr. Abe Foote and Mr. Jeff Foote, and the death of her husband is a sad bereavement to her and the family.

Mr. Foote, senior, father of Mr. Abe Foote, Mr. Jeff Foote and Mrs. Samuels, has lately removed to the city, and is making his home with his son, Mr. Abe Foote. He was seen yesterday evening, but could give no further details of the death of his son-in-law.

The remains will probably be brought to Atlanta today for the funeral services.

EVIDENCE OF SUICIDE.

The following special was received from THE CONSTITUTION'S regular correspondent:

THOMASVILLE, Ga., January 16.—[Special.]—Mr. Harry H. Samuels, proprietor of the Daisy cigar factory, New York, committed suicide last night in his room, at the Gulf house, in this city, by shooting himself with a thirty-eight calibre pistol through the head. He was traveling for his own factory, and had several customers here. He talked with friends yesterday, and appeared very much depressed, telling them that he was making no money. When he retired he left instructions to be awakened at 9 o'clock. Not appearing this morning, Mr. Philpet, the proprietor of the hotel, climbed over the transom, and discovered Samuels's body lying on the floor in his night clothes, amidst his curdled blood. He had not been in bed. The supposition is that he sat up until the windstorm, between 2 and 3 o'clock, and then shot himself, and died immediately. No one in the house, not even the watchman, heard the report of the pistol. There was no note or letter left to tell the sad story. He leaves a wife, but no children, who resides in Atlanta, and is a brother-in-law of Mr. Abe Foote, of Atlanta. His relatives are expected here tomorrow. The coroner held an inquest, and the jury brought in a verdict that the deceased met his death by a gunshot wound, inflicted by his own hand.

THE DEPARTMENT OF GEORGIA.

Grand Army Republic Men to Meet in Augusta—The Woman's Relief Corps.

The department encampment of the grand army men of Georgia and South Carolina will be held in Augusta on the 24th of this month.

The department consists of nine posts—seven in Georgia and two in South Carolina.

The encampment will doubtless be one full of interest to the members. This is the first since the department of Georgia was organized, and the results of the first year's work will be watched with interest. There are probably three hundred and fifty members of the Grand Army of the Republic in the department.

The term of General J. R. Lewis as department commander will expire, and he will, in all probability, be succeeded by Colonel Sholes, of Augusta.

Woman's Relief Corps Installation.

O. M. Mitchell corps No. 2, auxiliary, to O. M. Mitchell post, No. 1, Grand Army of the Republic, had a most enjoyable time last evening. The members of the corps and post and their friends met in their hall, cornor Whitehall and Alabama streets, at 4 p. m., and after an hour of social intercourse, Post Commander Ira M. Swartz installed the following named officers for the ensuing year, viz.:

President, Mrs. Harlet K. Scott; senior vice-president, Mrs. Emma C. Hill; junior vice-president, Mrs. Jane LeMoyne; treasurer, Mrs. Madge Van Pelt; chaplain, Mrs. M. Frank Hübner; secretary, Miss Minnie Van Pelt; conductor, Mrs. Myra H. Swartz; guard, Mrs. Inez P. Walker; assistant conductor, Mrs. Sarah E. Lent; assistant guard, Miss Sallie Knight.

The installation was followed by a fine programme of music and recitation, at the conclusion of which the party adjourned to the connecting hall, where oysters, coffee, etc., were discussed until time for the business meeting of the Post.

COLLECTOR JOHNSON BACK

From His Successful Campaign on the Georgia Federal Appointments.

Collector Walter Johnson returned yesterday from Washington, D. C. He seems to take the successful outcome of his visit pretty much as a matter of course, and was back at his work in his office last night as though nothing special had happened.

"Yes," he said, "we got in Locke and Johnson all right, though that was pretty confidently expected. Locke is now in Washington and will remain there until he is confirmed. Johnson did not go to Washington at all.

"Speer's fight on Locke," he continued, had all the effect he could reasonably have hoped for—it delayed Locke's appointment for a few days. His fight, as is generally known, I believe, was altogether on Locke's personal character. Speer did not go to Washington, either.

"That, I believe, is the last appointment of any importance to be made soon, except those census supervisorships. There are six of them for the state. I suppose Mr. Thibedeau, auditor of the Western and Atlantic, will secure the appointment for this district.

"I have no idea who Locke's appointees will be in Macon. I don't suppose that he has yet definitely decided. At any rate, I don't know anything about them."

PERSONAL.

C. J. DALIEL, furniture, wall paper, window shades. 42 Marietta street. Telephone 77.

DR. W. S. ARMSTRONG has removed his office to No. 130 Washington street.

Dr. M. W. MANNAHAN has removed his place of residence from 25 North Forsyth to 148 Ivy street. Telephone 682, office 505. 1w

WILLIE HEMPHILL is still confined to his bed, unable to move. He has been a great sufferer the past four weeks with rheumatism.

THE new Everett, Jacksonville, Fla., under John O. Plank's hotel system, is a grand hotel and well conducted. It has accommodations for over one thousand guests.

MR. M. L. TANKERSLEY, representing the White Oak mills, of Astoria, Ills., is in the city. Mr. Tankersley's mills are the largest flouring mills in the west.

H. S. DEWEY, president of the National Blank Book company, of New York, has been in the city two or three days, en route to Florida. Mr. Dewey was introduced to many Atlantians by his warm friend, Mr. J. F. Lester.

The Sun's Cotton Review.

NEW YORK, January 16.—Futures advanced four to eight points, owing largely to an unexpected rise of 4-64 in Liverpool, February here showing the most firmness, the improvement being assisted by smaller receipts. Later there was heavy selling to realize, and most of the early advance was lost, the final prices showing a net advance for the day of only two or three points. Speculation was in the main local, and trading without special feature, beyond heavy selling by one firm, understood to be, partly at least, for southern account. Cotton was 1-16c higher.

The ladies are going to see and hear the celebrated Mrs. Scott-Siddons, at Trinity church Tuesday night, January 21st. This is an opportunity of a life time.

AT THE THEATER.

"The Stowaway" drew two good houses yesterday. The drama is full of sensational features calculated both to hold the interest and to please the people. The stage settings, especially in the safe-blowing scene and the yachting scene in the third act, have never been excelled on this stage. The safe-blowing scene is the brag scene of the play, and is certainly done "to nature." The company, headed by Mr. Losee and Mr. Slaytor, is a very fair one—sufficiently strong to bring out the beauties of the play. The company has had a good season, and, so far as known, has given satisfaction.

Enoch Arden Tonight.

Mr. Henry E. Hoyt, of the Metropolitan opera house and the New York Casino, has personally conceived and executed the scenic accessories with which Newton Beers's revival of Enoch Arden is illuminated. Mr. Hoyt's work will cover an extended range from a wild Cornish coast scene full of life and animation at the opening to the mellow calm of a tropical picture in the Isle of Palms. Within these extremes of landscape there will be ample opportunity for the brush of Mr. Hoyt in a storm and wreck at sea; in the Cornish fair scene, studded with the sports and pastimes of the day and the locality; in the interior of Enoch Arden's cottage; in rustic lanes and leafy dells, and in a splendid church exterior, behind which the marriage of the hero and Annie Lee is supposed to take place. The entire press of Chicago, as well as that of St. Louis and Kansas City, where Enoch Arden has recently been staged, indorse it as one of the greatest dramatic productions ever given in these cities. The promises of Mr. Beers and Mr. Hoyt have been faithfully kept, and a series of splendid stage pictures will be presented upon the appearance of Mr. Beers and his company here tonight and Saturday evening and matinee. A special set of scenery is carried which can be adapted to any stage.

Sol Smith Russell.

Next week will be opened by one of Atlanta's greatest favorites, Sol Smith Russell. Mr. Russell is easily the greatest comedian in his line upon the stage today, and his play, "A Poor Relation," is simply wonderful. The play made a marked success when last seen in this city. Since that time it has been materially improved. Instead of being in four acts it is now played in three, thus making the action more rapid, the interest better sustained, and the situations and climaxes more dramatically effective. In its present state, "A Poor Relation" was presented at Daly's theatre, New York, at the opening of the present season. Its success was instantaneous, and Mr. Russell's fine bit of character acting was the talk of the metropolis for weeks. The play ran a month to crowded houses,

The Emma Abbott Sale.

Tomorrow morning the sale of reserved seats for Emma Abbott's season of grand English opera, beginning Wednesday next at DeGive's opera house, will open at the usual place. The sale is for all performances, four nights and Saturday Abbott matinee. The operas are: Wednesday, "Ernani," Verdi's greatest work; Thursday, "Crown Diamonds," Auber, his most ambitious and brilliant creation; both these operas are now given for the first time in Atlanta; Friday, "Il Trovatore;" Saturday, Abbott matinee, "Romeo and Juliet," Gounod; Saturday evening "Martha," with Abbott's "Last Rose of Summer." Emma Abbott is reputed to be in excellent spirits and brilliant voice, as one of the critics of New Orleans wrote last week, "She is singing today better than she ever sang in her life." Her company also, is newly organized, principals the same chiefly as last season, but chorous and orchestra incomparably stronger. It is, in fact, reported to be much stronger than last season's organization, and the operas are mounted with magnificence. The season is for five performances only, and there is likely to be a lively demand this morning for seats. The company includes Annandale, Mirella, Michelena, Montegriffo, Pruette, Broderick, Allen, Keady and Karl, and the new Abbott chorus and orchestra under Carl Martens. With new operas, new company and new dresses, costumes and mounting, in fact, new everything, the Abbott season here next week is likely to prove the most remarkable in some ways that Miss Abbott ever had here.

Trinity "League" Tonight.

There will be a business meeting of the Young People's Christian league at Trinity church tonight. The meeting is called for the purpose of electing new officers for the ensuing term and for the transaction of other important business. Every member is urgently requested to come out promptly at 7:45 o'clock.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Indications for Georgia.

WASHINGTON, January 16.—Indications for tomorrow: Fair weather, colder in southeast, colder Friday morning in northwestern portion, followed by rising temperature, northerly winds.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A. (Gould Building,) ATLANTA, Ga., January 16.

All observations taken at the same moment of actual time at each place.

Observations taken at 8 p. m.—seventy-fifth meridian time—at each place.

STATIONS.	Barom...	Therm...	Dew Pt..	WIND. Dir'n	WIND. Vel'y	Rainfall.	Weather.
Meridian	30.50	36	24	N	8	.00	Cloudless
Pensacola	30.46	46	30	NE	10	.00	Cloudless
Mobile	30.50	44	32	N	14	.00	Cloudless
Montgomery	30.52	46	20	N	6	.00	Cloudless
New Orleans	30.50	48	40	N	10	.00	Cloudless
Galveston	30.54	48	32	NE	14	.00	Cloudless
Palestine	30.56	58	22	NE	Light	.00	Cloudless
Corpus Christi	30.52	48	32	NE	8	.00	Cloudless
Brownsville	30.50	50	42	N	6	.00	Cloudless
Rio Grande City	30.50	50	30	E	6	.00	Cloudless

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

(Local Time.) TIME OF OBSERVATION.							
7 a. m.	30.37	33	23	NW	26	.22	Pt Cloudy
7 p. m.	30.50	34	29	NW	14	.00	Cloudless

Maximum Thermometer 42
Minimum Thermometer 32
Total Rainfall ..... .22

The New York "University" says of Mr. Chaney's new book, "Belief," "the author's object is to reconcile science and religion, and well has he accomplished it." For sale at Miller's. tf

New map of Atlanta, with guide to Alanta, handsomely bound in cloth, only 25c, by mail 30c. John M. Miller, 31 Marietta street. tf

Since Mr. M. L. Harnett has taken the management of the Marshall house, Savannah, Georgia, the increase in business has been so marked that it is called phenomenal, and speaks well for the popularity of Mr. Harnett.—The Boston Home Journal. jan10 dtf

Popu Lar, Pure,
Fine, Uniform,
Best, Cheapest,
JuicY, Ripe,
TougH Chew.
FavorIte Brand.
Has No Equal.
EasieST to Sell.
Gives gOod Profit.
Q u e e N of Tobacco. 1y

New Revised City Map

of Atlanta, nicely bound in cloth 25c, by mail 30c. John M. Miller, 31 Marietta street. tf

Miss Alcott greatly liked Mr. Chaney's books for boys "F. Grant & Co." and "Tom." She used to read them to her little men and women. For sale at Millers. tf

W. F. Parkhurst,

Accountant and commercial examiner. Partnership and public officers, books and accounts checked up and settlements made individually and on boards of abitration. Also notary public. Office, 27½ Whitehall st.

THE BEST.

There is a certain grade of flour,
Whose qualities create surprise;
Housewives tell of its purity,
And the cook for "Regal Patent" cries.

Many grades rise on the horizon
Of the grocery mart,
But "The Regal Patent" is the flour
Dear to the baker's heart.

No other flour is half so cheap,
Nor yet one-half so pure;
And when other grades forgotten are,
"The Regal Patent" shall endure.

Each dealer thinks his flour the best;
They have the right, I'm sure;
Put "The Regal Patent" to the test,
You'll find it white and pure.

"The staff of life" is bread,
It should be sweet and white;
"The Regal Patent" will make it so,
And very pure and light.

If you would have good bread,
Your table to adorn,
Buy "The Regal Patent Flour"
From your grocers, Hoyt & Thorn.

Never put off till tomorrow
What you should do today;
So hasten to buy "Regal Patent Flour,"
Ere others block the way. jan5 d-5p

A CHAPTER ON BONES.

THE OLD MAN WILL BE SENTENCED TODAY,

And the Day of Trial for the Balance of the Family Will Be Set This Morning—Other Court Matters.

The Bone family will figure in court this morning and a day will be set for their trial.

It is probable, however, that Judge Clark will discharge some of the defendants, remanding the others to jail to await trial.

Life sentence will also be pronounced upon Old Man Bone by Judge Clark today, but he will not be sent to the penitentiary for a couple of weeks, yet, as his attorneys yesterday asked ten days in which to cousider whether or not they would carry the case to the supreme court or move for a new trial.

There is quite a sensational feature connected with the carrying of the case to the supreme court, if that course is determined upon. Hon. James A. Gray, Bone's lawyer, said yesterday that if the supreme court was appealed to he would make it a test case of the constitutionality of a dual superior court in Fulton county.

He would ask the supreme court to pass upon the legality of the verdict rendered on the ground that two branches of a superior court, in one of which a judge from another circuit presided, was not constitutional.

If the test is made it will no doubt create considerable interest, as, if the law were declared unconstitutional, every verdict which has been rendered before Judge Richard H. Clark would be illegal.

Mr. Gray has not positively decided to carry the case up, but is working on the matter, and will make the test if it is appealed.

HOW THE JURY STOOD.

From the talk of a member of the Bone jury yesterday, it seems that the old man had a narrow escape from the gallows. On the first count nine men voted to hang Bone, but on account of his age, and other mitigating circumstances, the three who were for life imprisonment, finally won the others over, and a verdict was agreed on. The juror who made this statement, also said that it was agreed not to let anything out about how they stood, but he gave it away without thinking.

It will be impossible to try the other members of the Bone family indicted for complicity in the Woodward killing before the middle of March or the 1st of April next.

Today the criminal branch of the superior court adjourns for the term, and Judge Clark goes to attend to his business in the Stone Mountain circuit.

This morning it will be decided just when the trial will be set, and also that of the East Point rioters, which was set for last Monday but continued in order that the Bones might be gotten rid of.

The trial of Old Man Bone has been remarkable all the way through. It is one of the few murder cases in which no testimony was introduced by the defense, and still further, in which, after the prisoner had openly plead his guilt, his attorneys interposed a plea of not guilty.

An Old Suit Settled.

A verdict for the plaintiff was yesterday rendered before Judge Marshall J. Clarke in a very sensational case. It was that of Scott against Robinson, and others involving about fifteen thousand dollars. Mr. R. H. Knapp, the defaulting real estate man, figures in the case. W. G. Robinson, the defendant, was a wholesale paper dealer in Atlanta in 1884. In the latter part of that year he failed. His failure was a sensational one. Before the business got into the courts Robinson sold it to his brother, W. B. Robinson, for $1,850 cash, and some other considerations. Three mortgages had been placed on the stock previous to the sale, one for $1,500 to John L. Conley, another of $2,000 to Mrs. John L. Conley, and a third to W. O. Charlton of $20,000. On the trial it developed that this third mortgage was really to Conley, he testifying that he had it made to Charlton to mislead Robinson.

Besides these mortgages, Robinson owed fifteen thousand dollars to the paper trade all over the country. His creditors asked for a receiver. Mr. R. H. Knapp was appointed by Fulton superior court, and before the business was straightened up, he skipped to Canada, carrying with him about five thousand dollars belonging to the Robinson concern.

Suit was brought attaching the legality of the sale to W. B. Robinson, and also the legality of the three mortgages executed to Conley.

The jury returned a verdict annulling the sale and declaring the mortgages invalid. The case has been to the supreme court, and this is the second verdict in favor of the plaintiffs.

Messrs. H. C. Peeples, W. R. Brown and Candler, Thompson & Candler appeared for the plaintiffs, and T. P. Westmoreland, D. P. Hill, A. A. Manning and John L. Conley for the defense.

Several Suits Filed.

Charles Evans, through his attorney, R. J. Jordan, entered suit yesterday against the Georgia Pacific Railroad company, the Richmond and Danville Railroad company, lessees, for $2,000 damages. He alleges that on November 21st last, while coupling freight cars on the Georgia Pacific, his right hand was crushed through the negligence of the company's employes.

Mrs. A. J. Williams, through J. W. Latham, filed a libel for divorce against George W. Williams. Cruel treatment and adultery are alleged as the grounds. Four children, two boys and two girls, are the fruits of the marriage, and these the wife asks the court to entrust to her, as she considers the father is an improper person to entrust them to.

B. H. Hill, attorney for the Tampa Commercial company, entered suit yesterday against the Central Railroad company for $300 damage, alleging that on November 14, 1888, the plaintiff shipped to A. C. Wyly, at Atlanta, 250 boxes of oranges, which arrived safely in Atlanta, and were ordered by the consignee to be delivered to R. W. Tidwell; that the oranges remained undelivered until November 27th, when eighty boxes were found to be spoiled.

Wanted

I can buy for about $2,700, a piece of property which rents for $50 per month. As an inducement to any one who will lend the money for one year with the privilege of two, for the purpose of buying same, I will have deed made to said lender, and will give total income from said property, and in addition, will pay said lender four per cent per annum, payable semi-annually in ADVANCE. Address W. J. W., box 384, Atlanta. jan 17—tf 5p

Cotton Brands.

STENCILS OF ALL KINDS AND RUBBER STAMPS.

We are the largest manufactures in our line in the south. Our workmen are experienced, and goods FIRST-CLASS. We are manufacturing a line of specialties which renders EVERY business office COMPLETE, saves time and dispatches business. Send for our fine illustrated 100 page catalogue, free. Orders filled PROMPTLY. You will save time and money by giving us your business. Notary and corporation seals, bank, railroad and business stamps as well as everything in our line. Agents wated.

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Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of pure strength and healthfulness. More economic than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low-test, short-weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall Street, New York. At wholesale by H. C. Boynton and Shropshire & Dodd, Atlanta, Ga.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

MULLER.—Friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Muller are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of their son, Lawrence Ellis, from their residence 109 Mangum street, 10 a. m., Friday.

OBITUARY.

BORING.—Isaac Boring, son of Rev. Dr. Jesse Boring, and formerly of this place, died near Statenville, Ga., on January 11th.

MEETINGS.

The Atlanta Glass Company.

By order of the board of directors a meeting of the stockholders of the Atlanta Glass Company is called at the company's office for 10 a. m., Tuesday, January 21st, to consider plans for increasing the stock or funding the debt, and increasing capacity of the business. J. W. RANKIN, President.
Jan 12 dtd

Meeting of Directors Confederate Home.

A Meeting of the directors of the Confederate Soldier's Home of Georgia will be held at the new capitol on Tuesday, the 21st of January inst., at 10 o'clock a. m.

Every member of the board of directors is earnestly requested to be present.

By order Chairman Building Committee.
2t W. H. HARRISON, Sec.



There are Shirts in our window---pique and embroidered, open front and back---that are the best values for the price, $1.50, that can possibly be offered.

Our one object now is to reduce our stock of Winter Clothing. Spring is evidently impatient to be with us, and we will not let price interfere with any movement of our heavy suits and overcoats.

We always do what we advertise.

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CENTRAL CITY OF GEORGIA.

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PEARS' SOAP
The Purest, Most Economical and best of ALL SOAPS.
OF ALL DRUGGISTS, BUT BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
nov3—dly mon tues fri sat D

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Purest and the Best.

This is an age of adulteration and cheap goods. Most every article has its counterpart in something cheaper. Groceries are adulterated in almost every conceivable form. Take sugar, for instance. It is very seldom you can get the pure, genuine stuff.

It is that way with Tobacco and Cigars. Probably in no business is the adulteration carried to such an extent as in cigar making. It is right cleverly done, too. A fair-looking and unobjectionable wrapper is filled with trash; merely the pickings and scraps around a tobacco factory. The filling is subjected to chemicals, and furnishes a right decent smoke for the time being. In fact, you can hardly tell whether you are smoking a strictly pure Havana cigar or one of a cheap and adulterated grade. The effect may be observed afterward. While a cheap cigar may be smoked with almost as much pleasure and scarcely feel the effect at the time, yet it will have a deleterious bearing on the human system. There is wherein the danger lies in smoking cheap cigars. It is an old saying, and one that is strictly true, that "it is the best to get the best." Good goods, pure goods, are never hurtful. Instead of having a hurtful character, they have more of a building up, invigorating effect. There is nothing so invigorating, so restful, so delicious, and that drives away care more effectively than a real first-class cigar.

It is our intention to call your attention to two brands that have the approval of connoiseurs all over the country. These brands have been weighed in the balance and found not wanting. To a thoughtful person it is almost useless to call their attention to these brands. They know them. They have usec them. The brands of the cigars referred to, are:

"The Rabbit Foot."

"The Three Kings."

They are manufactured by the celebrated house of Lichtenstein Bros., of New York, and are sold to the trade by Harralson Bros. & Co., of this city. Lichtenstein Bros. are probably the best cigar manufacturers in America, and turn out only the very best class of goods. These cigars are retailed at 5 cents. They are regarded by many to be as good as the regular 10-cent cigar. They are sold to the southern and southwestern trade through the large wholesale house of Harralson Bros. & Co. So popular have they become since being placed on the market that there is scarcely a town throughout the southeastern states that these cigars are not well and favorably known. If you have not had an opportunity to buy them, ask your dealer to order you a box. They furnish a mild, pleasant, restful smoke. sun tues fri

THE FINEST

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And Most Delicious

BUTTERCUPS

Will Be Sold At

30 CENTS!

PER POUND

For a Few Weeks on SATURDAYS.

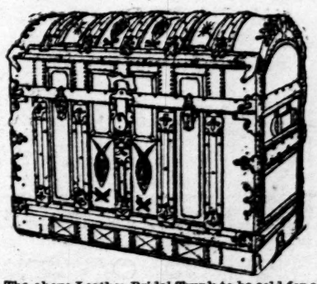
NUNNALLY'S,

36 Whitehall St.
jan11—dtf 5p n r m

THE BRIDAL TRUNK

—AT THE—

ATLANTA TRUNK FACTORY



The above Leather Bridal Trunk to be sold for a few days longer at $9. We have 1,500 Trunks that must be sold at a sacrifice to make room for new spring styles. Come and price them.

MERCHANTS AND DRUMMERS!

You need Sample Cases and Valises. We are headquarters. Best goods at lowest prices. Special to S. T. A.

LIEBERMAN & KAUFMANN

92 and 94 Whitehall St.
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WASHINGTON SEMINARY,

ATLANTA, GA.

Boarding and Day School for Girls. The KINDERGARTEN is in charge of Miss Anna Palmer. The MUSIC SCHOOL is under the direction of Alfredo Barili. MRS. BAYLOR STEWART, Principal.
oct 9—dtf

AMUSEMENTS.

TRINITY CHURCH!

Tuesday Night, January 21st.



MRS. SCOTT SIDDONS

IN HER CELEBRATED

Dramatic Recitals!

Mrs. Siddon's genius and beauty have made her famous on both sides of the Atlantic.

TO ACCOMODATE THE PUBLIC.

By Special Arrangement, Tickets Will be Sold by
Stoney, Gregory & Co.,
George Muse,
Orr & Glover.

Sale will Commence Thursday Morning, January 16th.

TICKETS, $1.00.

CHILDREN UNDER 15 YEARS, HALF-PRICE.

A limited number of Reserved Seats without extra charge.

Mr. Fred Pelham, Director.
jan 14 tf

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.

Friday and Saturday January 17, 18. | Matinee Saturday at 2 p. m.

Newton Beers's

Great Lyric and Pictorial Production,

ENOCH ARDEN.



The Cornish Pandean Singers!
The Feast of Magog!
The Gorgeous Island of Palms!
The Great Shipwreck!
The Port of Undercliffe!
The Old Chapel!
The Bridal Bower!
Glorious Translation of
ENOCH ARDEN!

Regular prices. Reserved seats at Miller's.
jan 12, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Monday and Tuesday, January 20 and 21. | Matinee Tuesday at 2 p. m.

AMERICA'S REPRESENTATIVE COMEDIAN,

SOL SMITH RUSSELL.

Supported by a Superb Company, in

A Poor Relation.

A Comedy Drama by Edward E. Kidder.

A Poem of Laughter and Tears.

THE EMINENT COMEDIAN'S MASTERPIECE.

What Booth is to Tragedy, Russell is to comedy.—St. Louis Chronicle. No increase in price. Reserved seats at Miller's. jan16—tf

FOUR NIGHTS, COMMENCING | WEDNESDAY, JAN. 22
ABBOTT MATINEE SATURDAY.

Sale of Seats Saturday, January 18.

BRILLIANT OPERATIC NOVELTIES!

Engagement of the Famous EMMA



ABBOTT

GRAND ENGLISH OPERA CO.

Largest, Strongest and Only Successful English Opera Company in America! Abbott, Annandale, Mirella, Michelena, Montegriffo, Pruette, Broderick, Allen, Keady, Karl, Martens!

NEWLY REORGANIZED!

GRAND CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA

In This Brilliant and Varied Repertoire:

WEDNESDAY—Verdi's Grand Tragic Opera, (First time in Atlanta.)
ERNANI! ERNANI!
EMMA ABBOTT and Entire Company.

THURSDAY—Auber's Charming Opera, (First time in Atlanta.)
CROWN DIAMONDS!
EMMA ABBOTT and Entire Company.

FRIDAY—Verdi's Grand Opera,
IL TROVATORE!
EMMA ABBOTT and Entire Company.

SATURDAY—Abbott Matinee—Gounod's Exquisite Love Lyric,
ROMEO AND JULIET!
EMMA ABBOTT as Juliet. Entire Company.

SATURDAY—Flowtow's Charming Opera,
MARTHA! MARTHA!
EMMA ABBOTT and Entire Company.

Gorgeous Costumes! Enchanting Music! Brilliant Mise en Scene! PRICES—Reserved—First floor, $1.50; second floor, $1. Matinee—First floor, $1; second floor, 75c.

NOTICE.

The board of police commissioners will inspect all supernumeraries of the force and all new applicants for positions on the force at police headquarters, at 3 o'clock p. m., Saturday, January 18, 1890. Applications from reliable men of good character who desire to become members of the Atlanta police are solicited. I will furnish such with blank forms for application when called for at police headquarters. A. B. CONNOLLY, Chief of Police.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, January 16, 1890.

New York exchange buying at par and selling at ⅛ premium.
Money easy at 8 per cent.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.	Bid.	Asked.
New Georgia 4½s 30 year	119½	120
Georgia 7s, gold	102	103
Georgia 7s, 1896	115	—
S. C. Brown	106	—
Savannah 5s	107	108
Atlanta 8s 1902	124	—
Atlanta 8s, 1892	104	—
Atlanta 7s, 1904	118	—
Atlanta 7s, 1899	113½	115
Atlanta 6s, long date	113	—
Atlanta 6s, short date	100	—
Atlanta 5s, long date	105½	107
Atlanta 4½s	100	105
Augusta 7s, long date	115	—
Macon 6s	114	116
Columbus 5s	103	—
ATLANTA BANK STOCKS.		
Atlanta National	300	—
Atlanta Banking company	120	—
Germania Loan and Banking Co	102½	—
Merchants Bank	150	—
Bank of the State of Georgia	150	—
Gate City National	140	—
Capital City	108	—
Lowry Banking Company	130	—
Merch. & Mechanics B'k'g & L'n	95	100
Atlanta Trust and Banking Co	124	—
Traders' Bank	100	—
RAILROAD BONDS.		
Georgia 6s, 1897	105	—
Georgia 6s, 1910	112	—
Georgia 6s, 1922	113	—
Central 7s, 1893	105	—
Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta	108	110
Atlanta and Charlotte, 1st	117	119
Atlanta and Charlotte, income	100	—
Western of Alabama, 2d	103	104
Georgia Pacific, 1st	110	112
Georgia Pacific, 2d	79	81
Americus, Prest. & L'pkin 1st 7s	110	115
Marietta and North Georgia	103	106
Sav., Americus and Mont. 1st	94	95½
RAILROAD STOCKS.		
Georgia	202	204
Atlanta and Charlotte	88	90
Southwestern	128	—
Central	131	133
Central debenture	98½	100
Augusta and Savannah	139	—
Atlanta and West Point	106	108
Atlanta and West Point debenture	99½	100½

THE STOCK MARKET.

The Day on the Floor of the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, January 16.—The stock market was even less active than for the past few days owing in part to the stoppage of the tickers of the Commercial Telegraph company, which seriously interfered with the business of many brokers, and partly to the apathy of traders, who are again the principal makers of quotations. The feeling at the opening was bullish among traders. A pressure from Union Pacific bears was extended to other stocks and traders turned over to the other side for a turn, and a general decline was the consequence, though fluctuations were extremely narrow and possessed little significance outside of a few leading shares. Sugar refineries was run up about seven per cent on the covering of shorts, though there were large purchases by some firms which had the appearance of long buying and these were helped out by purchases on the long side by traders, who, disgusted with the sluggishness of the railroad list, turned once more to the runts as likely to afford an opportunity to get a profit. There was some selling by those who thought that the stock had already had its rise, and the improvement could not be held, though it closed with a fractional advance. The bears attacked Union Pacific on the opinion of Chairman Walker, though the decline was accelerated by reports from Washington that the government had withdrawn some land grants. The Wisconsin Central was again materially lower on continued liquidation and Jersey Central, late in the day, dropped suddenly from 120 to 119½, but recovered a portion of the loss. Coal stocks were remarkably strong again, and Reading was aided by a report that the mayor of Philadelphia had signed the Terminal bill, while Lackawana was bought largely by influential parties, which had the appearance of investment buying. The lead trust followed sugar, but fluctuated within very narrow limits, and its final change is insignificant.

The market closed dull but heavy, and generally at the lowest prices. Sales aggregated 166,000 listed and 55,000 shares unlisted.

Exchange quiet and steady at 483@487.

Money easy at 3@5.

Subtreasury balances: Coin $161,578,000; currency, $5,989,600.

Governments dull but steady; 4s 126; 4½s 104½.

State bonds dull but steady.

Ala. Class A 2 to 5	106½	N. O. Pacific 1st	90¾
do. Class B 5s	109	N. Y. Central	106¼
Ga. 7s, mortgage	102½	N'f'k Western pre	61¼
N. & C. 6s	124	Northern Pacific	30½
do. 4s	96	do. preferred	73¾
S. C. con. Brown	101½	Pacific Mail	38¼
Tennessee 6s	106	Reading	36¼
Tennessee 5s	102	Rich. & Allegheny	23½
Tenn. settlem't 3s	72½	Rich. & W. P. Ter'l	20¾
Virginia 6s	50	Rock Island	95¾
Virginia consols	32	St. Paul	68¼
Chicago and N. W	109⅞	do. preferred	113⅛
do. preferred	140	Texas Pacific	20¼
Del and Lack	135¼	Tenn. Coal & Iron	85
Erie	26¼	Union Pacific	65⅝
East Tenn., new	9⅛	N. J. Central	120⅞
Lake Shore	104⅞	Missouri Pacific	72⅛
Louisville & Nash	86⅞	Western Union	83¼
Memphis & Char	64	Cotton Oil trust	30⅞
Mobile & Ohio	13	Brunswick	33¼
Nash. & Chat	102	‡Offered.	§Ex-rights.

*Bid. †Ex-dividend.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, January 16, 1890.

Consolidated net receipts today 19,442 bales; for 5 days 122,846 bales; exports to Great Britain 10,199 bales; to France —— bales; to continent 15,206 bales; stock 695,513 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

	Opening.	Closing.
January	10.42@.....	10.39@10.40
February	10.47@.....	10.43@10.44
March	10.54@.....	10.50@10.51
April	19.61@.....	10.57@10.58
May	10.65@.....	10.62@10.63
June	10.70@.....	10.68@10.69
July	10.75@.....	10.72@10.73
August	10.81@.....	10.77@10.78
September	10.37@10.39	10.35@10.37
October	10.08@10.10	10.08@10.10

Closed barely steady; sales 80,500 bales.

The following are the closing quotations of future cotton in New Orleans today:

January	10.04	July	10.37
February	10.02	August	10.37
March	10.09	September	9.92
April	10.06	October	9.58
May	10.23	November	....
June	10.30	December	....

Closed barely steady; sales 43,400 bales.

Local—Market steady; middling 9⅞c.

The following is our table of receipts and shipments:

Receipts	860
Receipts previously	129,117
Total	129,967
Stock September 1	487
Grand total	130,454
Shipments	418
Shipped previously	119,739
Total	120,157
Stock on hand	10,279

Henry Clews & Co.'s Circular.

NEW YORK, January 16—[Special.]—The cotton today was again irregular and unsettled with sharp and frequent variations in prices. After opening buoyant and active, with an advance of 6 points on the early and 4@5 points on the later options, in sympathy with a strong and higher Liverpool market and heavy covering of shorts, the market reacted and closed quiet and barely steady with part of the improvement lost. While the final figures were the lowest of the day, they showed gains of 2@3 points over yesterday's prices. The reaction was brought about by the discovery of some quiet selling for Liverpool account, and receipts coming in nearly 3,000 bales over the estimate, attended with a bear raid. Beyond the abovementioned foreign selling and some realizing sales for southern account, the trading was local and confined principally among the scalpers and big operators. Spot cotton ruled firm and 1-16c higher here with sales of 351 bales, while the southern markets were less active and unchanged in prices, except Norfolk and Savannah, which were 1-16c higher. The receipts at the ports today were 19,442 bales, against 17,516 bales last week and 22,749 bales last year. So far this week 122,846 bales, against 107,485 bales last week, while the exports were 8,456 bales to Great Britain and 13,369 bales to the continent. HENRY CLEWS & CO.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, January 16—12:15 p. m.—Cotton quiet with a moderate inquiry; middling uplands 6¼; sales 8,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 8,000; American 2,600; uplands low middling clause January and February delivery 5 47-64, 5 48-64; February and March delivery 5 48-64; March and April delivery 5 49-64, 5 50-64; April and May delivery 5 50-64, 5 51-64; May and June delivery 5 52-64, 5 53-64; July and August delivery 5 54-64, 5 55-64; August and September delivery 5 53-64, 5 55-64; futures opened firm.

LIVERPOOL, January 16—2:00 p. m.—Sales of American 6,000 bales; uplands low middling clause January delivery 5 48-64, sellers; January and February delivery 5 48-64, sellers; February and March delivery 5 49-64, sellers; March and April delivery 5 50-64, value; April and May delivery 5 52-64, sellers; May and June delivery 5 53-64, buyers; June and July delivery 5 54-64, buyers; July and August delivery 5 55-64, buyers; August and September delivery 5 56-64, sellers; futures firm.

LIVERPOOL, January 16—4:00 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause January delivery 5 49-64, sellers; January and February delivery 5 49-64, sellers; February and March delivery 5 49-64, sellers; March and April delivery 5 50-64, sellers; April and May delivery 5 52-64, sellers; May and June delivery 5 53-64, sellers; June and July delivery 5 54-64, sellers; July and August delivery 5 55-64, sellers; August and September delivery 5 55-64, buyers; futures closed barely steady.

NEW YORK, January 16—Cotton steady; sales 137 bales; middling uplands 10¼; Orleans 10¼; net receipts 717; gross 3,049; stock 137,275.

GALVESTON, January 16—Cotton dull; middling 10; net receipts 3,359 bales; gross 3,359; sales none; stock 55,822.

NORFOLK, January 16—Cotton steady; middling 10 3-16; net receipts 1,925 bales; gross 1,925; stock 40,870; sales 1,034; exports coastwise 300.

BALTIMORE, January 16—Cotton nominal; middling 10⅝; net receipts none bales; gross 1,055; sales none; to spinners 100; stock 5,180; exports to Griat Britain 3,066; to continent 1,057.

BOSTON, January 16—Cotton quiet; middling 10⅝; net receipts 200 bales; gross 3,049; sales none; stock none.

WILMINGTON, January 16—Cotton steady; middling 10; net receipts 291 bales; gross 291; sales none; stock 11,915.

PHILADELPHIA, January 16—Cotton firm; middling 10¾; net receipts 1,025 bales; gross 1,025; sales none; stock 19,922; exports to Great Britain 762.

SAVANNAH, January 16—Cotton quiet; middling 10; net receipts 4,158 bales; gross 4,158; sales 1,050; stock 60,599; exports to continent 10,190; coastwise 2,072.

NEW ORLEANS, January 16—Cotton quiet; middling 10; net receipts 4,853 bales; gross 4,853; sales 6,000; stock 309,630; exports to Great Britain 4,628; to continent 2,622.

MOBILE, January 16—Cotton firm; middling 10; net receipts 152 bales; gross 152; sales 300; stock 28,589; exports coastwise 433.

MEMPHIS, January 16—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 10; net receipts 1,289 bales; shipments 7,378; sales 3,000; to spinners none; stock 128,743.

AUGUSTA, January 16—Cotton firm; middling 10; net receipts 810 bales; shipments 383; sales 788; stock 24,763.

CHARLESTON, January 16—Cotton firm; middling 10; net receipts 1,336 bales; gross 1,336; sales 400; stock 31,710.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, January 16—There was a rather strong undertone in the wheat market today, and, while prices did not vary particularly from yesterday, still there seemed to be a firmer feeling, and the closing was about ⅛c higher than yesterday.

Corn continued to rule quiet, though there is perhaps more in a speculative way than yesterday. The feeling developed was easier, and trading was at slightly lower prices.

For a short period the market in oats presented a fair degree of animation. A temporary flutter of excitement was occasioned by increased May delivery offerings, which were apparently induced by a weaker corn market. Under the pressure which was put upon the market the feeling became weaker, and a point below yesterday's closing quotations was touched.

Only a fair business was reported in mess pork, and the market ruled steadier.

A little more business was transacted in the lard market, still trading was limited. The market closed steady.

There was moderate trading in short ribs, and the feeling was stronger. Offerings were not very large, and the demand was fair.

The following was the range in the leading futures in Chicago today:

	Opening.	Highest.	Closing.
WHEAT—			
January	77	77	77
February	77⅝	77⅝	77⅝
May	81⅜	81¾	81½
CORN—			
January	28¾	28¾	28⅝
February	29⅜	29⅜	29¼
May	31¾	31¾	31⅝
OATS—			
January	20	20	20
February	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛
May	22⅛	22⅛	22
PORK—			
January	9 42½	9 42½	9 42½
February	9 52½	9 52½	9 50
May	9 90	9 90	9 87½
LARD—			
January	5 82½	5 82½	5 82½
February	5 85	5 87½	5 87½
May	6 05	6 07½	6 07½
SIDES—			
January	4 67½	4 67½	4 67½
February	4 67½	4 70	4 70
May	4 90	4 92½	4 90

The Petroleum Market.

NEW YORK, January 16—The petroleum market opened steady at 104¼, but after the first sales became strong and advanced to 106. A reaction followed, on which the market closed steady at 105¼.

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, January 16, 1890.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

NEW YORK, January 16—Flour, southern dull and weak; common to fair extra $2.50@2.85; good to choice $3.10@5.10. Wheat, spot dull but firmer; No. 2 red 86¾@87 in elevator; options fairly active, ⅛@¼c up and steedy; No. 2 red January 86¾; February 87¼; March 88¼; May 88¾. Corn, spot firmer and moderately active; No. 2 38¼ in elevator; options more active and unchanged to ⅛c up; January 38⅛; February 38¾; March 38⅞; May 39⅝. Oats, spot dull and weaker; options steady but dull; January 28⅞; February 28⅜; May 27¾; No. 2 spot 29; mixed western 26½@30. Hops steady and quiet; state new 9@15; old 7@11.

ATLANTA, January 16—Flour—First patent $5.50; second patent $5.00; extra fancy $4.75; fancy $4.50; family $4.00@4.25. Corn—White 50c in car lots; 51c in dray lots; mixed 49c in car lots; 52c in dray lots. Oats—No. 2 mixed 34@35c. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, 95c; No. 1 timothy, large bales 90c; choice timothy, small bales, 95c; No. 1 timothy, small bales, 90c; No. 2 timothy, small bales, 85c. Meal—Plain 50c; bolted 53c. Wheat bran—Large sacks 78c; small 80. Cotton seed meal—$1.20 ℔ cwt. Steam feed $1.35 ℔ cwt. Grits—Pearl $3.00.

ST. LOUIS, January 16—Flour unchanged; choice $2.70@2.85; fancy $3.30@3.45; patents $4.10@4.20. Wheat higher, fluctuating wildly; closed ⅛c above above yesterday; No. 2 red cash 77⅛@77⅞; January 77⅛; May 80¾@80⅞; June 80⅛@80¼. Corn quiet; No. 2 mixed cash 25¾; February 26@26⅛ asked; May 28@28⅛ asked. Oats firm; No. 2 cash 20¾; May 21¾; August 21½ yeked; no bid.

BALTIMORE, January 16—Flour fairly active; Howard street and western superfine $2.25@2.75; extra $2.90@3.60; family $3.90@4.40; city mills Rio brands extra $4.25@4.50. Wheat, southern quiet; Fultz 72@83; longberry 73@84; western steady; No. 2 winter red spot and January 80½@80¾. Corn, southern firm; white 38@41; yellow 38@41.

CINCINNATI, January 16—Flour quiet; family $2.90@3.20; fancy $3.60@3.80. Wheat strong; No. 2 red 80. Corn in moderate demand; No. 2 mixed 33. Oats firmer; No. 2 mixed 24.

CHICAGO, January 16—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour steady and unchanged. No. 2 spring wheat 77; No. 3 spring —; No. 2 red 77. No. 2 corn 28⅜@28¾. No. 2 oats 20.

LOUISVILLE, January 16—Grain quiet. Wheat No. 2 red 75; No. 2 longberry 77. Corn, No. 2 mixed 34; do. white 35. Oats, No. 2 mixed 24@24½.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, January 16—Coffee—Arbuckle's and Levering's roasted 24¼c for 100 ℔ cases. Green—Extra choice 22½c; choice 20@21; good 19½c; fair 19c; common 17½@18c. Sugar—Granulated 7⅜c; off granulated 7¼c; powdered 8⅛c; cut loaf 8⅞c; white extra C 7⅛c; yellow extra C 6⅞c. Syrup—New Orleans choice 48@50c; prime 35@40c; common 30@35c. Molasses—Genuine Cuba 35@38c; imitation 28@30c. Teas—Black 35@55c; green 40@60c. Nutmegs 65@75c. Cloves 25@30c. Cinnamon 10@12½c. Allspice 8@9c. Jamaica ginger 18c; race 7¼@8¼c. Singapore pepper 18@20c. Mace 75@80c. Rice—Chice 6½c; good 5½@6c; common 4¾@5c; imported Japan 6@7c. Salt—Hawley's dairy $1.60; Virginia 75c. Cheese—Full cream 11¼c; skim 9@10c. White fish—½ bbls $3.25@3.50; pails 50c. Soaps—Tallow, 100 bars 75 ℔s $3.00@3.75; turpentine, 60 bars 60 ℔s, $2.00@2.25; tallow, 60 bars 60 ℔s, $2.25@2.50. Candles—Peraffine 12½@14c; star 10@11c. Matches—400s $4.00; 300s $3.00@3.75; 200s $2.00@2.75; 60s 5 gross $3.75. Soda—Kegs, bulk, 4@4½c; kegs, 1 ℔ packages, 4¾c; cases, assorted, 5½ ℔s, 5½c; ½ ℔ 6c. Crackers—X soda 5c; XXX soda 5½c; X pearl oyster 5c; XXX do. 5½c; lemon cream 8c; cornhills 10c. Candy—Assorted stick 9½c; French mixed 12½c. Canned goods—Condensed milk $6.00@8.00; mackerel $4.75@5.00; salmon $7.00@8.50; F. W. oysters $1.85@2.00; G. W. $1.25; corn $2.00@2.75; tomatoes $1.75@2.50. Ball potash $2.75@3.00. Starch—Pearl 4c; lump 4½c; nickel package $3.00; celluloid $5.00. Pickles—Plain or mixed, pints $1.00@1.10; quarts $1.50@1.75.

NEW ORLEANS, January 16—Coffee, Rio cargoes common and prime 16½@20½. Sugar firm; Louisiana open kettle choice 4¾; strictly prime 4¾; prime 4 11-16; fair to good fair 4⅜@4 7-16; good common 4¼@4⅝; centrifugals, plantation granulated 6 13-16; off do. 6⅝; choice white 6⅝; off white 6¼@6 5 5-16; choice yellow clarifled 6@6 1-16; prime do. 5 13-16@5⅞; off do. 5⅝. Molasses strong; Louisiana open kettle fancy 41; choice 39@40; common to good prime 18@35; centrifugals, fancy 31; choice 29; strictly prime 24@25; good prime 20@21; prime 18@20; good fair 17; good common 16. Louisiana syrup 26@30. Rice steady; Louisiana ordinary to good 3¼@4½.

NEW YORK, January 16—Coffee, options closed steady and unchanged to 10 points down; January 15.85; February 15.80; May 15.85@15.90; June 15.90; September 15.90; spot dull and easy; Rio cargoes 19¾. Sugar, raw firm but quiet; fair to good refining 5¼; centrifugal 96-test 5 9-16@5⅝; no sales; refined steady and in fair demand; C 5¼@5⅜; extra C 5½@5¾; white do. 5⅞@6⅛; yellow C 5⅛@5¼; off A 5⅞@6; mould A 6¾; standard A 6½; confectioners A 6¼; cut loaf and crushed 7⅜; powdered 6¾; granulated 6½; cubes 6¾. Molasses, foreign nominal; 50-test 30; New Orleans weak; open kettle common to fancy 31@44. Rice steady and in better demand; domestic 4¼@6⅛; Japan 4⅛@5¼.

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, January 16—Provisions firmer. Pork $9.87½@10.00. Lard, prime steam 5.50. Dry salt meats, loose, 30 days, shoulders 3.75; long clear 4.75; clear ribs 4.75; short clear 4.95. Bacon, boxed shoulders 4.37½@4.50; long clear 4.37½@4.50; clear ribs 4.37½@4.50; clear sides 5.65@5.75; hams 9¼@12¼.

ATLANTA, January 16—Clear ribs sides boxed 5½; ice-cured bellies 8½. Sugar-cured hams 11@12, according to brand and average; California 6½; canvassed shoulders 6¼@6½; breakfast bacon 10½@12. Lard—Pure leaf 7⅞@8; leaf 7¼@7½; refined 6.

NEW YORK, January 16—Pork active and firm; new mess $10.50; old $9.75@10.25; extra prime $9.25@9.75. Middles inactive; short clear 5.25. Lard firm with an active export inquiry; western steam spot 6.20; city steam 5.75; options, February 6.22; March 6.30.

LOUISVILLE, January 16—Provisions quiet. Bacon, clear rib sides nominal; clear sides 6.00; shoulders 5.00. Bulk meats, clear rib sides 5.25; clear sides 5.37½; shoulders 4.50. Mess pork $10.00. Hams, sugar-cured 10@10½. Lard, prime steam in tierces 6.

CHICAGO, January 16—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork $9.50. Lard 5.82½. Short ribs, loose 4.65@4.75. Dry salt shoulders boxed 4.12½@4.25; short clear sides boxed 4.95@5.00.

CINCINNATI, January 16—Pork firmer at 9.87½. Lard strong; current make 5.75. Bulk meats firm; short ribs 4.75@4.87½. Bacon firm; short clear 6.12½@6.25.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, January 16—Turpentine firm at 40; rosin firm; strained $1.00; good strained $1.05; tar firm at $1.69; crude turpentine firm; hard $1.20; yellow dip and virgin $2.20.

NEW YORK, January 16—Rosin quiet; common to good strained $1.20@1.22½; turpentine dull at 43¼@44.

CHARLESTON, January 16—Turpentine steady at 41; rosin firm; good strained $1.02½.

SAVANNAH, January 16—Turpentine, nothing doing; 40½ paid; rosin firm at $1.02½@1.07½.

Fruits and Confections.

ATLANTA, January 16—Apples $3.75@4.50 ℔ bbl. Lemons $3.25@4.00. Oranegs $2.75@3.50. Cocoanuts 5½c. Pineapples $1.50 ℔ doz. Bananas—Selected $1.75@2.00. Figs 13@18c. Raisins—New London $3.50@5.50; ½ boxes $1.75; ¼ boxes 90. Currants 7½@8c. Leghorn citron 27c. Nuts—Almonds 17c; pecans 10@12c; Brazil 12c; filberts 12½c; walnuts 16c. Malaga grapes, 50 ℔ barrel $8.00.

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, January 16—Horses—Plug $65@90; good drive $150@200; drivers $125@140; fine $250@300. Mules—14½ to 15 hands $115@150; 15½ to 16 hands $150@200. Cattle—Tennessee steers $3.00@4.00; Georgia raised $2.00@5.00. Hogs—None on the market. Sheep—Tennessee $3.00@4.00; lambs $5.00@5.50.

CINCINNATI, January 16—Hogs lower; common and light $3.25@3.75; packing and butchers $3.60@3.75.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, January 16—Eggs 12½c. Butter—Choice Tennessee 20c; other grades 12½@14c. Poultry—Hens 30c; young chickens, large 18@25c; small 10@14c. Irish potatoes $2.25. Sweet potatoes 80c. Honey—Strained 6@8c; in the comb 10@12c. Onions $2.00. Cabbage 2c.

—THE—

Southern Electro Plate & Mfg Co.

134 and 136 Marietta Street.

ELECTRO PLATING

—IN—

GOLD, SILVER, COPPER, NICKEL & BRONZE.

Repairing and Replating Tableware.

CHANDELIERS REFINISHED

RECEIVER'S SALE.

A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF men's, youths' and boys' clothing and furnishing goods, consisting of men's and boys' clothing to amount of $6,000.

Men's underwear to amount of $1,500.

Men's handkerchiefs, ties and scarfs to amount of $2,000.

Men's fine and medium shoes to amount of $600.

Trunks, valises, etc., to amount of $250.

Silk and cotton umbrellas to amount $175.

Notions and fancy goods to amount of $500.

Making a total of $11,625 worth of goods to be disposed of.

This elegant stock of goods is new, late style and well assorted, and will be offered to the highest bidder on Saturday, January 18th, for the benefit of the creditors, and for cash.

The above amounts represent the cost, according to the cost mark.

The sale will begin at 12 o'clock, sharp. Goods open to inspection until the hour of sale.

P. C. CLEGG,
J. B. FELDER,
Receivers.

jan 10 d td

TEXAS LANDS.

PARTIES INTERESTED IN TEXAS LAND will find it to their interest to correspond with

THOMSON & DONAN, Austin, Texas.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Showing the Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City—Central Time.

ARRIVE.	DEPART.
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.	
*No. 3, from Savannah ......7 00 am	*No. 2, to Macon, Albany, Thomasville and Sanannah......7 00 am
*No. 15, from Griffin and East Point.....8 00 am	*No. 14, for Macon, ...10 42 pm
*No. 11, from Jacksonville, Albany and Macon......11 45 am	No. 20, to Hapeville, ...11 50 am
No. 19, from Hapeville and E. Point...1 50 pm	*No. 12, to Macon, Albany and Jacksonville, ...2 15 pm
*No. 1, from Jacksonville, Savannah and Macon.........5 45 pm	*No. 16, to East Point and Griffin.....5 00 pm
*No. 13, from Thomasville, Albany and Macon..........9 30 pm	*No. 4, to Macon, Savannah and Jacksonville ......7 05 pm
EAST TENN., VA. & GA. R'Y.	
*No. 14, from Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville.......10 30 am	*No. 12, for Rome, New York, Cincinnati, Kn'xville and Memphis, and Ala. points....7 40 pm
*No. 13, from New York, Knoxville, Nashville and Cin'nati...11 50 am	*No. 14, for Rome, Nashville, Cincinnati, New York and Memphis ......2 00 pm
*No. 11, from Cincinnati Nashville and Knoxville..........12 40 am	*No. 11, for Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville.......12 50 am
*No. 12, from Savannah, Jacksonville, Brunswick, Macon...7 55 pm	*No. 13, for Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville.......12 00 m
WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.	
From Chat'ga*.. 6 32am	To Chattanooga* 7 50am
From Marietta.. 8 35am	To Marietta.....11 45am
From Rome......11 05am	To Chattanooga* 1 35pm
From Chat'ga*.. 1 45pm	To Rome......... 3 45pm
From Marietta.. 2 58pm	To Marietta...... 4 35pm
From Chat'ga*.. 6 40pm	To Chattanooga* 6 18pm
From Chat'ga*..10 32pm	To Chattanooga*11 15pm
From Marietta‡.10 30am	To Marietta‡..... 4 00pm
ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.	
From Selma*.... 6 50am	To Selma*....... 1 25pm
From West Pt... 9 15am	To West Point.. 3 35pm
From Selma*.... 2 10pm	To Selma*....... 9 50pm
GEORGIA RAILROAD.	
From Augusta*. 6 30am	To Augusta*.... 8 00am
From Covin't'n.. 7 55am	To Decatur....... 8 55am
From Decatur...10 15am	To Clarkston....12 10pm
From Augusta*. 1 00pm	To Augusta*..... 2 45pm
From Clarkston. 2 20pm	To Decatur....... 3 45pm
From Decatur... 4 45pm	To Covington.... 6 20pm
Brom Augusta*. 5 45pm	To Augusta*.....11 15pm
PIEDMONT AIR-LINE. (Richmond and Danville Railroad.)	
From Lula...... 7 50am	To Washington*. 7 10am
From Wash'ton*11 00am	To Lula........... 4 30pm
From Wash'ton* 9 40pm	To Washington*. 6 00pm
GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY.	
From Gre'n'ille*. 6 05am	To Birm'gham*. 1 13pm
From Tal'poosa*. 9 15am	To Tallapoosa*.. 5 00pm
From Birm'm*.. 2 00pm	To Greenville*..10 45pm
ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD.	
From Fort Valley *11 50 am and 6 15 pm	To Fort Valley *3 05 pm and 7 00 am

*Daily. ‡Sunday only. All other trains daily, except Sunday. Central time.

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GATE CITY NAT'L BANK
OF ATLANTA, GA.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $300,000

SAFE DEPOSIT AND STORAGE VAULTS.

Boxes to rent from $5 to $20 per annum, according to size.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS AS FOLLOWS:

Issues Demand Certificates, Draw interest at the rate of 3 per cent per annum if left 4 months; 4 per cent per annum if left 6 months; 4½ per cent per annum if left 12 months.

Accommodations to customers limited solely by the requirements of sound banking principles. Patronage solicited. oct 4—dtf

FARM LOANS
8 PER CENT NET TO LENDERS.
25 Years' Experience.
15 Years in Iowa, and 10 Years in Georgia and Alabama.

Three Million Dollars negotiated without loss of a dollar. Loans of $300 to $5,000 on hand, for sale almost any day from October to May. I will be glad to submit copies of applications for loans to investors at any time for consideration, and will consider it a favor to be asked to do so, either by mail or in person. C. P. N. BARKER,
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OF ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

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CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $460,000.
Individual Liability Same as National Banks.

Transacts a general banking business. Commercial paper discounted. Loans made upon approved collateral, and collections on points in the United States, Canada and throughout Europe, made on the most favorable terms.

We draw our own
BILLS OF EXCHANGE
on Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, France, Austria and other European countries. Invite the accounts of individuals, banks, bankers, firms and corporations. Issue
DEMAND CERTIFICATES
or book in
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
to draw interests at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum if left 60 days.
4 per cent per annum if left six months.
4½ per cent per annum if left twelve months.
top col fin p

MADDOX, RUCKER & CO.,
BANKERS,
36 WEST ALABAMA STREET.

Transact a general banking business.
Receive deposits subject to check at sight.
Buy and sell exchange.
Collections made on all accessible points.
Allows 5 per cent interest on time deposits. tf

Atlanta Trust and Banking Co.
COR. PRYOR AND ALABAMA STS.
CAPITAL AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS $190,000.

Accounts of Banks, Merchants and others solicited. Ready at all times to extend to customers any accommodations consistent with sound banking.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.
—OUR—
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Is run on a different plan to that of any bank in the state. Call and let us explain our plan.
oct 14—d 1yr finan col

FOR SALE.

100 Shares Capital City Bank stock,
$3,500 A. P. & L. Bonds.
$1,600 Augusta Long and Short Date Bonds.
$1,500 Germania Loan and Banking Co. stock.
20 shares Merchants Bank stock.

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Main office, 10 Wall street, New York. The only direct private wire to New York, hence service superior to any other house. Full and continuous markets received. Stocks, bonds, grain, provisions, petroleum and cotton bought and sold for cash or on margin. Orders promptly executed.
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DARWIN G. JONES,
A large block of Investment Securities for sale.
Stock, Bonds and Loans.
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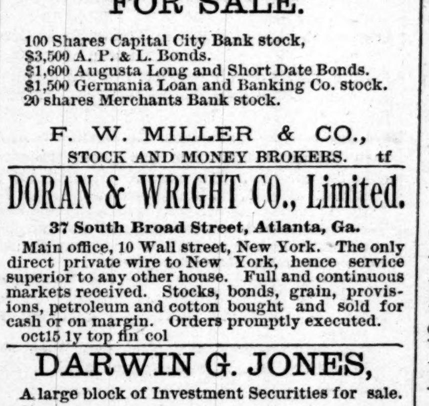
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Dealer in Investment Securities,
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Room 7, Gate City Bank Building.

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CAPITAL $100,000.
JAMES R. WYLY, Pres. | W. J. VANDYKE, V. Pres.
EDWARD S. PRATT, Cashier.

Transacts a general banking business. Receives the accounts of banks, business firms and indi viduals. Makes collections in all accessible points in this and adjoining states at current rates.
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$250,000.

I am prepared to negotiate loans to this amount on improved farms and city property at very low rates. If you wish to secure a loan on your property apply at once to Thomas Willingham, Attorney at Law, Office 32 1-2 S. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga. j9-dly



The shortest line from Chattanooga and Birmingham to New Orleans.

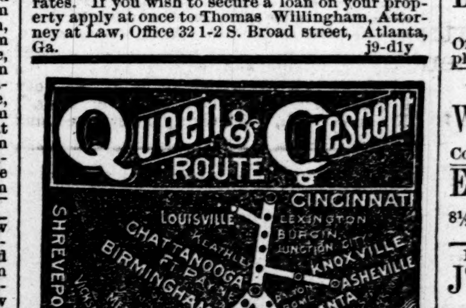
Direct conndction is made for Texas, Mexico and California.

Only eleven hours from Chattanooga to Cincinnati and Louisville with through trains and no change.

Direct connection made in Cincinnati for the

Northwest, North and East, St. Louis, Chicago, Cleveland, Buffalo,

Niagara Falls, Canada, New York and Boston.
W. E. Reynolds, T. P. A., No. 15 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.
D. J. Mullaney, Division Passenger Agent, Chattanooga, Tenn.
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FLORIDA FRUITS, FLOUR, HAY, CORN, OATS,
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HOME LOAN & BANKING COMP'NY.
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Capital,	$125,000.00
Cash Capital,	81,989.16
Individual Liability,	250,000.00

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Loans money on Real Estate on the installment plan in amounts from $100 up.
Purchase money notes bought and sold.
Seven per cent guaranteed mortgages on Atlanta Real Estate for sale.
Will negotiate loans and act as agent or trustee for individuals, estates or corporations.
Will act as administrator or executor of estates.
Can invest trust funds to advantage.
Prompt attention given to all correspondence and business placed in our hands.
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ATLANTA MACHINE WORKS!
L. H. BECK, President. JOHN CAREY, Sec. and Treas. W. COOK, Supt.
FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS!
—MANUFACTURERS OF—
THE COOK IMPROVED ABSORPTION ICE MACHINE,

Boilers, Smoke Stacks, Tanks, Shaftings, Pulleys, Hangers, Saw Mills, Mill Gearing, Gold Mining Machinery, and Castings of all descriptions. General Repair Work attended to promptly.
Corner Georgia Railroad and King Sts., Atlanta, Ga. Telephone No. 56.

PASSENGER SCHEDULE

GEORGIA SOUTHERN & FLORIDA RAILROAD.

SUWANEE RIVER ROUTE TO FLORIDA.

Taking Effect December 29th, 1889. Standard Time. 90th Meridian.

GOING SOUTH.

	No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 5.	No. 11.
Lv Macon	10 45 a m	11 15 p m	5 30 p m	6 00 a m
Ar Cordele	12 52 p m	1 06 a m	8 12 p m	12 10 p m
Ar Tifton	2 08 p m		9 45 p m	5 50 p m
				No. 13.
Lv Tifton	2 28 p m	2 13 a m		6 30 a m
Ar Valdosta	4 16 p m	3 35 a m		10 40 a m
Ar Jasper	5 28 p m	4 43 a m		3 15 p m
Ar Lake City	6 45 p m	5 55 a m		5 30 p m
Ar Jacksonville	9 20 p m	8 30 a m		

GOING NORTH.

	No. 2.	No. 4.	No. 6.	No. 12.
Lv Jacksonville	7 35 a m	4 10 p m		
Lv Lake City	10 00 a m	7 00 p m		7 00 a m
Ar Jasper	11 05 a m	8 10 p m		9 35 a m
Ar Valdosta	12 12 p m	9 20 p m		12 01 p m
Ar Tifton	1 48 p m	11 00 p m		6 05 p m
				No. 14.
Lv Tifton	2 08 p m	12 28 p m	6 30 a m	7 00 a m
Ar Cordele	3 17 p m	12 25 a m	8 00 a m	12 20 p m
Ar Macon	5 20 p m	2 50 a m	10 30 a m	7 15 p m

Trains Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 stop between Macon and Tifton only at Cordele, and at stations south of Tifton.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars on trains Nos. 3 and 4.

All trains arrive and depart from union depot, Macon, except No. 11 and 12, accommodation trains, which arrive and depart from Macon Junction.

A. C. KNAPP, Traffic Manager. J. T. HOGE, General Passenger Agent.
General Offices: Macon, Ga.

PROEESSIONAL CARDS.

ATTORNEYS.

ERNEST C. KONTZ,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Room 43, Gate City Bank Building, Atlanta, Ga. tf—10-19

HUGH V. WASHINGTON,
Attorney at Law, Macon, Ga.
Practice in State and Federal Courts. Business of non-residents will receive careful attention. nov8 3m

VAN VALKENBURG & CARSWELL,
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jan16—d3m

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R. T. Dorsey. Albert Howell, Jr.
DORSEY & HOWELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
Offices 4 and 5, No. 27½ Whitehall street. Telephone No. 520. 7-10 1y

C. D. MADDOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
6½ Alabama Street, Atlanta, Ga.

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No. 55½ Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 512.

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LAWYER.
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ATTORNEY AT LAW,
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W. W. LAMBDIN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
12½ East Alabama street. Telephone 379.
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nov1-6m

BENJAMIN H. HILL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Will practice in state and United States courts. Office 34½ Peachtree, rooms 1 and 2. Office telephone 149—three calls—Residence 132.

A. R. Wright. Max Meyerhardt.
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EUGENE M. MITCHELL,
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8-16 6m

H. C. Johnson. I. H. Johnson.
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N. J. & T. A. HAMMOND,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS A LAW.
Rooms Nos. 41 and 42, Gate City Bank building. T. A. Hammond, Jr., Commissioner for taking Depositions in Fulton county.

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WILLIAM W. GOODRICH,
ARCHITECT.
Rooom 44, Traders' Bank building.
ATLANTA, GA.
Take Elevator. 9-17 1y

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GARDNER, PYNE & GARDNER,
of Springfield, Mass., and Washington, D. C., have opened office in Atlanta, Room No. 65 Gould building. E. C. Gardner, George R. Pyne, G. C. Gardner.
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L. B. WHEELER,
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Office fourth floor Chamberlin & Boynton building corner Whitehall and Hunter streets. Take elevator.

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6 North Broad street. Branch office 1455 Broadway, New York. Dealers in Wall Paper, Lincrusta Walton, Room Mouldings, etc. jy21-1y

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Plans and estimates made for water supply, sewerage and general engineering work; construction superintended. Best of references, including work completed and in progress. Sewerage a specialty. Correspondence solicited.

SURGERY.

TO THE MEDICAL PROFESSION:
SPECIAL SURGERY
And the medical and surgical treatment of Hemorrhoidal and rectal diseases.
K. C. DIVINE, M. D.,
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$3.00, $3.00, $3.00
For One Dozen Cabinet Photographs.
J. J. FABER,
28 1-2 Whitehall Street.

KIDNEY and any urinary troubles easily, safely and quickly cured by DOCUTA capsules. Severest cases cured in seven days. Sold $1.50 per box, all druggists, or by mail from Dock Mf'g. Co., 112 White street, New York. Full directions.

THE GEORGIA RAILROD.
GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY
OFFICE GEN'L MANAGER.
AUGUSTA, Ga., September 21st, 1889.

Commencing Tuesday, 2d instant, the following passenger schedule will be operated:

No. 27 WEST—DAILY.

Leave Augusta	7 45 a m
Leave Washington	7 20 a m
Leave Athens	8 30 a m
Leave Gainesville	5 55 a m
Arrive Atlanta	1 00 p m

No. 28 EAST—DAILY.

Leave Atlanta	2 45 p m
Leave Gainesville	5 55 a m
Arrive Athens	7 00 p m
Arrive Washington	7 20 p m
Arrive Augusta	8 15 p m

DAY PASSENGER TRAINS.

No 2 EAST—DAILY.	No. 1 WEST—DAILY.
Lv. Atlanta......8 00 a m	Lv. Augusta.....11 05 a m
Ar. Gainesvile...8 15 p m	Lv. Wash'ton....11 10 a m
Ar. Athens.......5 15 p m	Lv. Athens........8 40 a m
Ar. Washington2 30 p m	Ar. Gainesville. 8 25 p m
Ar. Augusta....3 15 p m	Ar. Atlanta.......5 45 p m

NIGHT EXPRESS AND MAIL.

No. 4 EAST DAILY.	No. 3 WEST—DAILY.
Lv. Atlanta......11 15 p m	Lv. Augusta.....11 00 p m
Ar. Augusta.......6 45 a m	Ar. Atlanta.......6 30 a m

DECATUR TRAIN—Daily except Sunday.

Lv. Atlanta.....8 55 a m	Lv. Decatur.....9 45 a m
Ar. Decatur......9 23 a m	Ar. Atlanta.....10 15 a m
Lv. Atlanta......3 45 p m	Lv. Decatur.....4 20 p m
Ar. Decatur......4 10 p m	Ar. Atlanta......4 45 p m

COVINGTON ACCOM'N—Daily except Sunday.

Lv. Atlanta........6 20 p m	Lv. Covington.....5 40 a m
Lv. Decatur.......6 56 p m	Lv. Decatur........7 25 a m
Ar. Covington....8 35 p m	Ar. Atlanta.........7 50 a m

MACON NIGHT EXPRESS—Daily.

No. 31 WESTWARD.	No 32 EASTWARD.
Lv. Camak.......1 30 a m	Lv. Macon.........8 00 p m
Ar. Macom.......7 30 p m	Ar. Camak........12 30 a m

UNION POINT AND WHITE PLAIN RAILROAD.

Leave Union Point	*10 10 a m	* 5 40 p m
Arrive Siloam	10 35 a m	6 05 p m
Arrive White Plains	11 10 a m	6 40 p m
Leave White Plains	* 8 00 a m	* 3 30 p m
Leave Siloam	8 35 a m	4 05 p m
Arrive Union Point	9 00 a m	4 30 p m

*Daily except Sunday.
No connection for Gainesville on Sunday.
Sleeping car to Charleston on trains Nos. 4 and 28.

Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will, if signalled stop at any regular schedule flag station.

Trains No. 27 and 28 will stop and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Harlem, Dearing, Thompson, Norwood, Barnett, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greenesboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Lithonia, Stone Mountain and Decatur. 27 makes close connection for all points north and northwest.

Trains 1 and 2, dinner at Union Point.
Train No. 28, supper at Harlem.

J. W. GREEN, Gen'l Manager. E. R. DORSEY, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
JOE. W. WHITE, T. P. A., Augusta, Ga.

THE NEWS IN ALABAMA

THE L. AND N. DEAL STIRRING UP CONSIDERABLE COMMENT.

What the Transportation Meeting Did—Railroad Men Here Yesterday—What the Railroads Are Doing.

There is considerable excitement at Attalla and Gadsden and generally throughout the territory effected by the Louisville and Nashville's purchase of the Rome and Decatur and the two Anniston roads, over changes and rumored changes in the managements of the various railroads entering these places. It is believed that since the Tennessee and Coosa Valley road is owned by Messrs. Shook, Hillman, Baxter and others, all of whom are closely allied to the Louisville and Nashville people, that the Tennessee and Coosa Valley will combine with the Anniston and Cincinnati, now owned by the Louisville and Nashville, and that the line will be extended to Oneonta, where connection will be had with the Birmingham Mineral. The scheme of extending the Anniston and Atlantic to the coast is also talked of. Some big developments are expected.

The deal is of quite as much importance in Alabama as it is t oGeorgia, though Atlanta, more than any other city perhaps, is most deeply concerned.

The Transportation Meeting.

The meeting of the superintendents of transportation, reported in yesterday's CONSTITUTION, left the matters under discussion in the hands of a committee, of which Mr. Cecil Gabbett, general manager of the Central, is chairman.

The railroad people have very little to say about the matter. It was hinted that the Southern Steamship and Railway association would look to closer connections, and possibly to consolidation, with other traffic associations controlling northern territory. There can be no confirmation had for this, and there is probably not the slightest foundation in it.

But it was not a meeting of southern association lines alone. The more probable status is that the system of quick transportation sought after can be effected just as well without change in the relations of the various traffic associations, and no association, as such, will be called upon to act in the matter.

The committee are to consider the plans proposed and call another meeting of the roads interested.

Not an Official Meeting.

Mr. Sol Haas, traffic manager of the associated railways of Virginia and the Carolinas; Mr. W. F. Shellman, traffic manager of the Central, and Mr. W. H. Fitzgerald, traffic manager of the East Tennessee, were in Atlanta yesterday—all West Point Terminal officials. They met for an informal discussion of Terminal traffic affairs.

To Meet in St. Augustine.

The rate committee of the Southern Railway and Steamship association will meet in St. Augustine, January 29th. One matter of interest to be discussed is the protest of Mr. J. G. Oglesby and other Atlanta merchants, that Atlanta is discriminated against in the matter of freight rates, and the changes proposed by them will be considered.

The Savannah, Americus and Montgomery.

A south Georgia paper says of the Savannah, Americus and Montgomery:

"One feature to be kept in view, is the good the Savannah, Americus and Montgomery is doing the country through which it passes. The lands, once considered almost worthless, now lease for turpentine purposes alone more than four times their whole original value, while the sales of timber far exceed these figures. Not only in a money point of view has the road benefited, but new life has been infused into the people by its business methods and its rushing spirit.

"By the 1st of April the road will be completed to Savannah, and will be among the best equipped and best managed in the south."

Beyond the Ocmulgee are the stations Copeland, Rhine, Milan, Oswald, and Erick, Alamo and Oconee—the last three being beyond the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia. Oconee is the present terminus, and there is all probability in the claim that the road will be completed to Savannah before the middle of April.

Wrightsville and Tennille.

The Wrightsville and Tennille is having some excellent work applied to its road-bed and track, commencing at Poplar Branch, north of Harrison and running towards Wrightsville. The road at this point is being straightened, and otherwise improved. The change has wrought a wonderful improvement in that part of the road. Other improvements will follow.

Under One Head.

One step has been taken towards building the Chattanooga and Augusta—the litigation concerning it has been ended. All they need now is the money for the construction, and there is no reason why this should not be forthcoming. It's a question of time. Another Georgia road, that.

The Nashville and Knoxville railroad is being pushed forward rapidly. Trains are now running over the Caney Fork bridge, and the track has been completed about eight miles beyond the river. Near the Caney Fork river there is some beautiful scenery. The passenger trains now running are doing a good business.

Chief Engineer Ellis, of the Columbia, Newberry and Laurens railroad, has commenced work on the first depot of the new road at Irmo, ten miles from Columbia, in Lexington county. It is expected trains will be running that far by the middle of February, as the big iron bridge is nearing completion, and the rails are to be laid at once on the section between Columbia and Irmo.

An effort is being made to make arrangement with Receiver Chamberlain, of the South Carolina railroad, to have the new line operated, as far as completed, by the "Old Reliable."

A New Road.

The Sandersville Mercury says: There is some prospect of a change in railroads soon, which will give Sandersville another outlet. This is the Union Point road. Sparta is taking active steps towards this new enterprise. From what we can get by grapevine telegraph, the project is to run the S. T. & X — road to Union Point via Warthen and Sparta, and stop the narrow gauge at Warthen, and make that place a junction.

It Hurts the South.

"Look here," said a railroad man yesterday; "that is a telegram from New York. People want to know whether there is really any danger of a general epidemic of yellow fever down south. Papers there are quoting Rev. Dr. Lansing Burrows, of Augusta, to the effect that he fears such a thing in consequence of the weather we are having, and using it to hurt southern travel and trade. I don't know what Mr. Burrows's idea was, but they are quoting him all over the north, and it hurts us—not only the railroads, but the south. People coming down to look about and invest are scared out of it by that publication. Such things should not be given publicity in the first place, and as soon as they are published they should be promptly corrected."

Under One Head.

Mr. Jos. Haskill, formerly of Savannah, has been appointed purchasing agent of the Central, vice Mr. Wm. H. Price, resigned.

The following tables sum up some interesting railway mail service statistics:

Year	Post offices	Length of routes (miles)	Gross revenues	Total pay of postmasters
1874.....	34,300	270,000	$ 26,500,000	$ 5,800,000
1880.....	43,000	344,000	33,300,000	7,700,000
1889.....	58,999	416,159	56,175,611	13,168,990

Stamps issued	Millions of: Stamped envelopes and wrappers	Postal cards	Money orders
1874--632	136	91	$ 74,400,000
1880--876	207	273	100,300,000
1889--1,962	453	387	115,081,845

Surveyors are again at work on the line between Columbus and Carrolton.

Work on the Charleston, Cincinnati, and Chicago route is being pushed on the division between Rutherfordton and Marion, N. C., a distance of thirty-five miles.

Bids for the construction of the Raleigh Springs road have been called for. It is eleven miles long, a Tennessee road, E. Scott, Memphis, general manager.

Work on the Kentucky Union is rapidly approaching completion. The twenty mile division from Lexington to Winchester, Ky., is practically completed, so far as the roadbed is concerned. Track-laying will be begun in a few days. The grading is nearly completed on the division from the Kentucky river east to Jackson. It is expected that the entire line will be in operation by the 1st of April.

Amongst a number of new roads projected in the neighboring south may be mentioned the Carolina Southern, incorporated by W. G. Childs, Jas. Woodson and others in Charleston, S. C.; the Cheraw and Sumter in South Carolina; Bockville and Charleston, from Rockville, on Wadmalaw island to Charleston; French Broad Valley, from Asheville, N. C., to Dover, S. C., a distance of sixty miles, bids for the work to be received January 21st; the Pittsburg and Virginia, from Pittsburg, Pa., to Lexington, Va. Of this latter company ex-Governor Fitzhugh Lee has been elected president.

Mr. H. R. Todd, general agent of the Burlington route, at 38 Wall street, was in the city yesterday.

Mrs. Scott-Siddons.

From the Boston Herald.

Tremont Temple was packed with people last night. Mrs. Scott-Siddons was the bright particular star of the evening's entertainment, and right royally did she demonstrate that she merited an honorable distinction by the excellent performance of her several selections. Mrs. Siddons is one of the most beautiful women I ever saw on the stage, and that beauty is not one whit diminished when she is away from the footlights. Her features are of that pure, cameo-like quality so seldom seen, and her skin has that delicate, opaque peculiarity also so rare. Mrs. Siddons is one of the few women of modern stature who impress me as being regally tall. That is because she carries herself so well. She is as fascinating in conversation and manner as she is lovely in appearance. Her voice is delightfully modulated, with a refined English accent that falls pleasantly upon the ear.

The most remarkable cures of scrofula on record have been accomplished by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Try it. Sold by all druggists.

Bradycrotine will cure headache, if neuralgic. Bradycrotine M'f'g Co., Macon, Ga.

New Guide to Atlanta

with new revised map, handsomely bound in cloth, only 25c, by mail 30c. For sale by John M. Miller, 31 Marietta street. tf

Coal! Wood!

We have on hand for sale the following:
75 tons white ash broken anthracite coal $8.50 per ton.
60 tons egg anthracite coal $8.50 per ton.
30 tons nut anthracite coal $8.50 per ton.
200 tons Beaver Creek Jump coal $4.50 per ton.
300 tons Jellico lump coal coal $4.50 per ton.
300 cords wood at reduced prices.
36 N. Broad street. Telephone 904.
97 W. Peters street. Telephone 527.
jan18-dtf JACOB HAAS, Cashier.

NOTICE.

Young Men's Real Estate Investment Company.

A meeting of the Young Men's Real Estate Investment company is hereby called to meet at Chamber of Commerce, Friday, January 17th, at 7:30 p. m., for organization and election of officers. Subscribers to shares and the public are requested to attend. GEO. W. SCIPLE.

Fine Havana Cigars

We have lately increased our facilities and are prepared to supply the constantly growing demand of our fine Havana cigars. Both our large Coronas and the small size Coronas challenge the finest brands imported from Cuba.

Smokers should bear in mind distinctly that no fine Havana cigar is fit to smoke unless it is made by hand. Having an experience of twenty years in the business we can say the Spanish method of making cigars by hand is perfect; in fact, it is an art in the highest sense of the word.

In making recently our annual purchase of Havana leaf tobacco, we took particular pains to seclect just such qualities of leaf suited especially for this market, namely: a thin silky leaf; rich in color, not too light or too dark; mild and sweet in taste, coupled with that brilliancy of fragrance which is an exclusive property of the very best Cuban leaf tobacco. There is nothing bitter about this genuine Vuelta Ahaja leaf; it has not the slighest touch of rankness, and mark well, it does not make you dry in the throat neither does it bite your tongue when you smoke it.

Our cigars are for sale in all first-class drug stores, cigar stores, saloons and restaurants and the trade is supplied from the factory at No 2 Edgewood avenue, corner Peachtree street, by A. L. CUESTA.
dec 22—6m su t sun tues fri

Southern Home

Building and Loan Association, 32 1-2 S. Broad street. Call and get pamphlet giving full information. j8-tf

GREAT DANGER.

They Should Be Avoided—A Few Points in Regard to Them.

When the Creator in His wrath (or for His glory?) saw fit to expel His first creation, His own image, from the garden of Eden, He placed on them the curse of disease and death. In after generations He visited His chosen people with many "plagues for their disobedience," but of all the many ills He inflicted upon his fallen creation none are more painful, more loathsome, or more terrible in its effects than fistula in ano; fearful in its ravages and dangerous to life, robbing one of all the pleasures of living. But, as in all other afflictions, He has given a remedy; science in its primitive state was unable to utilize the remedy without causing most intense suffering, and oftentimes leaving the victim in a condition much worse than at first. It was left for the progressive physicians of the present age to offer you a pleasant cure for this most unpleasant disease. You need no longer fear the "knife," with all its pain and dangers, for it is unnecessary. I have laid aside all harsh means and treat you by a rational treatment that when properly applied for a sufficient time will cure you. Have you fistula? If so, it is unnecessary to ask you if you wish to be cured of it. But do you wish to avoid the intense pain of a severe operation, or are you wedded to the old belief that you cannot be cured without the crude and painful means formerly employed? If you are, I have nothing to offer you. If you are not, I offer you the very latest that science can give you. I have cured many by this rational method, and I offer the same to you confidently, promising you satisfactory results. Many ladies are afflicted with fistula. To all I say, do not let your timidity prevent you from availing yourself of this opportunity to obtain a cure. My arrangement for privacy are all you could wish. Promising to verify all my claims. Respectfully, DR. R. G. JACKSON,
40½ Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.
sun wed fri no 3.

A WONDERFUL CLOCK.

The famous Columbus clock has reached our city, and will be exhibited on Whitehall street.

The great clock stands eighteen feet in height and operates one hundred mechanical life-like moving figures that act as though they lived and breathed. It was carved out with a pen knife, the result of eight years of incessant toil, and affords an unusual entertainment, showing not only the battles of America, but Washington walks right out of the great clock, the signing of the declaration of independence takes place, the old continental bell ringer tolls, the liberty bell, etc. Besides all the scenes of the Strasburg clock, occur the movements of our entire solar system are shown, and many other phenomena. The clock was made by J. C. Tauber, an American, who has exhibited it to over four million of people.

Tickets for the Mrs. Scott-Siddons Dramatic Rehearsal are now on sale at advertised places. A limited number of reserved seats. No extra charge. See amusement column.

ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT-LINE.

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD CO

The most direct and best route to Montgomery, New Orleans, Texas and the Southwest.
The following schedule in effect Dec. 22, 1889:

SOUTHBOUND.	No. 50 Daily	No. 52 Daily	No 56 daily except Sunday.
Leave Atlanta.....	1 25 pm	9 50 pm	3 35 pm
Arrive Newnan.....	2 53 pm	11 08 pm	5 20 pm
" Lagrange.....	4 01 pm	12 03 am	6 34 pm
" West Point...	4 34 pm	12 30 am	7 05 pm
" Opelika.....	5 14 pm	1 05 am	.....
Arrive Columbus.....	6 25 pm	6 25 am	.....
Arrive Montgomery..	7 20 pm	3 00 am	.....
Arrive Pensacola.....	1 25 am	9 15 am	.....
Arrive Mobile.....	2 10 am	8 10 am	.....
Arrive New Orleans..	7 00 am	12 40 pm	.....
Arrive Houston, Tex.	2 20 am	9 00 am	.....
TO SELMA, VICKSBURG AND SHREVEPORT.			
Leave Montgomery...	7 40 pm	7 35 am	.....
Arrive Selma.....	9 20 pm	9 15 am	.....

NORTHBOUND.	No. 51 Daily	No. 53 Daily.	No. 57 daily except Sunday.
Leave New Orleans...	8 15 pm	3 05 pm	.....
" Mobile.....	1 05 am	7 37 pm	.....
" Pensacola.....	10 10 pm	11 45 am	.....
Arrive Montgomery..	7 30 am	12 52 am	.....
Leave.....	.....	.....	.....
" Selma.....	5 50 am	4 45 pm	.....
" Montgomery...	7 50 am	1 10 am	.....
" Columbus.....	7 45 am	.....	.....
" Opelika.....	10 15 am	3 08 am	.....
" West Point....	11 05 am	3 49 am	6 00 am
" LaGrange.....	11 36 am	4 16 am	6 31 am
" Newnan.....	12 50 pm	5 20 am	7 40 am
Arrive Atlanta.....	2 10 pm	6 50 am	9 15 am

Train 50 carries Pullman Buffet sleeping cars between New York and Atlanta, and Pullman Buffet sleeping cars between Atlanta and New Orleans. Train 51 carries Pullman Buffet car between New Orleans and Atlanta, and Atlanta and New York. Trains 52 and 53 carry Pulman Buffet sleeping car between Washington and New Orleans.

E. L. TYLER, Gen'l Manager. CHAS. H. CROMWELL, Gen'l Pass. Ag't.
JOHN A. GEE, District Pass. Agent.

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Also has in stock a fine assortment of Gibson's, McBrayer and Atherton Rye and Bourbon Whisky for medicinal and family use; also imported Otard, Hennesy and Martell Brandies, Sherries, Ports, Claret Wine and Champagnes. A large line of best California Dry and Sweet Wines in wood and bottle.

Sweet Mash Country Corn Whisky a specialty.
Sole agent for the celebrated Original Budweiser beer.

P. J. KENNY,

40 Decatur St.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
sep28—d1y 7p

TO THE SUPERIOR COURT OF FULTON County: The petition of Horace Bumstead, Richard R. Wright, M. E. Strieby, E. J. Penney, C. W. Francis, Thomas N. Chase, W. J. White, Dana Sherrill, A. F. Beard, C. L. Woodworth, Joseph E. Smith and Stanley E. Lathrop respectfully represents as follows: On the 16th day of October, 1867, the trustees of the Atlanta university were incorporated by an order of the superior court of Fulton county, which is as follows:

Fulton Superior Court—October Term, 1867.—George Whipple, Edward P. Smith, E. M. Cravath, James Atkins, J. B. Fuller, Wm. Jennings, John A. Rockwell, Joseph Wood, Edmund A. Ware, James L. Dunning and Frederick Ayer, a majority of whom reside in said county, having petitioned this court, praying to be incorporated and made a body politic and corporate, under the name and title of "The Trustees of the Atlanta University," and publication having been made, as by law required, and there appearing no objection thereto, it is ordered and adjudged that said parties, together with sbch other parties as now are, or may hereafter, be associated with them, be, and they are hereby incorporated, to be located in or near the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, state of Georgia, for the purpose following:

Section 1. Said corporation shall be vested with the right to purchase, hold and dispose of real estate, and to transact, in accordance with the laws of Georgia, all the business necessary for, and appropriate to, the establishment and management of an institution for the liberal and Christian education of youth, with the right to employ such amount of capital stock as they may see fit, not to exceed two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and for and during the term of twenty years, with perpetual succession, in deed and in law, to all intents and purposes whatsoever, by the name and title of the "Trustees of the Atlanta University," by which name and title they and their successors shall be competent at law and in equity to take to themselves and their successors for the use of said university, any estate whatsoever in any messuage, lands, tenaments, hereditaments, goods, chattels, monies and other effects by gift, demise, grant, donation, bargain, sale, conveyance, assurance or will; and the same to grant, give, bargain, sell, transfer, assign, convey, assure, demise, declare to use, and farm, let, and to place out on interest for the use of said university in such manner as to them shall be deemed most beneficial to said institution, and to secure the same, their rents, issues, profits, increase and interests, and to apply the same for the purpose, use and benefit of said university and by the same name to sue and be sued to implead and be impleaded in any courts of law and equity in all manner of suits, actions and proceedings, whatsoever, and generally by, and in the same name to do and transact all and every the business touching, or concerning the premises. Provided, that the same do not exceed the value of fifty thousand dollars net annual income over and above and exclusive of the receipts for the education and support of the students of said university.

Sec. 2. Said trustees shall be empowered to call a meeting at such time and place as a majority may appoint, to elect a president, secretary, and treasurer, the treasurer to give such bonds as the board of trustees may direct, also to appoint such other offices as agents or employes as the events of the university may from time to time demand, in all cases fixing their compensation. All meetings of said board to be called in such manner as the trustees shall prescribe, and seven of them so assembled, shall constitute a quorum to do business, a less number to adjourn from time to time.

Sec. 3. Said board of trustees to have perpetual succession in deed and in law, and to adopt a common seal, which they may alter at pleasure, under and by which all deeds, diplomas, and acts of the university shall pass and be authenticated.

Sec. 4. Said univessity may consist of the following departments, and such others, as the board of trustees may establish, normal, collegiate, theological, legal, medical and agricultural.

Sec. 5. The immediate government of the several departments shall be entrusted to their respective faculties, but the trustees shall regulate the course of instruction, prescribe, with the advice of the professors, the necessary text hooks, confer such degrees and grant such diplomas as are usually conferred and granted by other universities.

Sec. 6. The board of trustees shall have the power to fill all vacancies that may occur and to remove any professor or tutor or other officer connected with the institution, when in their judgment the interests of the university shall require it; they shall have the same power to fill all vacancies in their own board, as well as to remove any trustee when they deem the interest of the university shall require it, but that no trustee shall be removed without the concurrence of two-thirds of the whole board.

Sec. 7. The board of trustees shall publish an annual report making an exhibit of the affairs of the university.

Sec. 8. No misnomer of said corporation shall defeat or annul any donation, gift, grant or bequest to or from said corporation.

Sec 9. Said board of trustees shall have full power to make all by-laws and regulations whatsoever, that they may deem necessary to the government of the university, not inconsistent with the laws of the state and of the United States, and shall also have power to change, modify or repeal any of same by-laws from time to time as they may deem the interest of the university requires.

Sec. 10. The individual members of said corporation shall be liable, as is provided for by their paragraph of the sixteen hundred and twenty-ninth section of the code of Georgia.

JOHN COLLIER, Judge,
Superior court, C. C.

Afterwards, on the 28th day of April, 1871, said charter was amended so as to give power to said trustees, or a majority of them, to increase their number to twenty-five.

The corporation thus created, established and conducted the Atlanta university for educational purposes until the expiration of the charter, which occurred in October, 1887. At the date of the expiration of the charter, the p etitioners were trustees of the corporation.

Petitioners pray that an order may be passed making them a body corporate for the purposes aforesaid, and reviving said corporation, and that as revived, it shall stand clothed with all the power, and possessed of all the rights, and be subject to all the debts, liabilities and burthens of the old corporation which is revived in it. This January 10th, 1890. JOHN L. HOPKINS & SON,
Petitioners attorneys.

Filed in office this January 13th, 1890.
G. H. TANNER, C. S. C.

State of Georgia, Fulton county—A true and correct copy as appears of record in this office. This January 14th, 1890. G. H. TANNER,
Clerk Superior Court.

Jan 18—d 5t tues

CLOTHING.

I Have Just Finished Taking Stock and Have a Great Many

ODD PANTS LEFT FROM SUITS.

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Monogram Rye, Finches's Golden Wedding, McBrayer, Westmoreland Club. Full line of Champagnes. Fine Wines, etc. Send for Price List. Country orders solicited. Postoffice box 201. SOUTH PRYOR STREET. sep17—d6m un Joe Thom

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BY THE JUDGES OF THE PIEDMONT EXPOSITION,

To which fact we point with just pride. With vastly increased facilities and best improvements we are prepared to supply the increasing demand for our justly celebrated Lager Beer, brewed by our company, put up in kegs, bottles of half pints, pints and quarts, delivered to any part of the city or shipped to any point in Georgia and the south.

Best Canadian Malt, choice Bohemian, Bavarian and California Hops only are used for the manufacture of our Beer, and which are free for inspection to all at our brewery, corner Harris street and Courtland avenue.

Orders taken and promptly filled at No. 8. West Wall street. Telephone 1249.
We solicit the patronage of the trade throughout the south.

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D. S. Goldsmith & Co., Corner Whitehall and Garnett.
C. D. Jones, 26 Whitehall.
R. L. Palmer, Kimball House.
Smith & Hightower, 102 Whitehall.
Peacock & Legge, cor. Pryor and Decatur.
Sharp Bros., Marietta Street.
Stoney, Gregory & Co., Peachtree and Decatur.
L. R. Bratton, cor. Peachtree and Forsyth.

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In our show-room at prices that cannot be beaten. A full line of

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In Birch, Oak, Cherry, Ash, Walnut, Mahogany, Sycamore and Bird's Eye Maple. We carry an assortment of

OVER 100 MANTELS IN STOCK!

200 sets of Tile Hearths and Facings for Mantels. All kinds of Plain and Fancy Grates, Brass Goods and Fire-Place Goods. Call and see our $18 HARD WOOD MANTEL with Square Grate, Tile Hearth and Tile Facing complete. Write for prices.

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$6,000 for 727 acres fronting the Air-Line railroad 612 feet, and is just at the head of Ponce de Leon circle, overlooking the exposition grounds and but a short distance from the electric car line on Virginia avenue. It lies well and can be admirably subdivided. Terms liberal, and you can sell it at a handsome profit before making a second payment. Money in this.

$5,000 for beautiful, high and shaded lot, 160x325 feet, one-half block from Peachtree street, and in the midst of where all the most valuable improvements will be made this spring. Liberal terms.

$11,000 for choice central 2-story, 10-room Peachtree residence this side of the Hill monument; lot 50x200 feet, with side alley.

$2,500 for elevated lot, 115x159 feet; very near Edgewood avenue, in excellent neighborhood and overlooking the city. Several very large oak trees on it.

$4,000 for 4 acres on main Peachtree road, at its junction with West Peachtree street. Lies well.

$3,000 for 20 acres on Howell mill road, just beyond the Foster property. Covered with beautiful oak grove.

$9,500 for 67 feet on east side of Pryor street, adjoining the engine house, and running back along a 15 foot alley 100 feet. The best thing in central vacant property on the market.

20 elegant lots, two fronting the Decatur wagon road and the Georgia railroad, each 82½x300 feet, and eighteen, each 100x165 feet, all high, level, beautiful, with east front, in charming neighborhood—all for $6,500; half cash, remainder in one, two and three years, with eight per cent interest. They are directly in front and south of the "Hopkins syndicate property," and between the Edgewood depot and Mason's crossing. Come and see us now.

$6,000 for the handsomest lot on West Peachtree. It is 87x200 feet; is on top of the hill, fronts east, and has belgian blocks, water, gas, electric light and sewer in front of it, and the electric car line is half block distant; lies high and level, and has on it moderate improvements, renting for $18 a month. The vacant ground is cheap at $75 per front foot. Terms one-third cash, balance 6, 12, 18 and 24 months, 8 per cent interest.

$5,250 will buy 41 large, high and shady lots on Pryor and other streets; very convenient to glass works and in less than five minutes' walk of the dummy line. A rare chance for speculation in buying now and selling at auction in the spring. Very liberal terms.

$3,200 for new 5-room cottage on corner lot on Crew street: two car lines within a block; no better neighborhood in the city. Must be sold by January 1st. Owned by non-residents who need the money. Come quick.

Inman park lots are on our books for sale, and we would be pleased to show them to all who wish a home in this beautiful suburb.

$2,500 for choice cottage home in West End, just half block from Gordon street and car line, and in excellent locality and neighborhood. House new, 6 rooms, wide hall and veranda; all nicely finished. Lot 60x270 feet; one of the neatest homes in West End. Terms will be made very liberal—a small cash payment monthly, or will exchange for property on the North Side.

$1,200 for 24 acres on the Georgia railroad, just 7 miles from the city and 1 mile below Decatur. Trains stop at the place. All lies well, and the Decatur wagon road cuts it in two, thus making two road fronts and a front on the railroad. Small improvements on the place that rent well. Excellent neighborhood. A good bargain.

$5,500 for a very desirable Capitol avenue home on beautiful lot 66x210 feet. House has 5 rooms, all nicely papered and finished, bath-room, water and gas. This is one of the finest locations on the street, and is offered low and on very easy payments, or will exchange for vacant or improved place closer in. Act promptly and you can secure a bargain in this place.

$8,000 on liberal terms for a Peachtree corner lot, 100x200 feet; east front on car line, this side Bleckley street.

6-r Whitehall street residence, new, modern, water, gas, lot 55x160 feet, on car line, $5,500.

New, 2-story, 10-r brick residence, complete, water, gas, chandeliers, papered, street and walks paved, neighborhood first-class, elevated lot, side and rear alley, 150 feet from West Peachtree, $6,000.

LADIES USE PEERLESS DYES

Do Your Own Dyeing, at Home.

They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c. a package. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Package or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading Qualities. They do not crock or smut; 40 colors. For sale by Bradfield & Ware, druggists, 26 Whitehall street; Sharp Bros., druggists and apothecaries, 202 Marietta st.; M. B. Avary & Co., druggists; Schumann's pharmacy, 63 Whitehall and 17 Hunter sts.; L. Vance, Napoleon, Ga.; J. H. Corn, Visage, Ga.; Lennox Emerson, Mountain Scene, Ga.; Roberts & Holbrook, Ball Ground, Ga.

G Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to stricture. Sold by druggists, or sent by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, O. Big G has given universal satisfaction in the cure of Gonorrhœa or Gleet. I prescribe it and feel safe in recommending it to all sufferers. A. J. STONER, M.D., Decatur, Ga. PRICE, $1.00. Sold by Druggists.

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UNTIL 12 M., FRIDAY, JANUARY 17th, I will receive bids for the entire stock of J. A. JACOBUS, 148 DECATUR STREET, consisting of

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BROWN AND BLACKBURN.

THE SENATOR CONFORMS TO THE WISH OF HIS DEAD FRIEND

That He Should Write His Biography—The Story of an Eventful Life, with the Comments of Senator Brown.

ATLANTA, Ga., January 16, 1890.—Editors Constitution: I was very deeply pained some days since to learn from your columns and otherwise of the death of my almost life-long friend, Dr. J. C. C. Blackburn.

This distinguished native-born citizen of Georgia has resided, at different periods of his life, in different parts of the state, and he has been distinguished above most men in the successful practice of his profession as a physician, and in his successful career as a writer of political essays for magazines, etc.

I have been fortunate enough to lay my hands upon a short sketch of the life of this good and great man, which was prepared by himself and left with his family some years ago. Of course, it is brief, succinct; but at the same time it is correct, because it comes from one who knew the facts, and it shows Dr. Blackburn to have been one of the most useful and distinguished of Georgia's sons. I am glad he was born in Georgia, and that he has done so much for the state of his nativity and for her people. I do not know any better service I could render than to ask you in this connection to publish the doctor's autobiography, to which I have referred. It is short, pointed, terse and accurate, and presents to the young men of Georgia a character well worthy their imitation, and to the people of Georgia a biography of usefulness for which they may well be grateful.

Of course Dr. Blackburn did not expect that I would publish this biography, as written by himself. If I knew how to say something else in the place of what he has said, and could say it as well as he has said it, I would do so; but, in view of the facts of the case, I feel that I can do nothing better than to publish what he has already written, with a few comments upon the life and character of this distinguished citizen, whose death I sincerely mourn.

In 1884, the doctor, referring to his own life, prepared and left with his wife, one of the best of women, who was his companion in life, the following sketch:

DR. BLACKBURN'S AUTOBIOGRAPHY.

"Being in exceptionally bad health, I proceed below to give an epitome of my life, since March, 1884, for two reasons. One, that my own birth to children may have from their father an exact history of some of his most eventful life, for future use, if necessary—the other, to correct a few errors in the short sketch written of me several years ago, and published in the Darien Timber Gazette, by my kind friend, Brother Grubb, and which account bad health prevented me from correcting at the time:

"I was born in Jones county, Ga., November 29th, 1823. My father, Dr. John L. Blackburn, was born in Newbury district, South Carolina, in 1787, of Scotch parents, who came to this country prior to the revolutionary war. My grandfather, Captain John Blackburn, was an officer in General Marion's command, and drew his pension until his death, which occurred in 1855 in Perry county, Alabama, at the extreme age of 105 years. My father, after finishing his medical education, emigrated to Jones county, Ga., in 1817, riding a horse all the way, and bringing with him his entire fortune, which, besides the horse, saddle and bridle, was his clothing, which he brought in a pair of saddle-bags, and $16 in money, leaving a debt due his brother of $50. He began the practice of medicine in Jones county, and had Dr. Tomlinson Fort and B. A. White, of Milledgeville; Henry and Joel Branham, of Eatonton; Hamilton, of Clinton and Barber and Gormon, of Macon, his rivals. They were of wealthy and influential families, while my father was poor and—unknown. He married my mother in 1818, who was the daughter of Rev. Benjamin Milner, a noted Baptist minister, and contemporary with Rev. Jesse Mercer, Ben Mosely, Baker and others. My father rapidly gained a large practice and great medical reputation, as well as amassed property. He was a Jeffersonian democrat, and was twice elected to the legislature from Jones county, with Joseph Day and Robert Hutch. His colleagues in the legislature were, Forsyth, Berrien, McDonald, Schley, Gilmer and others. He removed to Zebulon, Pike county, Georgia, in 1828, having had farming interests in the county before moving. He practiced his profession in that county until 1839, when he removed to Harris county, where he also had farming interests, living there until 1850, when he removed to Flat Shoals, on Flint river, in Meriwether county, living there until his death in 1856. He represented Pike county four or five times in the legislature, and I often heard him state that he left the county to keep out of politics, there being no earthly chance for a democrat in Harris county, with its 400 whig majority.

I was educated at Emory college. Hon. L. Q. C. Lamar, J. J. Jones, Thomas Hardeman, R. J. Harper and others, being my college mates. I read medicine and began the practice in Harris county, in 1846, located in Barnesville, Ga., in 1847, where I met and married my wife, Francis A. Holmes, daughter of a reputable farmer, Josiah Holmes. I practiced medicine in that town, first and last, about twenty years. I located in Lumpkin, Ga., in 1856, and began the publication of the Palladium, the first democratic paper published in that town; was a delegate to the state convention of 1857-1859, and aided in giving that good governor, Joseph E. Brown, to the state. My friendship for him began in 1857, and has been warm and sincere ever since. Having been elected to a professorship in Oglethorpe medical college, at Savannah, I sold out the Palladium, and brought my family back to Barnesville. I held the chair until the suspension of the college during the late war. While connected with that college, I was associated with Dr. H. L. Byrd, of the Oglethorpe Medical and Surgical Journal. I was appointed twice or three times surgeon of the state troops, by Governor Brown, was his aid-de-camp during the last two years of his term. During the last year of the war I held the anomalous position of commander of the post at Barnesville, reporting to General Cobb. After the war, broken down in health, and having lost all my property, consisting of fifty-three slaves and $30,000 confederate bonds, and having five little children to raise and educate, I accepted the presidency of Bunker Hill, Illinois, Female institute, one of the first institutions of learning of the west, tendered me by an old medical fellow student. I remained there until 1872, having graduated my only daughter with the highest honors of her class, and returned to my old home in Barnesville. My two oldest boys, in the meantime, had been tolerably well educated by their most excellent mother and myself. I bought the Barnesville Patriot and again began editorial life. Finding that two papers could not flourish in so small a town, I sold the Patriot to the Gazette, and, with my second son, B. M. Blackburn, purchased the Madisonian, which I still edit. (He edited this paper until October, 1888, when he came to Atlanta.) I need not say that I was born a democrat and shall die a democrat, and although I have battled for the party all my life, I have never asked or received office at its hands. I have been severely criticized for my unwavering friendship for Senator Brown. I began to love him in 1857 and love him yet. As to my ability as a writer, political, medical and miscellaneous, I leave those who have read my productions to judge. I have often thought that there was only one man that I wished to write my obituary, and still obtain to that opinion. That man is my personal and political friend, Georgia's distinguished senior senator, Joseph E. Brown."

J. C. C. BLACKBURN.

March, 1884.

My personal knowledge of Dr. Blackburn commenced, I think, in 1857. I was at once struck with his marked good sense and his remarkable characteristics of friendship and fidelity. As a writer, I saw he excelled in his profession. As an editor, he afterwards showed great ability, and as a friend, when he had once professed friendship, few men were his equal. If you did him a favor, he was one of the most grateful of men; if you neglected him more than you ought, he was one of the most forgiving. No man could say ought in disparagment of his character or his ability, fidelity, gratitude or personal kindness.

Dr. Blackburn spent a long life of usefulness in Georgia. He lived at different times in different sections of the state, where he so conducted himself as to make the people of each section his almost universal friends, doing for them innumerable acts of kindness, and enlisting their warmest regards and deepest gratitude. He was essentially a man of the people, and his life was spent in acts calculated to advance the interests of the people. While he was tolerant and kind to all men of all denominations and parties, his life was spent in the service of the democratic party, and the service rendered to that party by Dr. Blackburn was such as has been rendered by few men. He wielded a powerful pen, and without asking official promotion or reward, he did great service for the party with which he conscientiously acted. Men of the greatest ability and most elevated character were Dr. Blackburn's associates and his bosom friends and confidants. He was a communicant of the Episcopal church, and died resigned to the will of his Maker.

I cannot undertake to say all that gratitude and fidelity to friendship would require me to say, in this sketch, on the character of one of the warmest friends I ever possessed, and one of the truest men I ever knew. But let me here add that his fidelity to principle, to uprightness of character, to manliness and all that tended to make a citizen of high rank, was combined in this man, who was one of the kindest, truest and best of his race.

JOSEPH E. BROWN.

FLORIDA' PHOSPHATE DISCOVERIES

The Part Some Atlanta Men Have Taken in the Splendid Developments.

The enterprise and foresight of a few Atlanta business men has secured for themselves and for the community, an immeuse amount of wealth, which might otherwise have been diverted to other cities, and even to other statec.

Colonel George W. Scott was the first man in Georgia to realize the importance of the discoveries of phosphate deposits made in the bed of Peace river, Florida, by Mr. J. Francis Le Barron, the U. S. engineer. He was with one of the first parties of prospectors who visited the river, and was also one of the original incorporators of the Peace River Phosphate company.

A misunderetanding among the owners or the property prevented any important work being done, and Colonel Scott sold out most of his interest. He was later, mainly instrumental in the foundation of the De Soto Phosphate Mining company, of which he was elected president. It was organized in May, 1889. The board of directors is composed of G. B. Scott, C. M. Candler, Thomas L. Cooper and M. A. Candler, Jr. At that time the company owned only about 700 acres of land on the river but since July, 1889, it has bought and now owns about thirty-six miles of the river between Fort Meade and the mouth of Big Charlie, and have on these lands many fine deposits. It has erected a very complete plant on the river bank where the Florida Southern crosses about a mile north of Zolfo, and has built about its works quite a village for its employes. It has also bored one of the best artesian wells in south Florida, from which an abundant supply of pure artesian water is obtained for domestic use by its employes.

This company's works consist of storage bins, capable of holding 1,500 tons of phosphate, and most complete drying kilns, machine shops, etc. It has had in operation since November 25, 1889, a steam dredge boat and a centrifugal dredge for removing the gravel from the river, and uses for transporting it to the works seven barges, and it is now constructing several more. It has also en route from New York a second and larger dredge, and will at once commence the construction of a second steam dredge boat and a steam tug for towing purposes. At present these barges are towed by mules over about three miles of towpath, graded and built along the river banks.

The main object in the organization of this company by Colonel Scott was to obtain a certain supply of high grade phosphates for his fertilizer factory at Atlanta, and the company is under contract to supply him with at least 10,000 tons per annum.

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Robt. Ward, Maxey, Ga., writes: "My disease was pronounced a tertiary form of blood poison. My face, head and shoulders were a mass of corruption, and finally the disease began eating my skull bones. My bones ached; my kidneys were deranged, I lost flesh and strength, and life became a burden. All said I must surely die, but nevertheless, when I had used ten bottles of B. B. B. I was pronounced well. Hundred of scars can now be seen on me. I have now been well ove twelve months." 1w

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Mrs. L. A. Stark, Nashua, N. H., writes: "One year ago I was taken ill with rheumatism, being confined to my house six months. I came out of the sickness very much debilitated, with no appetite, and my system disordered in every way. I commenced to use Ayer's Sarsaparilla and began to improve at once, gaining in strength and soon recovering my usual health. I cannot say too much in praise of this well-known medicine."

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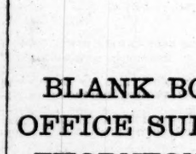
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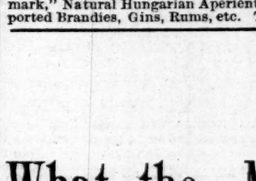
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